A CHRONOLOGY OF BIBLICAL CHRISTIANITY

by Dr. R.C. Wetzel

Prophecy Insights Ministries www.prophecyinsights.org
Lawton, OK © 2022

A

CHRONOLOGY

OF

BIBLICAL

CHRISTIANITY

Dr. R. C. Wetzel

AUTHOR'S APOLOGY

The following chronology is an accumulation of research done off and on for the past thirty years. It began with the simple idea of trying to put a date on the major events set forth in the Bible so that a person can get a general birds-eye view of those events in their relation one to another.

Then another idea was incorporated of showing "secular" events that happened at the same time as the "Biblical" events, so the reader can associate these events. Sometimes events in the "Biblical" world had an impact on the "secular" world, and vice-versa.

By the time I finished Revelation, I was already entering the "AD" period and figured, "Why stop now?" So I continued to follow Christianity in its growth and development, in the same format.

This is not intended by any means to be an exhaustive account: who can compile a 6,000 year history of humanity into 200+ pages? Nor will I guarantee the accuracy of the dates used. Even the best authorities disagree on some of the dates of those ancient happenings.

But, whether this is used for study or research, or read through as a novel, it will give a discerning person an idea of what it is all about. One can see God's plan, and God's hand, as He works out His divine purpose for mankind. I have simply called it "A Chronology of Biblical Christianity" for lack of a better name. It comes to you with a prayer that God will use it to His glory in your life.

R. C. WETZEL

A CHRONOLOGY OF BIBLICAL CHRISTIANITY

B.C.	
4004	Archbishop JAMES USSHER'S 1654 date of the Creation of Man.
3975	FRANK KLASSEN'S 1975 date of the Creation of Man.
3845	SETH was born to ADAM.
3760	Traditional Jewish date of the Creation of Man.
3740	ENOS was born to SETH.
3650	CAINAN was born to ENOS.
3600	Sumerian city-states were in existence.
3580	MAHALALEEL was born to CAINAN.
3515	JARED was born to MAHALALEEL.
3500	Cuneiform writing system was developed by the Sumerians.
3378	The SED Festivals had their origin in Egypt.
3353	ENOCH was born to JARED.
3300	MENES united Upper Egypt and Lower Egypt.
3288	METHUSELAH was born to ENOCH.
3101	LAMECH was born to METHUSELAH.
3100	BARAT founded the first Phoenician dynasty. The first Egyptian dynasty was founded.
3045	ADAM died at age 930.
2988	ENOCH was translated at age 365.
2933	SETH died at age 912.
2919	NOAH was born to LAMECH.
2890	The second Egyptian dynasty was founded by HETEP.

- 2835 ENOS died at age 905. 2740 CAINAN died at age 910. 2686 The third Egyptian dynasty was founded by NEBKA. 2685 MAHALALEEL died at age 895. 2613 The fourth Egyptian dynasty was founded by SNEFERU. 2589 CHEOPS (KHUFU) ruled Egypt for 23 years. 2570 The Great Pyramid of CHEOPS was built at Gizeh in Egypt. 2553 JARED died at age 962. 2500 The Hurrians, originating in Armenia, moved into the Near Eastern area, settling in the Euphrates Valley. 2494 The fifth Egyptian dynasty was founded by USERKAF. 2439 GOD determined to destroy man in his 1,536th year. 2425 The cult of OSIRIS spread over Egypt. 2419 JAPHETH was born to NOAH. 2417 SHEM was born to NOAH. 2416 HAM was born to NOAH. 2400 Babylon was ruled by SUMU-ABI. 2344 The Hebrew date of the Deluge, as well as the Chinese date in their "Epoch of Fu-Hi", the Babylonian and Egyptian records. 2341 The sixth Egyptian dynasty was founded by TETI. 2324 LAMECH died at age 777. 2319 METHUSELAH died at age 969. The Flood came in the 1,656th year of man.
- 2318 NOAH vacated the ark after 1 year and 10 days.
- 2317 ARPHAXAD was born to SHEM.
- 2286 China was ruled by Emperor YAOU.

2285 Babylon was invaded by KUDUR-NANKHUNDI of Elam. 2282 SALAH was born to ARPHAXAD. 2267 The city of Tyre was built. 2264 The Akkadian Empire was founded by SARGON of Agade. 2252 EBER was born to SALAH. 2250 Babylon was ruled for 55 years by HAMMURABI I. 2218 PELEG was born to EBER. 2208 The Confusion of Tongues at the Tower of Babel. 2188 REU was born to PELEG. 2181 The seventh Egyptian dynasty was founded by NEFERKARE the Younger. 2180 The Semitic empire of Akkad was overcome by the Guti invasion. 2173 The eighth Egyptian dynasty was founded by WADJKARE PEPYSONBE. 2160 The ninth Egyptian dynasty was founded. 2156 SERUG was born to REU. 2133 The tenth Egyptian dynasty was founded. 2130 The eleventh Egyptian dynasty was founded by MENTUHOTEP. 2126 NAHOR was born to SERUG. 2097 TERAH was born to NAHOR. 2060 The third dynasty of Ur was founded. 2020 Mari became independent from Ur 1991 The twelfth Egyptian dynasty was founded by AMMENEMES I. 1979 PELEG died at age 239.

1978

NAHOR died at age 148.

1969	NOAH died at age 950.
1967	ABRAM was born to TERAH.
1957	SARAH was born to TERAH.
1949	REU died at age 239
1927	TERAH moved from Ur to Haran.
1926	SERUG died at age 230.
1900	"JOB", the oldest book of the Bible, was written, probably by JOB. Jewish tradition attributes it to MOSES. Some believe it was written much later, 595-588 B.C.
1892	TERAH died at age 205. ABRAM left Haran and entered Canaan.
1891	ABRAM dwelt in Egypt.
1889	ABRAM and LOT separated one from the other.
1884	LOT was captured but was rescued by ABRAM.
1883	GOD made a covenant with ABRAM.
1881	ISHMAEL was born to ABRAM and HAGAR.
1879	ARPHAXAD died at age 438.
1868	ABRAM'S name was changed to ABRAHAM. Sodom and Gomorrah were destroyed and the Dead Sea was formed.
1867	ISAAC was born to ABRAHAM and SARAH.
1850	Ashkelon rebelled against Egypt.
1849	SALAH died at age 433.
1830	SARAH died at age 127.
1829	ABRAHAM showed his willingness to sacrifice ISAAC.
1827	ISAAC married REBEKAH. ABRAHAM married KETURAH.
1820	SHAMSHI-ADAD of Assyria built the Temple of ANU at Asshur.

- **1817** SHEM died at age 600.
- **1807** ESAU and JACOB were born to ISAAC and REBEKAH.
- **1792** ABRAHAM died at age 175. *HAMMURABI II ruled Babylon*.
- **1788** EBER died at age 464.
- **1786** *The thirteenth and fourteenth dynasties were founded in Egypt.*
- **1775** ESAU sold his birthright to JACOB. ISAAC went to Gerar.
- 1765 HAMMURABI II conquered Mari.
- 1750 Babylon was overrun by Kasshu barbarians from Elam/Media for 576 years.
- **1744** ISHMAEL died at age 137.
- **1740** The Old Kingdom of the Hittite kings began.
- 1730 JACOB went to Padanaram. The Hyksos entered Egypt from Asia.
- JACOB married LEAH and RACHEL. REUBEN was born to JACOB by LEAH.
- 1722 SIMEON was born to JACOB by LEAH.
- **1721** LEVI was born to JACOB by LEAH.
- JUDAH was born to JACOB by LEAH. DAN was born to JACOB by BILHAH.
- 1719 NAPHTALI was born to JACOB by BILHAH. GAD was born to JACOB by ZILPAH.
- 1718 ASHER was born to JACOB by ZILPAH. ISSACHAR was born to JACOB by LEAH.
- **1717** ZEBULUN was born to JACOB by LEAH.
- 1716 DINAH was born to JACOB by LEAH. JOSEPH was born to JACOB by RACHEL.

- 1710 BENJAMIN was born to JACOB by RACHEL. RACHEL died at Bethlehem. JACOB returned to Hebron. JACOB'S name was changed to ISRAEL. 1700 HAMMURABI III ruled Babylon. BELU-BANI founded the Early Assyrian Kingdom. 1699 JOSEPH was sold into Egyptian slavery by his brothers. 1696 PHAREZ and ZARAH were born to JUDAH by TAMAR. 1690 KOHATH was born to LEVI. Assyria was ruled by LIBAIA. 1688 JOSEPH interpreted the baker's and the butler's dreams while in prison. 1687 ISAAC died at age 180. SHECHEM defiled DINAH. 1686 JOSEPH became ruler in Egypt. 1685 MANASSEH was born to JOSEPH by ASENATH. 1684 The fifteenth dynasty was founded in Egypt. 1683 EPHRAIM was born to JOSEPH by ASENATH. 1679 The seven years of plenty ended in Egypt and famine began. 1677 JACOB, at age 130, and his 70 descendants went to Egypt. 1674 The sixteenth dynasty was founded in Egypt by ANATHER. 1673 Assyria was ruled by SARMA-ADAD I. 1672 The seven-year famine ended in Egypt. 1661 Assyria was ruled by IPTAR-SIN. 1660 JACOB died at age 147 in Egypt. 1651 HEZRON was born to PHAREZ. 1650 The seventeenth dynasty was founded in Egypt.
- **1621** Assyria was ruled by LULLAIA.

Assyria was ruled by BAZAIA.

1620	AMRAM was born to KOHATH.
1615	Assyria was ruled by KIDIN-NINUA.
1606	JOSEPH died at age 110 in Egypt.
1604	RAM was born to HEZRON.
1601	Assyria was ruled by SARMA-ADAD II.
1598	Assyria was ruled by ERISUM III.
1585	Assyria was ruled by SAMSI-ADAD II.
1584	LEVI died at age 137.
1580	A new empire was founded in Egypt by AAHMES.
1579	Assyria was ruled by ISME-DAGAN II.
1570	The Hyksos were expelled from Egypt. The eighteenth dynasty was established in Egypt by AMOSIS.
1567	Egypt was ruled by RAMESES II.
1564	AMMINADAB was born to RAM.
1563	Assyria was ruled by SAMSI-ADAD III.
1557	KOHATH died at age 133.
1556	Athens was founded by CECROPS.
1547	Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-NIRARI I.
1546	Egypt was ruled by AMENOPHIS.
1545	AARON was born to AMRAM and JOCHEBED.
1542	MOSES was born to AMRAM and JOCHEBED.
1530	The Kassite dynasty controlled Babylon for 400 years.
1525	Egypt was ruled by THUTMOSE I.
1521	Assyria was ruled by PUZUR-ASSUR III.
1520	The cities of Troy and Corinth were founded.

	11
1519	NAASHON was born to AMMINADAB.
1516	The city of Sparta was founded.
1512	Egypt was ruled by THUTMOSE II.
1504	HATSHEPSUT ruled Egypt as co-regent with THUTMOSE III.
1502	MOSES was driven from Egypt.
1500	CALEB was born to JEPHUNNEH of Judah. Assyria became an independent kingdom. The Mycenean Golden Age of 100 years began. The Ras Shamru tablets were written by the Phoenicians.
1497	Assyria was ruled by ENLIL-NASIR I.
1484	Assyria was ruled by NUL-ILI.
1483	AMRAM died at age 137. GERSHOM and ELIEZER were born to MOSES and ZIPPORAH.
1482	JOSHUA was born to NUN of Ephraim.
1473	Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-SADUNI.
1472	Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-RABI I.
1468	THUTMOSE III of Egypt conquered Megiddo.
1462	The year of Israel's EXODUS from Egypt. The Ten Commandments were given from Mt. Sinai.

1461 The Tabernacle was first reared up in the Wilderness. Israel battled the Amalekites. Israel departed Sinai and arrived at Kadesh-Barnea.

1460 Israel was turned into the Wilderness to wander for 38 years. *TUDHALIYAS II ruled the Hittite Empire*.

- **1452** Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-NADIM-AHHE I.
- 1450 Tyre was founded by colonists from Sidon. Egypt was ruled by AMENOPHIS II. Assyria made a treaty with Babylon.
- **1440** *ARNUWANDAS I ruled the Hittite Empire.*

12 1432 Assyria was ruled by ENLIL-NASIR II. 1426 Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-NIRARI II. 1425 Egypt was ruled by THUTMOSE IV. 1423 MIRIAM and AARON died. MOSES died on Mt. Pisgah at age 120. The "Pentateuch", called "The Books of Moses" and "The Law" was written by MOSES prior to his death in 1423 B.C. The events of "Genesis" are from 3975-1462 B.C.; those of "Exodus" 1462-1460 B.C.; those of "Leviticus" 1462 B.C.; those of "Numbers" 1461 B.C.; those of "Deuteronomy" 1423 B.C. 1422 JOSHUA led Israel across Jordan into Canaan, Jericho was destroyed. JOSEPH'S bones were buried at Shechem. 1420 HATUSILIS II ruled the Hittite Empire. 1419 Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-BEL-NISESU. 1417 Egypt was ruled by AMENOPHIS III. 1415 JOSHUA divided the land of Canaan at Shiloh among the tribes of Israel 1410 Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-RIM-NISESU. 1402 Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-NADIN-AHHE II.

TUDHALIYAS III ruled the Hittite Empire. The Golden Age of

Ugarit began for 100 years.1397 Egypt was ruled by AMENHOTEP III.

- **1392** Assyria was ruled by ERIBA-ADAD I.
- 1390 The Hittites reached the height of their power.
- **1380** SUPPILULIUMAS I ruled the Hittite Empire.
- **1379** Egypt was ruled by AMENOPHIS IV.
- Akhetaton was built in Egypt by AMENOPHIS IV and NEFERTITI and was made the capital.

- JOSHUA died at age 110 and was buried at Timnath-serah in Mt. Ephraim. The Book of "Joshua" was probably written by JOSHUA and covers 1422-1372 B.C. OTHNIEL, son of KENAZ and brother of CALEB, judged Israel 40 years.
- 1370 The Hittites defeated the Mitanni. The kingdoms of Moab, Ammon and Edom were established.
- **1365** Assyria was ruled by ASSUR-UBALLIT I.
- 1364 Egypt was ruled by SEMENKHKARE who returned the capital to Thebes.
- **1361** Egypt was ruled by TUT-ANKH-AMON.
- **1352** *Egypt was ruled by AY.*
- **1348** Egypt was ruled by HAREMHAB.
- **1346** *ARNUWANDAS II ruled the Hittites.*
- 1345 MURSILIS ruled the Hittites.
- EHUD, son of GERA of Benjamin, delivered Israel from the Moabites and judged Israel 80 years.
- 1330 Calah (Nimrud) was founded by SHALMANESER I as capital of Assyria.
- **1329** Assyria was ruled by ENLIN-NIRASRI.
- 1328 The Mitannian kingdom ended.
- 1320 The nineteenth Egyptian dynasty was founded by RAMESES I.
- **1319** Assyria was ruled by ARIK-DEN-ILI.
- **1318** Egypt was ruled by SETI I.
- 1315 MUWATALLIS ruled the Hittites.
- **1307** Assyria was ruled by ADAD-NIRARI I.
- **1304** RAMESES II ruled Egypt for 66 years.
- **1299** *RAMESES II defeated the Hittites at Kadesh in Syria.*

1296	URHI-TESUB (MURSILIS III) ruled the Hittites.
1289	HATTUSILIS III ruled the Hittites.
1280	Babylon was captured by the Assyrians.
1274	SHALMANESER I ruled Assyria.
1265	TUDHALIYAS IV ruled the Hittites.
1251	The events in the Book of "Ruth" began to take place.
1252	DEBORAH, wife of LAPPIDOTH, and BARAK, son of ABINOAM of Kedesh, delivered Israel from the Canaanite King JABIN II, and judged Israel 40 years.
1244	Assyria was ruled by TUKULTI-NINURTA I.
1236	Egypt was ruled by MERNEPTAH.
1235	ARNUWANDAS III ruled the Hittites.
1222	Egypt was ruled by AMENMESSES.
1216	Egypt was ruled by SETI II.
1215	SUPPILULIUMAS II ruled the Hittites.
1212	GIDEON, son of JOASH, an Abiezrite of Ophrah, delivered Israel from the Midianites and judged Israel 40 years. His name was changed to JERUBBAAL.
1208	SIPTAH-TEWOSRET ruled Egypt.
1207	ASSUR-NADIN-APLI ruled Assyria. The Cassite dynasty of Babylon ended.
1203	ASSUR-NIRARI III ruled Assyria.
1200	The twentieth dynasty in Egypt was founded by SETHNAKHTE The Greeks colonized Asia Minor. The Hittite kingdom was destroyed.
1198	RAMESES III ruled Egypt.
1197	ENLIL-KUDURRI-USUR ruled Assyria.

1192	NINURTA-APLI-EKUR ruled Assyria.
1190	Egypt defeated the Philistines.
1184	The Trojan War began.
1183	The fall of Troy.
1179	ASSUR-DAN I ruled Assyria.
1172	TOLA, son of PUAH of Issachar, judged Israel 23 years.
1166	RAMESES IV ruled Egypt.
1160	RAMESES V ruled Egypt.
1156	RAMESES VI ruled Egypt.
1155	JESSE was born to OBED, the son of BOAZ and RUTH.
1149	JAIR, the Gileadite, judged Israel 22 years.
1148	RAMESES VII ruled Egypt.
1147	RAMESES VIII ruled Egypt.
1140	RAMESES IX ruled Egypt.
1135	NEBUCHADREZZAR of Babylon defeated the Elamites and in turn was defeated by the Assyrians.
1134	ELI, a descendant of AARON through ITHAMAR, was born.
1133	ASSUR-RES-ISI I ruled Assyria.
1127	JEPHTHAH, the son of GILEAD, delivered Israel from the Ammonites and judged Israel for 6 years. The Philistines captured the Ark of the Covenant and took it to Ashdod.
1123	The Chow dynasty ruled China.
1121	JEPHTHAH made his vow to God and offered his daughter as a sacrifice. <i>RAMESES X ruled Egypt</i> .

IBZAN of Bethlehem of Zebulun judged Israel 7 years.

TIGLATH-PILESER I ruled Assyria.

1120

- **1113** ELON the Zebulonite judged Israel 10 years. *RAMESES XI ruled Egypt*.
- **1110** *The Aramean migration in Mesopotamia.*
- 1103 SAMUEL was born to ELKANAH and HANNAH. ABDON judged Israel 8 years. The name "Britain" was given to the Western Isles by BRUTUS of Troy when his Barat Phoenicians invaded England.
- 1100 High Priest HERHOR of Amon seized power at Thebes in Egypt. The Battle of Taanach.
- SAMSON, son of Manoah, delivered Israel from the Philistines and judged Israel 20 years. SAUL, son of KISH of Benjamin, was born.
- 1085 The twenty-first dynasty in Egypt was founded by SMENDES.
- 1080 The Philistines defeated Israel at Aphek and Shiloh was destroyed.
- **1079** *Britain was ruled by LOCRINUS.*
- SAMSON died in the destruction of the Temple of Dagon at Gaza. *ASARID-APIL-EKUR ruled Assyria*.
- **1074** ASSUR-BEL-KALA ruled Assyria.
- **1073** SAMUEL became judge of Israel.
- **1069** *Britain was ruled by GWENDOLEN.*
- 1065 SAUL was anointed the first king of Israel by SAMUEL.
- 1063 GOD rejected SAUL as king of Israel.
- **1061** *PSUSENNES I ruled Egypt.*
- **1056** ERIBA-ADAD II ruled Assyria.
- 1055 DAVID was born to JESSE at Bethlehem.
- **1054** *SAMSI-ADAD IV ruled Assyria.*
- **1050** ASSURNASIRPAL I ruled Assyria.

- ELI died at age 98. The Ark of the Covenant was returned to Israel and remained in the house of ABINADAB for 20 years.
- **1031** SHALMANESER II ruled Assyria.
- 1030 SAUL was again rejected by God as king. DAVID was anointed king of Israel by SAMUEL.
- **1029** DAVID killed GOLIATH, the giant Philistine.
- The Book of "Judges" was written by SAMUEL and covers 1372-1076 B.C. He also wrote the book of "Ruth".
- 1027 SAMUEL died at age 76, and judging over Israel officially ended. "First and Second Samuel" was written by SAMUEL originally as one book. I Samuel covers events from 1103-1025 B.C.; II Samuel, from 1025-990 B.C.
- **1025** SAUL died at age 70. DAVID became king of Israel in Hebron at age 30.
- **1019** ASSSUR-NARARI IV ruled Assyria.
- 1018 DAVID was anointed king over all Israel at Jerusalem. Jerusalem became the capital of Israel.
- 1016 The Ark of the Covenant was returned to Jerusalem to the house of OBEDEDOM.
- **1015** NEPHEREHERES ruled Egypt.
- **1014** *MEMPRICIUS ruled Britain.*
- **1013** ASSUR-RABI II ruled Assyria.
- **1011** *AMENOPHTHIS ruled Egypt.*
- **1010** The Philistines invaded Central Palestine.
- 1003 SOLOMON was born to DAVID and BATHSHEBA.
- 1002 OSOCHOR ruled Egypt.
- **998** ABSALOM slew his brother AMNON.
- **996** PSINACHES ruled Egypt.

995	ABSALOM returned to Jerusalem.
993	ABSALOM led a rebellion against his father DAVID.
992	ABSALOM was slain by JOAB.
990	The three-year famine in Israel ended.
988	A plague was sent on Israel because DAVID numbered them.
987	SIAMON ruled Egypt.
985	DAVID died at age 70. His son SOLOMON reigned as king in Israel.
982	Construction of the Temple at Jerusalem began.
975	The Temple at Jerusalem was completed and dedication began.
972	The dedication of Solomon's Temple ended. ASSUR-RES-ISI II ruled Assyria.
967	TIGLATH-PILESER II ruled Assyria.
964	The Queen of Sheba visited SOLOMON in Jerusalem.
959	SOLOMON wrote "Proverbs", "Ecclesiastes" and "Song of Solomon". <i>PSUSENNES II ruled Egypt</i> .
945	SOLOMON died at age 58 and Israel was divided. REHOBOAM, son of SOLOMON and NAAMAN, an Ammonitess, at age 41, ruled Judah 17 years. JEROBOAM, son of NEBAT of Ephraim, ruled Israel 22 years.
944	EBRAUC ruled Britain and founded York.
942	LEIR ruled Britain and built Carlisle.
941	SHISHAK took the Jewish Temple treasures to Egypt.
940	REZON ruled as king of Damascus in Syria.
934	ASSUR-DAN II ruled Assyria.
928	REHOBOAM died, succeeded by his son ABIJAM (ABIJAH) in the 18th year of JEROBOAM'S reign. ABIJAM'S mother,

- MAACHAH, was the daughter of ABSALOM. He ruled Judah 3 years.
- ABIJAH died, succeeded by his son ASA, in the 20th year of JEROBOAM'S reign. He ruled Judah 41 years.
- JEROBOAM died, succeeded by his son NADAB, in the 2nd year of ASA'S reign. He ruled Israel 2 years.
- 924 NADAB was slain by BAASHA, son of AHIJAH of Issachar, in the 3rd year of ASA'S reign. BAASHA ruled Israel 24 years.
- **923** ZERAH the Ethiopian invaded Judah.
- **921** JEHOSHAPHAT, was born to ASA and AZUBAH, daughter of SHILHI.
- 917 HUDIBRAS ruled Britain and built Canterbury and Winchester.
- **911** ADAD-NIRARI II ruled Assyria.
- **910** Israel and Judah warred against each other.
- 901 BAASHA died, succeeded by his son ELAH, in the 26th year of ASA'S reign. He ruled Israel 2 years.
- ELAH was slain by ZIMRI in the 27th year of ASA'S reign. ZIMRI ruled Israel 7 days, then burned himself to death in the king's house. Israel was divided, with OMRI ruling part and TIBNI ruling part, for 6 years.
- TIBNI died in the 31st year of ASA'S reign and OMRI ruled Israel alone for 6 years. The capital of Israel was moved from Tirzah to Samaria. JEHORAM, son of JEHOSHAPHAT, was born.
- **890** TUKULTI-NINURTA II ruled Assyria.
- OMRI died, succeeded by his son AHAB, in the 38th year of ASA'S reign. He ruled Israel 22 years. Jericho was rebuilt after 533 years. ELIJAH prophesied to 868 B.C. JOEL prophesied to 885 B.C. and wrote "Joel".
- **888** TAKELOT I ruled Egypt.

- ASA died, succeeded by his son JEHOSHAPHAT, age 35, in the 4th year of AHAB'S reign. He ruled Judah 25 years; 3 years as co-regent with his father ASA. OBADIAH prophesied and wrote "Obadiah".
- 883 ASSURNASIRPAL II ruled Assyria.
- **880** BEN-HADAD I ruled in Damascus of Syria.
- AHAB was killed in battle. He was succeeded by his son AHAZIAH in the 17th year of JEHOSHAPHAT'S reign. He ruled Israel 2 years.
- AHAZIAH fell through a lattice and died, succeeded by his brother JEHORAM (JORAM) in the 19th year of JEHOSHAPHAT'S reign. He ruled Israel 12 years. The Prophet ELIJAH was taken up, succeeded by ELISHA, who received his mantle.
- 865 OSORKON II ruled Egypt.
- JEHOSHAPHAT died, succeeded by his son JEHORAM, age 32, in the 5th year of JEHORAM'S reign. He was co-regent with his father for 5 years, and ruled Judah 8 years alone.
- 858 LEIR II ruled Britain and built Leicester. SHALMANESER III, son of ASHURNASIRPAL II, ruled Assyria.
- JEHORAM of Judah died, succeeded by his son AHAZIAH, age 22. AHAZIAH'S mother was ATHALIAH, daughter of AHAB and JEZEBEL. He ruled Judah 1 year in the 12th year of JEHORAM'S reign. Upon his death, his mother ATHALIAH ruled Judah 7 years. JEHORAM of Israel was slain by JEHU, son of NIMSHI. JEHU ruled Israel 28 years.
- The Assyrians battled the Syrians, IRKHULENA of Hamath, and NIMSHI of Israel.
- ATHALIAH was slain by a sword and was succeeded by JEHOASH (JOASH), her son by ZIBIAH of Beersheba, in the 7th year of JEHU'S reign. JEHOASH was 7 years of age. He ruled Judah 40 years.

The Assyrians battled Syria. MESHA of Moab gained their independence.
JEHU of Israel submitted to the Assyrians. HAZAEL ruled Damascus of Syria. SHALMANESER of Assyria defeated HAZAEL at Damascus.
SHALMANESER invaded Syria for the sixth time.
SHESHONK II ruled Egypt.
TAKELOT II ruled Egypt.
JEHU died, succeeded by his son JEHOAHAZ in the 23rd year of JOASH'S reign. He ruled Israel 17 years.
SHALMANESER III of Assyria died.
SAMSI-ADAD V ruled Assyria.
MARDUK-BALATSU-IKBI of Babylon was defeated by the Assyrians at Dur-Papsukul.
The Libyans founded the 23rd dynasty in Egypt.
JEHOAHAZ died, succeeded by his son JOASH (JEHOASH), in the 37th year of JOASH'S reign. He ruled Israel 16 years. <i>Macedonia was founded. Carthage was founded by colonists from Tyre</i> .
JOASH of Judah was slain in bed by his servants and succeeded by his son AMAZIAH, age 25, in the 2nd year of JOASH'S reign. His mother was JEHOADDAN of Jerusalem. He ruled Judah 29 years.
SHESHONK III ruled Egypt.
ADAD-NIRARI III ruled Assyria.
The Prophet ELISHA died.
BEN-HADAD II ruled Damascus of Syria.

The Assyrians attacked the Syrians at Damascus.

- JOASH died, succeeded by his son JEROBOAM, who had ruled for 11 years as co-regent with his father, in the 15th year of AMAZIAH'S reign. He ruled Israel 41 years. AMOS, father of ISAIAH, prophesied to 747 B.C. and wrote "Amos" during the reign of JEROBOAM in Israel and UZZIAH in Judah.
- 797 Damascus was taken by the Assyrians.
- 786 The Great Earthquake of AMOS 1 destroyed Tyre, Sidon, Ashdod, from Damascus to Gaza.
- AMAZIAH died, succeeded by his son AZARIAH (UZZIAH), age 16, in the 27th year of JEROBOAM'S reign. His mother was JECHOLIAH of Jerusalem. He ruled Judah 52 years.
- 783 SHALMANESER IV, son of ADAD-NIRARI III, ruled Assyria.
- 776 The first Olympiad was held in Greece.
- JONAH prophesied to the Assyrians at Nineveh, and "Jonah" was written.. ASSUR-DAN III ruled Assyria. PEMAY ruled Egypt.
- **766** SHESHONK IV ruled Egypt.
- Assyrian dates were determined from the eclipse of the sun on June 15th. Asshur revolted against Assyria.
- JEROBOAM died, succeeded by his son ZACHARIAH who ruled Israel 6 months in the 38th year of UZZIAH'S reign. He was slain by SHALLUM, son of JABESH, who ruled Israel 1 month. SHALLUM was slain by MENAHEM, son of GADI, who ruled Israel 10 years in an overlapping reign with PEKAH.
- **760** *RIVALO ruled Britain.*
- 754 ASSUR-NIRARI V ruled Assyria.
- 753 Rome was founded and Roman dating began.
- MENAHEM died, succeeded by his son PEKAHIAH, in the 50th year of UZZIAH'S reign. He ruled a two-year overlapping reign with PEKAH in Israel. HOSEA prophesied.

- 748 PEKAHIAH of Israel was slain by PEKAH in the 52nd year of UZZIAH'S reign, and PEKAH ruled Israel alone for 20 years.
- UZZIAH was stricken with leprosy and his son JOTHAM, age 25, ruled as co-regent over Judah, in the 2nd year of PEKAH'S reign. He ruled Judah 16 years. His mother was JERUSHA, daughter of ZADOK.
- 744 TIGLATH-PILESER III (PUL) ruled Assyria and began the Second Assyrian Empire.
- 743 The first Messenian War began. Assyria conquered Urartu (Ararat).
- 742 Assyria captured Aradus.
- 740 ISAIAH began to prophesy.
- 738 Assyria conquered Hamath.
- 735 THEOCLES of Chalsis set up the altar of "Apollo the Guider" in Sicily.
- 734 The Assyrians took Damascus of Syria and invaded Israel.
- 733 The Assyrians took Ashkelon.
- King UZZIAH of Judah died. His son JOTHAM also died, succeeded by his son AHAZ, age 20, in the 17th year of PEKAH'S reign. He ruled Judah 16 years.
- 731 Babylon was conquered by the Assyrians.
- 730 MICAH prophesied. A 24th dynasty was founded in Egypt.
- 729 PEKAH was slain by HOSHEA, son of ELAH. HOSHEA ruled Israel 9 years and was ruling when Israel went into Assyrian captivity.
- HEZEKIAH became co-regent with his father AHAZ, in the 3rd year of HOSHEA'S reign.
- 726 Israel revolted against Assyria. SHALMANESER V, son of TIGLATH-PILESER III, ruled Assyria.

- 725 SHALMANESER laid siege to Samaria and captured Shechem.
- 724 HEZEKIAH destroyed the brazen serpent Moses had made.
- 722 SARGON II, son of TIGLATH-PILESER III, brother of SHALMANESER V, and father of SENNACHERIB, ruled Assyria with SHALMANEZER.
- In the 9th year of HOSHEA of Israel and the 6th year of HEZEKIAH'S reign as vice-regent with his father AHAZ, Israel was taken captive by Assyria. 27,290 captives were deported from Samaria to Gozan, Harran, Media, Hulah and Nineveh. Sybaris was founded by the Achaens.
- 717 AHAZ died, succeeded by his son HEZEKIAH. His mother was ABIJAH, daughter of ZECHARIAH. He ruled Judah 29 years.
- 715 The 25th dynasty was founded in Egypt by SHABAKA (Nubians).
- 712 Fifteen years were added to king HEZEKIAH'S life.
- **711** *SARGON of Assyria captured Ashdod and Gath in Palestine.*
- 710 HEZEKIAH'S tunnel was built to bring water into Jerusalem.
- **709** *SARGON entered Babylon and declared himself king.*
- 708 SARGON conquered Cyprus. Dorian Tarentum was founded by PHALANTHUS. Corcyra was colonized by the Corinthians.
- 705 SARGON was killed in battle and succeeded by his son SENNACHERIB as king of Assyria. He made Nineveh the capital.
- 703 MERODACH-BALADAN II of Babylon rebelled against Assyria.
- **701** SENNACHERIB captured Sidon and Acre, invaded Judea and laid siege to Jerusalem. *SHABATAKA ruled Egypt*.
- **700** DEIOCES founded the Median kingdom.
- HEZEKIAH died, succeeded by his son MANASSEH, age 12. His mother was HEPHZIBAH. He ruled Judah 55 years. The Prophet ISAIAH died. He wrote "Isaiah" during the reigns of

UZZIAH, JOTHAM, AHAZ and HEZEKIAH covering 784-697 B.C. The Prophet HOSEA wrote "Hosea", covering 784-697 B.C. The Prophet MICAH wrote "Micah" covering 747-697 B.C.

- 692 SENNACHERIB destroyed Babylon. TAHARKA ruled Egypt.
- **685** *The Second Messenian War lasted for 3 years.*
- **681** *SENNACHERIB* was killed by his two sons.
- **680** ESARHADDON ruled Assyria and destroyed Sidon.
- **671** ESARHADDON invaded Egypt.
- 670 ESARHADDON conquered Egypt and drove out TAHARKA.
- *The Lacedaemonian army was defeated at Hysiae.*
- ASSURBANIPAL ruled Assyria 43 years and established a great library at Nineveh.
- 667 ASSURBANIPAL destroyed Thebes in Egypt.
- The first naval battle occurred between Corinth and Corcyra.
- 663 PSAMMETIK I freed Egypt from Assyria and founded the 26th dynasty.
- 660 Sardis fell to the barbaric Cimmerians.
- *Byzantium was founded.*
- A four-year civil war began in Assyria between ASSURBANIPAL and his brother SHAMASH-SHUM-UKIN.
- The Gadelos landed in Uladh in Ireland. The Lydians conquered the Greek-Asian cities.
- DEIOCES died, succeeded by his son PHRAORTES as ruler of the Medes.
- MANASSEH died, succeeded by his son AMON, age 22. His mother was MESHULLEMETH, daughter of HARUZ of Jotbah. He ruled Judah 2 years. The Prophet NAHUM wrote "Nahum" during his reign, covering 697-642 B.C.

- AMON was slain by his servants in a conspiracy. He was succeeded by his son JOSIAH, age 8. His mother was JEDIDAH, daughter of ADAIAH of Boscath. He ruled Judah 31 years. *The Median Empire became independent. The Assyrians destroyed Elam.*
- 633 Thebes fell to the Assyrians.
- 631 *Cyrene was founded by colonists from Greece.*
- ZEPHANIAH prophesied and wrote "Zephaniah" during the reign of JOSIAH, covering 640-609 B.C.
- 627 The Cimmerians invaded Magnesia.
- JEREMIAH prophesied from the reign of JOSIAH until after the captivity, 647-522 B.C. and wrote "Jeremiah" about 587 B.C. ASSURBANIPAL died and ASSUR-ETEL-ILANI ruled Assyria.
- 625 NABOPOLASSAR began the Chaldean dynasty.
- The Book of the Law was found (2 Kings 22). SIN-SUMU-LISIR ruled Assyria, followed the same year by SIN-SAR-ISKUN.
- A written code of Laws was published by the Archon DRACO of Athens, called "The Draconian Laws."
- 620 Constantinople was besieged by CHOSROES of Persia.
- 612 NABOPOLASSAR destroyed Nineveh.
- 611 ASSUR-UBALLIT II ruled as the last king of the Assyrian Empire.
- JOSIAH was slain in battle by PHARAOH-NECHOH of Egypt, succeeded by his son JEHOAHAZ (SHALLUM), age 23. His mother was HAMUTAL, daughter of JEREMIAH of Libnah. He ruled Judah 3 months and was taken captive to Egypt.
- ELIAKIM, son of JOSIAH by ZEBUDAH, daughter of PEDAIAH of Rumah, age 25, was made ruler of Judah by

PHARAOH-NECHOH, who changed his name to JEHOIAKIM. He ruled Judah 11 years. The Prophet JEREMIAH delivered his Temple Sermon. *PHARAOH-NECHOH of Egypt invaded Asia*.

- *The Assyrian Empire ended as Nineveh fell to the Medes.*
- JEHOIAKIM was taken to Babylon in fetters, along with DANIEL, HANANIAH, MISHAEL and AZARIAH, ad NEBUCHADNEZZAR of Babylon attacked Jerusalem. The Prophet HABAKKUK wrote "Habakkuk" during his reign.

 NEBUCHADNEZZAR became ruler of the Babylonian Empire and defeated Egypt at Carchemish. He built Babylon's Hanging Gardens.
- 604 NEBUCHADNEZZAR destroyed Ashkelon. The Phoenicians circumnavigated Africa.
- ZOROASTER, the Prophet of Iran, was born. KYMAR ruled Britain. The Phocaeans of Ionia built Massilia in Spain.
- JEHOIACHIN, also known as JECONIAH and CONIAH, age 18, the son of JEHOIAKIM by NEHUSHTA, daughter of ELNATHAN of Jerusalem, was placed over Judah by NEBUCHADNEZZAR during his siege on Jerusalem. He ruled 3 months and 10 days before he was taken to Babylon. His uncle, MATTANIAH, son of JOSIAH and HAMUTAL and brother to JEHOAHAZ, was renamed ZEDEKIAH and made ruler of Judea for 11 years.
- 594 PSAMMETIK II ruled Egypt. SOLON, elected Archon of Athens, drafted a new constitution.
- 593 EZEKIEL prophesied. His book, "Ezekiel", was written about 575 B.C. among the Judean captives in Babylon. *ASTYAGES* ruled the kingdom of Media.
- ZEDEKIAH formed an alliance with the Egyptians and revolted against the Babylonians. The Babylonians surrounded Jerusalem on Jan. 15th and lay siege to the city. *APRIES/HOPHRA ruled*

Egypt and aided the Syrians against the Babylonians. The Pythian games began.

- The 70-year Babylonian Captivity began when, on July 9th, the Chaldeans destroyed Jerusalem. NEBUZARADAN burned the Temple, the palace, and all the houses of Jerusalem. ZEDEKIAH'S sons were killed before his face, his eyes were put out and he was led in fetters to Babylon. GEDALIAH, son of AHIKAM, was made governor over the remnant which were left, ruling from Mizpeh, 6 miles north of the ruins of Jerusalem. JEREMIAH wrote "Lamentations" on this occasion of Jerusalem's destruction.
- **585** *NEBUCHADNEZZAR besieged Tyre.*
- 580 SIMON BRACH arrived in Ulster, Ireland. Agrigentum was founded.
- On Oct. 4th, GEDALIAH was slain by ISHMAEL who took many people, including JEREMIAH, to Mizpeh. They were rescued by JOHANAN, who took them to Egypt.
- 573 The siege of Tyre was lifted.
- **571** EZEKIEL uttered the last of his prophecies in Babylon.
- **570** *AAHMES II (AMASIS) ruled Egypt.*
- **568** ALYATTES died, succeeded by CROESUS in Athens.
- **566** NEBUCHADNEZZAR conquered Egypt.
- 563 SIDDHARTHA GAUTAMA (BUDDHA), founder of Buddhism, was born in Nepal, India on April 8th.
- NEBUCHADNEZZAR died and his son EVIL-MERODACH ruled Babylon. JEHOIACHIN was released from prison. Jewish scribes assembled the Historical Books of the Old Testament.
- EVIL-MERODACH was assassinated in August by NERIGLISSAR (NERGAL-ASHUR-USUR) who ruled Babylon 4 years.

- NERIGLISSAR died, succeeded by his son LABASHI MARDOK, who ruled only 2 months (May and June) before he was murdered. The power of Babylon passed to NABONIDAS who ruled with his son BELSHAZZAR for 17 years.
- **551** *K'UNG FU-TZU (CONFUCIUS) was born in Shantung, China.*
- ZOROASTRIANISM became the official religion of the Persian Empire. The Temple of Diana was constructed at Ephesus. *CYRUS overthrew ASTYAGES of Media at Pasargadae and founded the Persian Empire*.
- 546 CROESUS of Lydia invaded Cappadocia. Sardis fell. CYRUS conquered Lydia.
- 544 The Public Library was built at Athens.
- 539 GOBRYAS led a Persian infiltration into Babylon in October.
- 538 CYRUS invaded Babylon. BELSHAZZAR was slain and NABONIDUS was captured by Persian General GOBRYAS on June 16th.
- The Phocaeans were defeated by the Etruscans and Carthaginians in a naval battle at Corsica.
- 536 CYRUS issued a decree allowing 42,360 Jews to return to Judea under SHESHBAZZAR (ZERUBBABEL).
- 535 The Athenian army marched on Marathon.
- 529 CYRUS died and CAMBYSES (AHASUERUS) ruled the Medo-Persian Empire.
- **526** *PSAMMETIK III ruled Egypt.*
- 525 CAMBYSES invaded and conquered Egypt at Pelusiam and founded the 27th dynasty.
- 523 VARDHAMANA JNATRPUTRA, with Mahavira teaching, founded Jainism in India.
- 522 CAMBYSES committed suicide and ARTAXERXES (also known as PSUEDO-SMERDIS or GOMATES) ruled Persia 1 year.

- ARTAXERXES died, succeeded by DARIUS I HYSTASPES who commanded the Jerusalem Temple construction to continue. He ruled for 36 years. NADINTU-BEL (NABONIDUS) led a successful Babylonian revolt, which lasted for 2 years.
- HAGGAI and ZECHARIAH prophesied and wrote "Haggai" and "Zechariah". ZERUBBABEL led a group of Jewish returnees to Jerusalem. *Carthage conquered Sardinia*.
- Work on the Jerusalem Temple began. *The Persians recaptured Babylon in June.*
- **517** *DARIUS I invaded Egypt.*
- The Second Jerusalem Temple was dedicated and the 70-year captivity of the Jews ended. *DARIUS I reorganized the Persian Empire*.
- DARIUS I crossed the Bosphorus and conquered Hellas. Carthage made a treaty with Rome.
- The Republic of Rome was established by Valerian Law. CLEOMENES invaded Attica.
- **507** *LARS PORSENA conquered Rome.*
- 505 The Athenians and Persians became enemies. War between Sparta and Argos.
- **501** The Ionic Revolt. Sardis was attacked.
- *The Etruscans reached the zenith of their prosperity.*
- The Romans won a victory over Latium at Lake Regillus. The Persians made an expedition to Naxos.
- **497** *The Persians reconquered Cyprus.*
- 495 Latin colonies were formed at Cora, Norba and Signia. Roman consuls imposed exorbitant taxation, enforced by APPIUS CLAUDIUS.
- 494 MANIUS VALERIUS became dictator of Rome. The Velitrae colony was founded. The Persians took Miletus. The Spartans

- defeated ARGIVES at Sepeia. THEMISTOCLES obtained the Archonship of Athens.
- 492 Icilian Law was established by the Roman Tribunes.

 MARDONIUS of Susa commanded the Persian army and launched an expedition against Greece.
- **491** *GAUIS MARCIUS (CORIOLANUS) revolted and was killed by the Volscians.*
- **490** *The Persians were defeated by the Athenians at Marathon.*
- 489 The Alginetan War began.
- 487 Egypt revolted against Persia.
- 486 DARIUS I died and XERXES I (AHASUERUS) ruled Persia. He was the king who married ESTHER. A Latin league was formed with the Hernici.
- The Prophet DANIEL wrote "Daniel" in Babylon, covering 605-485 B.C. XERXES crushed the Egyptian and Babylonians revolts and deposed his Queen VASHTI.
- 483 BUDDHA died. Rome was at war with Veii for 9 years. ARISTEIDES was banished.
- **481** *XERXES invaded Asia.*
- 480 LEONIDAS and his 300 Spartans defeated the Persians at the Pass of Thermopylae. The Carthaginians were defeated at Himera by GELO of Syracuse.
- **479** ESTHER became Queen of Persia. *Persia lost Sestos and the Hellespont.*
- 478 CONFUCIUS died. Persia lost Byzantium, Bosporus and Cyprus. The League of Delos was formed.
- 474 HAMAN plotted to kill the Jews. *The Crumaeans defeated the Etruscans*.
- **473** ESTHER established the Purim Feasts. *Tribune GNAEUS GENUCIUS was murdered in Rome for impeaching two*

consulars. DUNWALL ruled Britain and codified the British laws.

- 471 SOCRATES was born. Tribune VOLERO PUBLILIUS established "comitia tributa", a plebeian assembly of tribes.
- **468** *The Battle of Naxos.*
- **467** *The Battle of Eurymedon.*
- 465 XERXES was assassinated and ARTAXERXES I LONGIMANUS ruled Persia. He was the king who issued the decree of March 5th, 445 B.C. granting the Jews permission to rebuild Jerusalem.
- **464** *The great earthquake at Sparta.*
- **463** *AMYRTAEOS led Khabash in revolt.*
- 462 Tribune GAIUS TERENTILIUS ARSA attempted to abolish the Tribunate. Egypt revolted under INARUS. Athens allied with Argos and Thessaly.
- **461** *The Age of PERICLES, to 428 B.C.*
- **460** Persian General MEGABAZUS captured Egypt's capital.
- The Holy Scriptures assumed a settled form. "Psalms", a collection of spiritual songs and poems used in worship and devotion, written by different authors from 1500-450 B.C., were compiled. Athens sent 200 ships to help INARUS of Egypt against Persia. Athens defeated Corinth and commenced construction on the "Long Walls" of Athens.
- 457 The Battles of Tanagra and Oenophyta. The number of Roman tribunes was increased to ten.
- 456 The conquest of Aegina. The Persians invaded Egypt. The sacred ground of the Aventine was distributed and occupied.
- 455 The Egyptian revolt was put down. The Athenian expedition to Egypt ended in disaster.
- 454 The Athenian League was moved from Delos to Athens.

- 453 Syracuse ravaged Corsica, the Etrurian coast, and occupied Elba.
- 452 A truce between Sparta and Athens lasted 5 years.
- The Decemvirs (10 Tribunes) of Rome drew up a legal code, engraved on 10 tablets of copper, and affixed it to the Forum rostra.
- The first plebeians were elected as non-patrician magistrates.

 Two more copper tablets were added, which constituted the

 "Twelve Tables", the first legal code.
- The Callias treaty between Persia and Athens. The Valerio-Horatian laws were drafted. Magna Charta of Rome was confirmed and the Tribunate was restored.
- 448 The Spartan expedition to Delphi.
- 447 The building of the Parthenon began. The Boeotia insurrection against Athens began.
- 446 PERICLES regained their losses and a 30-year peace with Sparta was negotiated. The Megarians revolted.
- NEHEMIAH returned to Jerusalem under the decree of ARTAXERXES. Canuleian Law legalized the validity of marriage between patrician and plebeian in Rome. ACRAGAS was defeated by Syracuse.
- The Jews began to rebuild Jerusalem under the decree of ARTAXERXES. ANTISTHENES founded Cynics, a school of Greek ethics.
- 442 The colonies of Suessa, Pometia and Ardea were founded.
- **441** *The revolt of Samos.*
- **439** *Samos and Byzantium surrendered to PERICLES.*
- **438** *The Parthenon was completed at Athens.*
- NEHEMIAH completed the walls of the city of Jerusalem.
- 436 NEHEMIAH organized the "Great Synagogue" in Jerusalem.

- 435 A censorship was created for registration of Roman citizens for taxation. ARISTEUS the Corinthian blockaded Epidamnus.
- **433** BELINUS and BRENNUS jointly ruled Britain.
- Priest MANASSEH was expelled from Jerusalem by NEHEMIAH for his refusal to put away his wife, SANBALLAT'S daughter. MANASSEH built a Temple on Mt. Gerazim in Samaria and used the Pentateuch. *The Athenians and Corinthians met at Apella*.
- 431 The Peloponnesian War broke out in March between Sparta and Athens. ARCHIDAMUS invaded Attica. The colossal bronze statue of Athene Promachos was built.
- 430 One-fourth of the population of Athens died in a plague.
- **429** *PERICLES died in June.*
- 427 PLATO was born. The Athenian expedition to Sicily.
- The Prophet MALACHI, the last of the Old Testament prophets, wrote "Malachi", covering 431-425 B.C. Sphacteria and Delium were overcome by HIPPOCRATES. XERXES II ruled Persia 45 day before he was killed by his illegitimate brother, SOGDIANOS. After 6 months, he was killed by OKHOS, or OCHUS, who became king of Persia as DARIUS II NOTHOS.
- The Priest EZRA wrote "Ezra", covering 538-424 B.C. "Nehemiah" was written by NEHEMIAH covering 485-425 B.C. "Esther" was probably written by EZRA and covers 479-424 B.C. EZRA is credited with also writing "I and II Kings", originally one book, and "I and II Chronicles", also originally one book. I Kings covers events from 985-868 B.C.; II Kings covers 868-561 B.C. I Chronicles covers 3975-985 B.C.; II Chronicles covers 985-539 B.C. THUCYDIDES was exiled. Capua fell to the Roman Samnites.

- Roman questorship was opened to the plebeians. The Truce of Nicias between Athens and Sparta. King PLEISTOANAX invaded Arcadia.
- **420** The Samnites captured Cumae from the Greeks.
- 418 The Tribunal of Ostracism was called to decide between ALCIBIADES and NICIAS. Alliance between Sparta and Argos.
- **416** *Athens attacked the Isle of Melos.*
- 415 Athens launched an expedition to Sicily.
- 414 The Spartans attacked Argos and Athens besieged Syracuse.
- **413** *DEMOSTHENES was slain and Athens was defeated at Syracuse.*
- 412 The Decline of Athens. A treaty was reached between Persia and Sparta.
- 411 Rhodes revolted against Athens. The Jewish Temple at Elephantine was destroyed.
- **410** *Democracy was restored in Athens.*
- **409** *HANNIBAL made an expedition to Sicily.*
- 408 THRASYLLUS sailed up the Hellespont, joined ALCIBIADES and took Chalcedon and Byzantium.
- 407 GURGWIN ruled Britain and PART-OLON occupied Scotland.
- 406 DIONYSIUS ruled Syracuse to 367 B.C. The second Carthaginian expedition to Sicily. The Romans attacked Veii. Acragas fell. SOPHOCLES and EURIPIDES died.
- A heavy sword was suspended by a single hair over the head of DAMOCLES. The siege of Athens. Peace between Carthage and Syracuse. ARTAXERXES II MNEMON ruled Persia.
- 404 Athens surrendered and the Peloponnesian War ended. ALCIBIADES died and Egypt revolted.
- **401** *CYRUS gathered his army at Sardis. The Battle of Cunaxa.*

- The Books of the Prophets were added to the Scriptures. The "Pentateuch" was canonized. Sparta declared war on TISSAPHERNES. Cyme was besieged. The Newton Stone was erected in Aberdeenshire by PART-OLON, King of the Scots.
- War between Persia and Sparta. ARCHALAUS and AGIS of Sparta died. SOCRATAES drank the fatal hemlock and died.
- 398 NEPHERITES founded the 29th dynasty in Egypt. DIONYSIUS of Syracuse took Motya.
- 397 AGESILAUS succeeded DERCYLLIDAS as ruler of Sparta.
 DIONYSIUS attacked Carthage a second time. The Syracusan fleet was destroyed.
- **396** *Rhodes revolted against Sparta.*
- 395 The Corinthian War. KAHAR (ACHORIS) of Egypt assisted Sparta against Persia.
- 394 The Battles of Cnidus, Nemea and Coronea. Sparta was defeated at Lechaeum.
- 393 The Achaean cities reconstructed the Greek (Chalcidian) League. The Circeii colony was founded.
- **391** *DIONYSIUS became ruler of all Sicily.*
- Rome was captured by BRENNUS and the Gauls with the Senones at the Battle of the Allia.
- 387 The Corinthian War ended. The Peace of Antalcidas. All Asia was given to Persia.
- Persia and Egypt went to war. The Pomptine territory was secured and Rome founded the Satricum fortress.
- 384 ARISTOTLE was born. The Latin Confederation closed.
- The Pomptine territory was distributed. Tyre revolted. DIONYSIUS was at war with Carthage.
- **382** *The Setia fortress was founded.*
- **381** *EVAGORA'S fleet was defeated by the Persians.*

380	Peace between EVAGORA and the Persians.
379	The Chalcidian League was dissolved. Olynthus fell. DIONYSIUS took Croton. Thebes was liberated.
378	NECTANEBO I founded the 30th dynasty in Egypt. The Battle of Cronium. The Alliance of Thebes and Athens.
377	A proposal was made to abolish military tribunes in Rome.
376	Athens defeated Sparta at Naxos.
374	EVAGORA died. Peace between Athens and Sparta.
371	MENCIUS, successor to CONFUCIUS, was born. Thebes defeated Sparta. The Peace of Callias.
370	JASON was assassinated.
369	EPAMINONDAS invaded Peloponnesus again.
368	"The Tearless Battle", as the Spartans defeated the Arcadians.
367	EPAMINONDAS invaded Peloponnesus again. EUPHRON of Sicyon was assassinated. The proposal to abolish military tribunes was passed in Rome. The Temple of Concord was founded. MARCUS FURIUS CAMILLUS defeated the Gauls at Alba. DIONYSIUS died, succeeded by his son DIONYSIUS II, who had been trained by the philosopher PLATO.
366	ARIOBARZANES revolted against Persia. DION was exiled. The Athens-Arcadia Alliance. The Corinthian-Thebes Peace.
365	Athens took Samos from Persia.
364	The Battle of Cynoscephalae.
363	Peace between the Eleians and Arcadians. Olympia was restored.
362	The Battle of Mantinea.
361	NECTANEBO I of Egypt died.
360	ARIOBARZANES died. Sestos was besieged by COTYS.

PYRRHO, leader of the skeptics, was born.

- 359 PHILIP, age 23, became regent of Macedonia. ARTAXERXES II died at age 94, succeeded by his son OKHOS, or ARTAXERXES III. NECTANEBO II ruled Egypt.
- 358 PHILIP was proclaimed King of Macedonia. DIONYSIUS captured Pyrgi, seaport of Caere, from the Etruscans. Roman Dictator GAIUS SULPICIUS PETICUS defeated the Gauls. Treaty between Rome, the Latins and the Hernicans.
- 357 DION returned to Syracuse.
- 356 ALEXANDER THE GREAT was born to PHILIP and the Epirot Princess, OLYMPIAS. PHILIP captured Pydna, Potidaea and Amphipolis. Krenides was changed to Philippi. DION besieged Ortygia. Dictatorship in Rome was opened to Roman plebeians.
- 355 PHOCIANS seized Delphi.
- Athens lost their last part in Macedonia. Battle of Neon. DION was murdered. CALLIPPUS became tyrant at Syracuse. The "Social War" of Athens.
- 353 PHILIP took Methone. The Thebes helped ARTABAZUS.
- 352 PHILIP took Pherae and Pagasae, but was defeated at the Battle of Thermopylae by the Athenians. The Mausoleum at Halicarnassus in Asia Minor was erected.
- 351 Censorship was opened to plebeians in Rome. NYSAEUS became tyrant of Syracuse. DANUS ruled Britain. Navigator PYTHEAS of Phoenicia visited Britain.
- JADDUA was High Priest in Jerusalem. LUCIUS FURIUS CAMILLUS dislodged the Gauls from Mt. Alban. ARTAXERXES joined Thebes. PHOCION helped the Persians in Cyprus.
- 349 The Latin League opposed the Romans.
- 348 PHILIP took Chalcidice. Roman treaty with Carthage.
- 347 Orator DEMOSTHENES met PHILIP. PLATO died. DIONYSIUS II expelled NYSAEUS and recovered Syracuse.
- **346** *The Peace of Philocrates.*

- 345 PHILIP'S chariot won first place in the Olympic games. The Romans defeated the Aurunci and captured Sora. King TENNES led Sidon in a revolt.
- 344 ARTAXERXES captured Sidon. The Battle of Adranum. PHILIP reorganized Thessaly.
- The last native dynasty of Egypt ceased to exist as Persia conquered Egypt. Southern Etruria became subject to Rome. The Samnites attacked the Sidicini in Teanum and the Campanians in Capua.
- 340 The Euboean League was formed. The Battle of Crimisus.
- 341 PHILIP besieged Byzantium. Athens declared war. TITUS MANLIUS TORQUATUS led Rome to victory over the Latins and Campanians in the Battle of Trifanum.
- *PHILIP made an expedition to Thrace.*
- 338 BAGOAS poisoned ARTXERXES III and ARSES ruled Persia.
 The Old Latin League was dissolved. The Orators Platform in
 the Forum was decorated with the beaks of the galleys of
 Antium. ARCHIDAMUS the Spartan was defeated by the
 Samnite LUCANIANS. PHILIP was defeated at Chaeronea by
 the Thebans. The Congress of Corinth met.
- 337 The Battle of Mandonium. The office of pretor was opened to plebeians.
- 336 PHILIP was assassinated in the 24th year of his reign at age 47. CODOMANNUS, or DARIUS III, ruled Persia after ARSES was murdered.
- 335 ALEXANDER THE GREAT ruled the Greeks. The Macedonians defeated the Thebes.
- 334 ALEXANDER crossed the Hellespont and defeated the Persians at the Battle of Granicus, conquering Asia Minor. The siege of Miletus and Halicarnassus. The colony of Cales was founded.
- 333 ALEXANDER invaded Syria and Judea and took Jerusalem. With 90,000 men, ALEXANDER defeated DARIUS' 60,000

- Persians at the Battle of Issus. The Persians lost 30,000 men; the Greeks 450. Lycia, West Pisidia and Cilicia were conquered.
- ALEXANDER was welcomed in Egypt and the city of Alexandria was established. Tyre was conquered. ALEXANDER lost 400 men; they lost 8,000. ALEXANDER the Molossian, uncle of ALEXANDER THE GREAT, was assassinated. Rome was divided into 29 tribes.
- The Persian Empire fell to the Greeks at the Battle of Gaugamel in October, as ALEXANDER marched from Egypt across the Euphrates and Tigris Rivers to Arbela. He had 47,000 men; DARIUS had more than a million. ALEXANDER lost 500 men in battle; DARIUS lost 40,000. ALEXANDER entered Babylon victorious. DARIUS was killed by traitors.
- ONIAS I was High Priest in Jerusalem.
- 329 Privernum was stormed. VITRUVIUS VACCUS was executed.
- 328 ALEXANDER conquered Bactria and Sogdiana. The colony of Fregellae was founded.
- 327 ALEXANDER invaded India. Rome warred against the Samnites at Palaeopolis.
- Mutiny among his men caused ALEXANDER to turn back at the banks of the Hyphasis, the easternmost of the five rivers of the Punjab in India, where he was wounded in November,
- 325 ALEXANDER was in Gedrosia.
- 324 ALEXANDER returned to Babylon.
- 323 ALEXANDER THE GREAT died in Babylon on June 13th at age 32 of marsh fever coupled with heavy drinking. PTOLEMY I SOTER took Egypt, as ALEXANDER'S kingdom was divided into four parts.
- 322 ARISTOTLE died. Rome rejected the Samnite request for peace. The Battle of Crannon.

- The Samnites under GAVIUS PONTIUS defeated the Romans at Caudine Pass. PERDICCAS was slain by his own troops in Egypt. CRATERUS was killed. ANTIPATER became regent of Athens and Macedonia. CHANDRAGUPTA MAURYA founded the Mauryan dynasty in India.
- **320** PTOLEMY took Jerusalem for Egypt. *PYRRHUS of Macedonia* was born. .
- 319 The Roman LUCIUS PAPIRIUS CURSOR took Luceria.
 ANTIPATER died and PTOLEMY of Egypt took Syria.
 POLYPERCHON claimed Athens and Macedonia.
- 318 CASSANDER took Athens and Macedonia from POLYPERCHON.
- 317 ALEXANDER'S mother, OLYMPIAS, challenged CASSANDER and killed PHILIP ARRHIDAEUS. ARDVATES founded the Armenian dynasty.
- 316 CASSANDER captured Pydna, killed OLYMPIAS and rebuilt Thebes. ANTIGONUS defeated and killed EUMENES and gained control of Asia Minor, Syria and Mesopotamia.
- **314** *Rome recaptured Sora. ANTIGONUS captured Tyre.*
- 313 Fregellae fell to the Romans. PTOLEMY crushed the Cyprus revolt.
- The Nabateans of Petra made their first appearance in history.

 APPIUS CLAUDIUS began building the Appian Way. Carthage invaded Sicily. ANTIGONUS and DEMETRIUS were defeated by PTOLEMY at Gaza. SELEUCUS NICATOR was given BABYLONIA. He conquered Susiana, Media and Northwest India.
- 311 CASSANDER murdered ALEXANDER'S wife ROXANA and their infant son. Then he married ALEXANDER'S half-sister, THESSALONICA. The Etruscans besieged Sutrium in vain. HAMILCAR of Carthage defeated AGATHOCLES of Syracuse.

- 310 The Epicurean religion began. QUINTUS FABIUS
 RULLIANUS crushed the Etruscans at Vadimonian Lake.
 AGATHOCLES invaded Africa. PTOLEMY took Cyprus.
 ANTIGONUS ravaged Babylonia.
- 308 ZENO of Citium founded the Stoic religion. ANTIGONUS killed ALEXANDER'S sister CLEOPATRA while she was on her way to Egypt to marry PTOLEMY SOTER. PTOLEMY made peace with CASSANDER.
- 307 War between DEMETRIUS and CASSANDER. AGATHOCLES of Syracuse was defeated by Carthage.
- 306 ANTIGONUS defeated PTOLEMY at Salamis. Peace between Syracuse and Carthage.
- 305 CASSANDER was defeated at Elatea. PTOLEMY declared himself King of Egypt and founded the Ptolemaic dynasty. DEMETRIUS besieged Rhodes. The Samnian capital of Bovianum fell to Rome.
- 304 ANTIGONUS made peace with Rhodes.
- 303 DEMETRIUS re-formed the Corinthian League.
- At the Battle of Ipsus, ANTIGONUS was defeated and slain by SELEUCUS, LYSIMACHUS and CASSANDER. SELEUCUS gained a large part of Asia Minor and all of Syria. LYSIMACHUS took West Asia Minor as his share. The Corinthian League was broken up.
- 300 High Priest ONIAS I died, succeeded by SIMON THE JUST. SELEUCUS founded Antioch in Syria. Ogulnian Law in Rome increased pontificates from 5 to 8 and augurs from 6 to 9. Celtic conquest of South Gaul. The Mayan calendar was invented in Yucatan.
- 299 The Romans colonized Narnia. SELEUCUS and DEMETRIUS became allies.
- **298** *Rome suppressed the Lucanian revolt.*
- **297** CASSANDER and his son PHILIP IV died.

- At a cost of 9,000 lives, the Romans under PUBLIUS DECIUS defeated the Gauls in Umbria. PTOLEMY acquired Cyprus, Ionia, Seleucus and Cilicia. LACHARES seized control in Athens.
- **294** DEMETRIUS POLIOCETES took Athens and became King of Macedonia.
- 293 The Samnites' strength was broken by Rome at the Battle of Aquilonia.
- **292** ANTIOCHUS I became joint king of Asia.
- 291 High Priest SIMON the Just died, succeeded by ELEAZAR. Venusia was founded with 20,000 colonists. DEMETRIUS took Thebes.
- 290 The History of Assyria was compiled by MEGASTHENES. The Sabines became Roman subjects. The Aetolian League was formed in Greece.
- **289** *AGATHOCLES of Syracuse died.*
- 287 DEMETRIUS POLIOCETES was driven from the Macedonian throne which was taken by PYRCHUS. The Law of Roman Dictator QUINTUS HORTENSIUS gave the decrees of the plebes equal force with the populus. PTOLEMY acquired Tyre and Sidon.
- 286 SELEUCUS defeated LYSIMACHUS at the Battle of Corupedion in Lydia and the period of the Diadochi ended.
- The translation of the Septuagint from Hebrew to Greek was authorized. Jewish captives in Egypt were freed by PTOLEMY.
- **284** *PTOLEMY I SOTER died and PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS ruled Egypt.*
- 283 The Celts were expelled from Italy by PUBLIUS CORNELIUS DOLABELLA.

- 282 LUCANIAUS was defeated by the Romans. DEMETRIUS died in Syrian captivity and ANTIGONUS ruled Macedonia.
- **281** SELEUCUS killed LYSIMACHUS. ANTIGONUS took Athens.
- PYRRHUS battled the Roman Consul PUBLIUS LAEVINUS on the banks of the Siris River near Heraclea. The Greeks won. Rome suffered 40,000 casualties. SELEUCUS was murdered and ANTIOCHUS I SOTER ruled Syria. PTOLEMY KERAUNOS of Egypt ruled Macedonia. The Achaean League was formed at Peloponnessus. The Colossus of Rhodes was completed.
- 279 PYRRHUS defeated the Romans in Apulia near Ausculum. The Gauls invaded Macedonia. Treaty between ANTIGONUS and ANTIOCHUS.
- 278 PYRRHUS retreated to Syracuse. HERACLEA made peace with Rome. The Gauls invaded Asia. ANTIGONUS, son of DEMETRIUS, ruled Macedonia.
- Translation of the Pentateuch from Hebrew to Greek was completed in the work on the Septuagint.
- 276 High Priest ELEAZAR died, succeeded by MANASSEH.

 PYRRHUS of Epirus built a fleet and sailed to Italy.

 ANTIOCHUS I defeated PTOLEMY II in the First Syrian War.
- 275 PYRRHUS lost a final battle near Beneventum to the Romans. The Celts established Galatia in Asia Minor. ANTIOCHUS I defeated the Gauls.
- Egypt made conquests in Asia Minor. Germans invaded the Roman empire. ASOKA, ruler of Insia, proclaimed Buddhist ideology.
- *Egypt sent their first embassy from Alexandria to Rome.*
- 272 PYRRHUS died in a street fight in Argos. The First Syrian War ended. Rome captured Tarentum.
- **270** EPICURUS, founder of the Epicurean philosophy, died. ARSINOE II died. ANTIGONUS annexed Euboea.

- 269 Emperor ASOKA of the Mauryan dynasty controlled north India and Afghanistan.
- **267** The coalition of Athens, Sparta and Egypt against ANTIGONUS.
- 265 The Roman Senate received the Mamertines into the Italian Confederacy. The Chromonidean War began. The Battle of Corinth. AREUS II of Sparta died. HIERO ruled Syracuse.
- 264 The First Punic War began. HANNO, son of HANNIBAL, blockaded Messana, but APPIUS CLAUDIUS CAUDEX won.
- **263** ACROTATUS of Sparta died. EUMENES I founded the Attalid dynasty in Pergamum.
- Rome won Sicily. ANTIGONUS took Athens. Agrigentum was captured. ANTIOCHUS I SOTER died and ANTIOCHUS II THEOS ruled Syria.
- **261** *Peace treaty between PTOLEMY II and ANTIGONUS.*
- **260** The Second Syrian War began. Rome defeated Carthage in a naval battle.
- **259** *ANTIOCHUS II took Ephesus.*
- Rome sent REGULUS with a fleet of 330 ships to Africa against the Carthagian fleet of 350 ships. Rome won. Battle of Cos.
- 255 REGULUS and his Romans were defeated by XANTHIPPUS and his Numidians at Tunis. The Roman fleet was destroyed by a storm off Pachynus. Only 80 survived. ANTIGONUS secured the Island League.
- **252** *Thermae and Lipara surrendered to Rome.*
- 251 High Priest MANASSEH died, succeeded by ONIAS II. *The Romans defeated HASDRUBAL of Carthage*.
- 250 The Torah was translated into Greek. *Parchment was developed as a writing material in Pergamum.*
- The Romans rejected the Carthaginian proposal of peace.

- 247 PTOLEMY II PHILADELPHUS died, succeeded by PTOLEMY III EUERGETES I in Egypt. ALEXANDER of Corinth died. HAMILCAR BARCA invaded Sicily. ANTIOCHUS II died and SELEUCUS II CALLINIUS ruled Syria.
- **246** The Third Syrian War began. ANTIGONUS recovered Corinth.
- 245 ARATUS became general of the Achaian League.
- **244** *AGUS IV ruled Syria. Brundisium was founded.*
- 243 ARATUS of Sicyon took Corinth.
- 241 Peace between PTOLEMY III of Egypt and SELEUCUS II of Syria. EUMANES I died and ATTALUS I ruled as King of Pergamum. AGIS IV of Syria died. A battle off Aegusa brought peace to Rome with Carthage.
- **240** War of the Brothers, SELEUCUS II and ANTIOCHUS HIERAX of Syria.
- 239 ANTIGONUS GONATAS died and DEMETRIUS II ruled Macedonia.
- 238 Rome seized Corsica. DEMETRIUS battled the League.
- 237 CLEOMENES III ruled Sparta.
- 235 The Battle of Cleonae. HAMILCAR BARCA made conquests in Spain.
- 233 The Battle of Phylacia. Chinese philosopher HAN FEITZU died.
- 232 Italian Celts attacked Rome.
- War between ATTALUS I of Pergamum and ANTIOCHUS HIERAX of Syria.
- **229** DEMETRIUS II died, succeeded by ANTIGONUS III DOSON in Macedonia. The First Illyrian War. Carthage ruled southern Spain.
- 228 HAMILCAR BARCA of Carthage died in battle in Spain. Athens regained independence. New Carthage was founded. The Cleomenic War.

- **227** *Revolution at Sparta.*
- 226 SELEUCUS II CALLINIUS died and SELEUCUS III CERAUNAS ruled Syria. HASDRUBAL of Spain, son-in-law of HAMILCAR, was warned by Rome not to pass the Ebro.
- The Celts advanced to the Apennines. The Gauls were routed at Telamon.
- The Celts were defeated by Roman GAIUS ATALIUS REGULUS. ANTIGONUS took Argos for Macedonia.
- 223 SELEUCUS III CERAUNAS died and ANTIOCHUS III THE GREAT ruled Syria. ACHAEUS recovered Seleucid Asia Minor.
- ANTIGONUS III DOSON died and PHILIP V ruled Macedonia.
 The Insubrian capital Milan was captured by GNAEUS SCIPIO.
 The Celts were vanquished. ANTIGONUS took Sparta. The
 Battle of Clastidium.
- **221** PTOLEMY III died and PTOLEMY IV PHILOPATER ruled Egypt. China was unified as SHIH-HUANG-TI became the "First Emperor."
- 220 HASDRUBAL was killed and HANNIBAL, son of HAMILCAR, became general in Spain. CLEOMENES died. The Fourth Syrian War began. The War of the Allies began.
- 219 HANNIBAL attacked Saguntum. The Second Illyrian War.
- ANTIOCHUS (MAGNUS THE GREAT) of Syria invaded Egypt and conquered Gaza. PHILIP V of Macedonia sacked Thermum. Rome and Carthage were at war. HANNIBAL led 90,000 infantry, 12,000 cavalry and 37 elephants and met the Romans at Ebro. He crossed the Pyrenees with 50,000 infantry, 9,000 cavalry, losing over half of his infantry, 3,000 of his cavalry and all but one elephant as he met the Roman SCIPIO on the plain, and won, becoming Master of Northern Italy.
- 217 HANNIBAL slew 15,000 Romans in the defeat of QUINTUS FABIUS at Lake Trasimene. Syria was defeated in the Battle of

- Raphia between ANTIOCHUS of Syria and PHILOPATER of Egypt.
- The Romans led 80,000 infantry and 6,000 cavalry against HANNIBAL'S 40,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry. The Romans lost 70,000 men at Cannae. Rome elected MARCUS TERENTIUS VARRO as counsel.
- 215 HANNIBAL was defeated by MARCELLUS at Nola. HIERO died. Alliance between Syracuse and Carthage.
- 214 MARCELLUS finished the war in Sicily. PHILIP began his second Illyrian campaign. Work on the Great Wall of China began.
- 213 ARATUS died. The siege of Syracuse began.
- 212 Syracuse surrendered. ARCHIMEDES was slain. ANTIOCHUS recovered Armenia.
- 211 HANNIBAL'S brother, HASDRUBAL, defeated the army of the two SCIPIOS in Spain. HANNIBAL marched on Rome. Capua and Syracuse fell.
- 210 Under GAIUS CLAUDIUS NERO, the Carthaginian advance in Spain was checked by PUBLIUS SCIPIO. ANTIOCHUS was in Media. Agrigentum fell.
- 209 SCIPIO captured the Carthaginian capital. ANTIOCHUS was in Parthyene. ATTALUS was in Pergamum.
- 208 ANTIOCHUS was in Bactria. ATTALUS returned to Asia. HASDRUBAL left Spain for Italy. MARCELLUS died.
- **207** *PHILIP raided Aetolia. The Spartans were defeated at Mantinea. HASDRUBAL was defeated at Metaurus and died.*
- Spain became a Roman province as PUBLIUS CORNELIUS SCIPIO drove out the Carthaginians. ANTIOCHUS made peace with BACTRIA. NABIS ruled Sparta. The rise of the HAN dynasty in China, lasting to A.D. 220.

- 205 PTOLEMY IV PHILOPATER died and PTOLEMY V EPIPHANES ruled Egypt. PHILIP of Macedonia made peace with Rome and allied with ANTIOCHUS of Syria against Egypt. SCIPIO landed in Sicily and recaptured Locri.
- 204 SCIPIO sailed to Utica and captured Syphax. The Cretan War began.
- **203** HANNIBAL returned to Africa after a 36-year absence. ANTIOCHUS seized Judea for Syria.
- 202 SCIPIO defeated HANNIBAL at the Battle of Zama, ending the Second Punic War. ANTIOCHUS invaded South Syria.

 ANTIOCHUS and PHILIP of Macedonia joined forces against Egypt.
- The Celts rose up against Rome. ANTIOCHUS of Syria took Gaza. PHILIP warred against the Greek coast cities.
- **200** *PHILIP of Macedonia captured Abydus and Rome declared war on him.*
- 199 ANTIOCHUS of Syria took Sidon. SCOPAS of Egypt retook Judea.
- 198 ANTIOCHUS of Syria attacked the Egyptian possessions in Cilicia, Syria and Palestine. ATTALUS of Pergamos asked Rome for aid. Egypt was defeated at Paneas.
- 197 ANTIOCHUS of Syria occupied Ephesus. PHILIP of Macedonia was defeated at Scotussa and escaped to Larissa. Peace between Rome and Macedonia.
- 196 ANTIOCHUS invaded Thrace. INSUBRES was defeated. HANNIBAL began democratic reforms at Carthage.
- High Priest SIMON died, succeeded by ONIAS III. Rome established Berber chief MASSINISSA in the Numidian kingdom for 60 years. Peace between Syria and Egypt. HANNIBAL joined ANTIOCHUS at Ephesus. CATO was sent to Spain.
- 194 FLAMININUS withdrew the Roman troops from Greece. The Lusitani War with Rome.

- 193 PTOLEMY V EPIPHANES married CLEOPATRA, daughter of ANTIOCHUS. The Celts were subdued. MASSINISSA raided Carthage.
- The Syrian fleet was defeated off Corycus. Rome declared war on Syria. The Spartans joined the Achaian League.
- ANTIOCHUS, defeated by the Romans at Thermopylae, fled to Ephesus.
- 190 SCIPIO ASIATICUS defeated the Syrian fleet at Side and Myonnesus.
- The Aetolian League ended. Peace between Rome and Aetolia. ANTIOCHUS of Syria was defeated at Magnesia.
- **188** The Treaty of Apamea.
- ANTIOCHUS of Syria was slain while plundering the Temple of Bel at Elymais and was succeeded by SELEUCUS IV PHILOPATER. The second Roman evacuation of Greece.
- **185** DEMETRIUS of Bactria took the Punjab.
- **184** *CATO the Elder became a censor in Rome.*
- Aquileia was founded to close the gates of the Alps. HANNIBAL was compelled by the Romans to take poison and died at age 67. PUBLIUS SCIPIO died. The Messenians revolted against the Achaians. War between Pontus and Pergamum.
- 182 Berber chief MASSINISSA raided Carthage again
- 181 PTOLEMY V EPIPHANES was poisoned and was succeeded by his son, PTOLEMY VI PHILOMETER in Egypt. PHILIP made an expedition to the Balkans. QUINTUS FULVIUS FLACCUS ruled Spain.
- 179 PHILIP V died, succeeded by PERSEUS in Macedonia.
- 177 The Latins were expelled from Rome. The fortress of Luna was established.

- 175 SELEUCUS IV PHILOPATER was murdered and ANTIOCHUS IV EPIPHANES ruled the Seleucid Empire.
- High Priest ONIAS III was deposed by ANTIOCHUS IV and replaced by JASON.
- 172 Rome declared war on Greece.
- High Priest JASON was replaced by MENELAUS for robbing the Temple treasury. MITHRIDATES I ascended the Parthian throne. ANTIOCHUS IV invaded Egypt. War between Rome and PERSEUS of Macedonia.
- 170 The Septuagint translation was completed in Egypt. JASON led an attack against Jerusalem. *ANTIOCHUS IV plundered the Temple at Jerusalem and killed 40,000 Jews*.
- 169 PHILIPPUS marched into Macedonia. Rome intervened in the Syrian invasion of Egypt.
- The Jerusalem Temple was desecrated by ANTIOCHUS IV on December 25th. Roman General LUCIUS AEMILIUS PAULUS subdued Macedonia at Pydna. PERSEUS was taken captive. Jerusalem was occupied by armed forces. PTOLEMY VII NEOS PHILOPATER became joint ruler of Egypt with his brother, PTOLEMY VI PHILOMETER.
- Priest MATTATHIAS led a Jewish revolt against
 ANTIOCHUS IV. PERSEUS died and the Antigonid dynasty
 ended. Macedonia and Illyria were divided into protectorates.
 1,000 Achaians were deported to Italy, including POLYBIUS the
 historian.
- Priest JUDAS BEN MATTATHIAS died, succeeded by his son, JUDAS MACCABEUS. JUDAS defeated APOLLONIUS, Governor of Judea.
- The Jerusalem Temple was purified and rededicated by JUDAS MACCABEUS on December 25th.

- The Jewish Priest ONIAS changed the Egyptian Temple at Heliopolis into a Jewish Temple. *ANTIOCHUS IV EPIPHANES died, succeeded by ANTIOCHUS V. EUPATOR, age 9, in Syria.*
- High Priest MENELAUS was slain, succeeded by ALCIMUS.
- 162 LYSIAS took Jerusalem. DEMETRIUS I SOTER ruled Syria.
- 161 Truce between Rome and Syria. CATO was sent by Rome to settle a dispute between the Numidian king and Carthage.

 MITHRIDATES I of Parthia seized Media.
- JUDAS MACCABEUS was killed in battle. His brother, JONATHAN, became the Jewish leader. High Priest ALCIMUS died. *EUMENES II died and ATTALUS II ruled Pergamum*.
- JONATHAN MACCABEUS of Israel and BACCHIDES of Syria made peace.
- Judea became an independent state. Rome campaigned in Dalmatia.
- Priest ONIAS was given permission to build a Jewish Temple at Heliopolis in Egypt.
- Lusitania invaded Spain. Rome was at war. MASSINISSA appealed to Rome to arbitrate with Carthage.
- JONATHAN MACCABEUS was made High Priest in Jerusalem. Farther Spain was defeated. Rome was defeated by the Celt-Iberians. DEMETRIUS I was slain, succeeded by ALEXANDER I BALAS. January 1st became the first day of Rome's civil year.
- 152 Carthage declared war on Rome.
- 151 MARCUS CLAUDIUS MARCELLUS terminated the Celt-Iberian War. Carthage declared war on MASSINISSA.
- The Monastic Order of the Essenes cult was organized. Carthage was defeated.

- MASSINISSA died. Rome won the Fourth Macedonian War. The Third Punic War started. Rome intervened on behalf of Carthage.
- 148 NICATOR contested for the Syrian throne. VIRIATHUS ruled Lusitania.
- 147 The Siege of Carthage. The Parthians took Babylonia.
- **146** *Carthage was destroyed. War between Rome and the Achaians.*
- The Pharisees and the Sadducees appeared as separate parties in Judea. ALEXANDER I BALAS of Syria was slain, succeeded by DEMETRIUS II NICATOR. PTOLEMY VI PHILOMETER died and PTOLEMY VII became sole ruler in Egypt for a short time, followed by PTOLEMY VIII EUERGETES II (PHYSCON).
- ANTIOCHUS, son of BALAS, overthrew NICATOR in Syria, but was slain by TRYPHON, who ruled Syria.
- 143 The 170-year Syrian servitude ended. The Numantine War.
- High Priest JONATHAN MACCABEUS was killed by Syrian General TRYPHO, and was succeeded by his brother SIMON MACCABEUS in Judea, who founded the Hasmonean dynasty.
- Syria withdrew from Jerusalem. MITHRIDATES I of Parthia captured Babylon.
- DEMETRIUS II defeated MITHRIDATES I of Parthia. The Greek marble statue of Venus de Milo, discovered in A.D. 1820 on the island of Melos, was sculptured.
- DEMETRIUS II was defeated and captured by the Parthians. ATTALUS II of Pergamum died, succeeded by ATTALUS III.
- 138 TRYPHON of Syria died, succeeded by ANTIOCHUS VII SIDETES.
- 135 The first Sicilian Slave War against Rome.
- High Priest SIMON MACCABEUS and two of his sons were slain by his son-in-law. JOHN HYRCANUS I, son of SIMON,

- became High Priest. TIBERIUS was elected tribune in Rome. Syrian power was restored in Judea.
- 133 SCIPIO AEMILIANUS subdued the Numantines. GRACCHUS died. ATTALUS III of Pergamum died. Rome made Pergamum a Roman protectorate. ANTIOCHUS of Syria occupied Jerusalem.
- 132 RUPILIUS of Rome won victory in the Sicilian Slave War.
- 131 Civil War in Egypt made CLEOPATRA II the sole ruler.
- JOHN HYRCANUS conquered Idumea. *ANTIOCHUS died in battle with the Parthians under DEMETRIUS*.
- JOHN HYRCANUS conquered Moab and Samaria and destroyed the Samarian Temple. *PHYSCON was restored to power in Egypt. DEMETRIUS ruled the Parthians.*
- **128** ALEXANDER II ZABINAS ruled Syria.
- **126** DEMETRIUS of Syria was slain.
- **125** ANTIOCHUS VIII GRYPUS, son of DEMETRIUS II, ruled Syria.
- War in Gaul against the Arverni and the Allobroges.

 MITHRIDATES II THE GREAT consolidated Parthia.
- 123 CAIUS GRACCHUS was elected tribune in Rome. Rome colonized Africa.
- MITHRIDATES V of Pontus died. Rome defeated the Arverni and Allobroges.
- 118 The colony of Narbo was founded. CAIUS GRACCHUS died. PTOLEMY PHYSCON and CLEOPARTA II reconciled in Egypt.
- 117 The death of HIEMPSAL.
- 116 PTOLEMY PHYSCON died, succeeded by PTOLEMY IX SOTER II LATHYRUS in Egypt. Cyrene separated from Egypt.

 JUGURTHA rose to power in Africa.
- 115 MITHRIDATES VI seized power in Pontus.

- Rome declared war on JUGURTHA and the Numidians in Africa.
- War between Rome and the Numidians. ANTIOCHUS VIII divided Syria with his half-brother ANTIOCHUS IX.
- **110** BELI II ruled Britain.
- 108 PTOLEMY ALEXANDER ruled Egypt. Korea came under Chinese control.
- High Priest JOHN HYRCANUS died, succeeded by ARISTOBULUS I. *GAIUS MARIUS became consul in Rome*.
- High Priest ARISTOBULUS I died, succeeded by ALEXANDER JANNAEUS. The Romans captured JUGURTHA. MARCUS TULLIUS CICERO was born.
- The Numidian kingdom was divided. The Celts defeated the Romans at the Rhone River.
- 104 PUBLIUS NERVA of Sicily held court in Syracuse regarding freedom of slaves. The Second Sicilian Slave War. Emperor WU TI'S Chinese forces reached the outposts of Western culture.
- High Priest ALEXANDER JANNAEUS assumed the title of King of Judea.
- GAIUS JULIUS CAESAR was born. ASTHENION was sole ruler of Sicily. MASRIUS defeated the Teutoni; 3,000 were slain at Aix and Milan.
- 101 The Battle of Vercellae ended the invasion by Germanic peoples.

 MARIUS and CATULUS defeated the Cimbri. EUPATOR
 occupied Galatia.
- 100 The Apocryphal book, "Wisdom of Solomon", was composed by a Hellenistic Jew in Egypt. Riots in Rome. MARIUS restored order. MITHRIDATES occupied Cappadocia. The La Tene people of Europe invaded England.
- **99** *The Romans won the Second Servile War in Sicily.*
- 98 MARIUS put down a revolt in Spain.

- 96 ANTIOCHUS VIII was murdered. ANTIOCHUS IX was killed in battle. SELEUCUS VI EPIPHANES NICATOR ruled Syria. PTOLEMY APION of Egypt died. Rome took Cyrene.
- 95 MARCUS PORCIUS CATO was born. Rome replaced MITHRIDATES with ARIOBARZANES in Cappadocia. TIGRANES ruled Armenia. ANTIOCHUS X EUSEBES PHILOPATER ruled Syria.
- 94 NICOMEDES II of Bithynia died.
- 93 TIGRANES drove ARIOBARZANES from Cappadocia.
- 92 SULLA restored ARIOBARZANES in Cappadocia.
 ANTIOCHUS XI PHILADELPHUS ruled Syria, followed by
 PHILIPPUS I PHILADELPHUS as co-regents with
 DENETRIUS III EUKAIROS PHILOPATER SOTER.
- 91 Senator LUCIUS CRASSUS died. DRUSUS was assassinated. The Social War began. Rome was defeated at Asculum.
- 90 Consul LUCIUS JULIUS CAESAR granted Roman citizenship to all Italians.
- War was declared against MITHRIDATES VI EUPATOR of Pontus.
- PHANUEL, husband of ANNA the Prophetess, died.

 MITHRIDATES overran Asia Minor, joined by Athens. Civil

 War in Rome. SULLA occupied Rome. PTOLEMY ALEXANDER

 was killed and PTOLEMY IX was restored in Egypt.
- 87 ANTIOCHUS XII DIONYSUS ruled Syria. LUCIUS CORNELIUS CINNA and MARIUS were in power. Massacre in Rome. SULLA invaded Greece. SSU-MA CH'IEN compiled the first comprehensive history of China.
- The Roman FIMBRIA defeated MITHRIDATES at Pergamus. The Romans took Athens.
- 85 The kingdom of Nabat was extended to Damascus.

- 84 CINNA was assassinated. The Romans took Ephesus. SULLA subdued MITHRIDATES VI.
- 83 MURENA warred against MITHRIDATES. SULLA landed at Brundisium and advanced to Campania in Italy.
- MURENA was driven from Cappadocia. SULLA marched to Rome, destroyed the constitution, restored the rule of the Senate, and declared himself Dictator. GNAEUS POMPEIUS (POMPEY) was sent to Sicily.
- **81** *POMPEY proceeded to Africa.*
- 80 PTOLEMY XI ALEXANDER II was assassinated, succeeded by PTOLEMY XII AULETES in Egypt.
- 79 SULLA retired from Dictatorship in Rome.
- 78 SULLA died. MARCUS AEMILIUS LEPIDUS was elected consul.
- 77 POMPEY went to Spain to crush a revolt.
- High Priest ALEXANDER JANNAEUS died and JOHN HYRCANUS was appointed to the office. But ALEXANDER'S wife, SALOME ALEXANDRA, took it.
- 75 NICOMEDES III of Bithynia died, bequeathing his kingdom to Rome.
- 74 MITHRIDATES declared war on Rome and invaded Bithynia. Cyrene became a Roman province.
- 73 The Romans closed the Jewish Temple at Heliopolis in Egypt. Gladiators, led by CRIXUS, OENOMAUS and SPARTACUS, broke out of the school at Capua and fled to Mt. Vesuvius.
- 72 SPARTACUS defeated the Romans. CRASSUS crucified 6,000 slaves, lining the road from Capua to Rome with their bodies.

 The Roman LUCULLUS defeated Bessi and Dardani.

 PERPERNA was defeated. POMPEY crushed the revolt in Spain.
- 71 POMPEY returned to Rome from Spain. LUCULLUS routed MITHRIDATES. CRASSUS crushed SPARTACUS'S army.

- 70 The first consul ship of MARCUS LICINIUS CRASSUS and GNAEUS POMPEIUS (POMPEY). PUBLIUS VERGILIUS MARO (VIRGIL, the Roman poet) was born. LUD ruled Britain.
- 69 ANTIOCHUS XIII ASIATICUS ruled Syria. LUCULLUS invaded Armenia.
- High Priestess SALOME ALEXANDRA died and a struggle between JOHN HYRCANUS II and ARISTOBULUS II erupted over the High Priest's office. ASRISTOBULUS won. MITHRIDATES' and TIGRANES' kingdoms were restored to them. Rome annexed Crete and Cyrene.
- POMPEY took command of the Roman legions from LUCULLUS. PHRAATES III of Parthia attacked TIGRANES. MITHRIDATES was defeated.
- 65 MITHRIDATES VI of Pontus killed himself. PHILIPPUS II ruled Syria. POMPEY warred against Iberi and Albani and annexed Bithynia.
- POMPEY took Antioch, ending the Seleucid monarchy. He regulated the affairs of the Bedouins, Jews and Nabataeans in Syria. JULIUS CAESAR made himself head of the state.
- 63 POMPEY took Jerusalem and the Hasmonean power ended. Syria was annexed as a Roman province. CAIUS JULIUS CAESAR OCTAVIANUS, surnamed AUGUSTUS, was born.
- JOHN HYRCANUS II was made High Priest and ruler in Judea, Galilee, Samaria and Perea by POMPEY. *JULIUS CAESAR was made Pretor in Rome. Bithynia, Cilicia and Crete came under Roman dominion.*
- 61 JULIUS CAESAR was made Governor of Spain.
- A Triumvirate was formed to rule Rome, consisting of GAIUS JULIUS CAESAR, MARCUS CRASSUS and GNAEUS POMPEIUS.
- JULIUS CAESAR was made consul in Rome on March 1st. CASSIBELLAUNUS ruled Britain.

- JULIUS CAESAR was made Governor of the Gauls. Cyprus was annexed. PTOLEMY XII AULETES was driven from Egypt.
- Roman General GABINIUS defeated ALEXANDER, son of ARISTOBULUS. Civil War in Parthia between MITHRIDATES III and ORODES II. CAESAR defeated Belgae and Nervii. CRASSUS was in Normandy. Riots in Rome between CLODIUS and MILO.
- 56 PTOLEMY XI AULETES was restored to power in Egypt by AULUS GABINIUS. CAESAR campaigned against Veneti and Morini, conquering Brittany and southwest Gaul.
- 55 POMPEY and CAESAR ruled jointly. CAESAR sailed to Britain with 5 legions and 2,000 cavalry. ALEXANDER revolted again.
- 54 MITHRIDATES III was executed by ORODES II of Pontus. CAESAR made a second expedition to Britain. CRASSUS ruled Syria. POMPEY ruled Spain.
- MARCUS CRASSUS died at Carrhae in Mesopotamia at the hands of the Parthians.
- 52 CAESAR was successful in subduing Gaul.
- PTOLEMY XII AULETES died in Egypt, succeeded by his daughter, CLEOPATRA VII, who married her two brothers, PTOLEMY XIV and PTOLEMY XV. The Parthians invaded Syria.
- 50 CAESAR liberated ARISTOBULUS, who was later poisoned and SCIPIO became President of Syria. CAESAR organized Gaul.
- 49 Civil War in both Egypt and Rome. CAESAR crossed the Ruibicon into Italy and was declared Dictator. POMPEY was defeated and left for Africa.
- 48 CAESAR was invested with Tribunician power for life. POMPEY was stabbed in the back by LUCIUS SEPTIMIUS in Egypt. CAESAR toured Africa, fought the Alexandrine War and established CLEOPATRA VII and PTOLEMY XIII in Egypt. CLEOPARTA became CAESAR'S mistress.

- 47 HEROD ANTIPATER was appointed Procurator of Judea by CAESAR. HEROD'S son, PHASAELUS, was made Governor of Jerusalem, and HEROD was made Governor of Galilee.

 JULIUS CAESAR was proclaimed Dictator of the World, and SEXTUS CAESAR was made President of Syria.
- The Battle of Thapsus. CAESAR was in Spain. CATO the Younger committed suicide.
- The first Leap Year. The beginning of the year was changed from March 1st to January 1st. The New Calendar was called "The Julian Calendar." CAESAR returned from Spain and adopted his nephew GAIUS OCTAVIUS as his heir. PTOLEMY XVI, son of CLEOPATRA by JULIUS CAESAR, ruled Egypt with his mother.
- ANTIPATER and HYRCANUS were authorized to repair the Jerusalem walls. JULIUS CAESAR was slain by MARCUS JUNIUS BRUTUS and GAIUS CASSIUS. The image of CAESAR'S head first appeared on coins.
- 43 Procurator HEROD ANTIPATER the Idumean was poisoned by the Sadducees. *Rome was ruled by a second Triumvirate composed of ANTONY, OCTAVIUS and LEPIDUS.*
- 42 ANTIGONUS rebelled and was defeated by HEROD. HEROD and PHASAELUS were appointed Tetrarchs of Judea by MARC ANTONY.
- 41 ANTONY met CLEOPATRA at Tarsus and visited Alexandria.
- 40 King PARTHIA of Babylon invaded Judea. HEROD fled to Rome where he was made King of Judea by the Roman Senate. ANTIGONUS MATTATHIAS was made High Priest. PHASAELUS was captured and committed suicide. ANTONIUS surrendered Perusia to OCTAVIAN. ANTONY married OCTAVIA. TENUANTIUS ruled Britain.
- 39 AGRIPPA campaigned in Gaul.

- 38 HEROD married MARIAMNE the Maccabean granddaughter of former High Priest HYRCANUS II. *MARC ANTONY returned to Egypt*.
- HEROD conquered Jerusalem. All the Jewish Sanhedrin were slain except two. ANTIGONUS MATTATHIAS was executed and ARISTOBULUS III was made High Priest. Work was begun to restore the Temple. MARC ANTONY married CLEOPATRA VII at Antioch.
- 36 LEPIDUS ceased as Triumvir.
- 35 HEROD executed ARISTOBULUS III and made JESUS, son of PHIABI, the High Priest. SEXTUS POMPEIUS was killed in Asia by TITIUS.
- 34 OCTAVIAN made Dalmatia a Roman province. ANTONY invaded Armenia.
- 33 BOCCHUS died.
- 32 ANTONY divorced OCTAVIA. ANTONY and CLEOPATRA were in Ephesus.
- A great earthquake in Judea. *ANTONY and CLEOPATRA were defeated by OCTAVIAN in Greece at the Battle of Actium.*
- ANTONY and CLEOPATRA committed suicide at Actium. Egypt became a Roman province as OCTAVIAN entered Alexandria. PHRAATES captured Media. CRASSUS was in the Balkans.
- HEROD was called before OCTAVIAN for murdering his uncle JOSEPH. HEROD killed his wife MARIAMNE. The Roman Senate granted OCTAVIAN the privilege of appointing any number of priests. He closed the Temple of Janus. KYMBELIN ruled Britain.
- HEROD killed ALEXANDRA, the last of the Hasmoneans.
- 27 OCTAVIAN assumed the title of Emperor AUGUSTUS
 CAESAR, and the Roman Republic was replaced by the Roman
 Empire. AUGUSTUS was in Gaul and Spain.

- PONTIUS PILATE was appointed Procurator of Judea. *GALLUS committed suicide*.
- 25 MARCELLUS married JULIA. Rome annexed Pamphilia, Pisidia, Lycaonia and Galatia.
- **24** Ethiopia invaded Egypt.
- AUGUSTUS resigned the consul ship. AGRIPPA was made vice-regent of the East. MARCELLUS died.
- SIMON, son of BOETHUS, became High Priest. *AUGUSTUS* was in Greece and Asia.
- **21** *AGRIPPA and JULIA married.*
- HEROD began reconstruction of the Jerusalem Temple.
 HILLEL led the Pharisees. AUGUSTUS gave Caesarea Philippi
 (Paneas) to HEROD'S jurisdiction. TIBERIUS entered Armenia
 and made TIGRNES king. AGRIPPA quelled revolts in Gaul and
 Spain.
- AGRIPPA was sent to the East. AUGUSTUS was in Gaul and Germany.
- 15 AGRIPPA visited Jerusalem.
- 13 LEPIDUS died. TIBERIUS became consul.
- 12 AGRIPPA died. AUGUSTUS became Pontifex Maximus. DRUSUS campaigned in Germany.
- HEROD named his son ANTIPATER as his successor. TIBERIUS and JULIA married.
- **10** Caesarea was inaugurated by HEROD.
- 9 DRUSUS died. HEROD invaded Nabatea. TITUS LIVIUS finished his history of Rome.
- The Census Decree of CAESAR AUGUSTUS. HORACE died. POLEMO was captured and executed.

- 7 HEROD slew his and MARIAMNE'S sons ALEXANDER and ARISTOBULUS ZACHARIAS was High Priest. *Rome was divided into 14 regions*.
- The Annunciation to MARY in Nazareth. JOHN THE BAPTIST was born in September to ZACHARIAS and ELISABETH. Judea became a sub-province of Syria. *TIBERIUS retired to Rhodes. TIGRANES II died. Armenia revolted.*Paphlagonia was added to Galatia.
- JESUS CHRIST was born in Bethlehem in April. MATTHIAS, son of THEOPHILUS, became High Priest, succeeded the same year by JOSEPH, son of ELAM.
- Wise Men from the East sought the child JESUS. HEROD THE GREAT killed the children of Bethlehem and executed his son ANTIPATER a few days before he died in March at Jericho. He was succeeded by HEROD ANTIPAS in Galilee. HEROD ARCHAELAUS ruled Judea. HEROD PHILIP ruled Iturea. JOEZER, son of BOETHUS, became High Priest, but ARCHAELAUS appointed ELEAZAR to the High Priest's office.
- 2 King PHRAATES of Parthia was assassinated, succeeded by PHRAATACES. AUGUSTUS began his 13th consul ship. JULIA was exiled.

A.D.

- 1 HEROD PHILIP built Bethsaida. WANG MANG became regent in China.
- 2 TIBERIUS returned from Rhodes.
- 4 ARCHAELAUS was made king of Judea and Samaria; ANTIPAS ruler of Galilee and Perea, and PHILIP of the northeastern territories.
- 6 ARCHAELAUS was deposed by AUGUSTUS and banished to Vienne in Gaul. CAPONIUS was made procurator of Judea and Judea became a province of Rome. ANNAS was appointed

High Priest by QUIRINIUS, governor of Syria. Roman General VARUS invaded Germany, to Westphalia.

- 7 Census in Judea. *GUIDERIUS ruled Britain*.
- **8** JESUS, age 12, was at the Temple in Jerusalem. *OVID was banished from Rome*.
- AMBIVIUS was made procurator of Judea. Revolts in Dalmatia and Pannonia were crushed by TIBERIUS. VESPASIAN was born. The Roman army under VARUS was defeated by ARMINIUS and the German Cherusci in Teutonberg Forest. WANG MANG became Emperor of China, founding the Hsia dynasty.
- 10 SAUL (PAUL the Apostle) was born in Tarsus.
- 11 TIBERIUS was made co-regent with AUGUSTUS.
- ANNIUS RUFUS was made procurator of Judea. *GAIUS CALIGULA was born*.
- VALERIUS GRATUS was made procurator of Judea.

 AUGUSTUS died August 19th and TIBERIUS became the sole ruler. GERMANICUS CAESAR defeated ARMINIUS and the Cherusci.
- ANNAS was deposed and ISHMAEL, son of PHIABI, became High Priest.
- ELEAZAR, son of ANNAS, became High Priest. *DRUSUS LIBO committed suicide*.
- SIMON, son of KAMITHOS, became High Priest.

 GERMANICUS CAESAR triumphed in Germany. LIVY died.

 Major earthquake in Asia Minor.
- JOSEPHUS CAIAPHAS, son-in-law to ANNAS, became High Priest. OVID died. Rome annexed Cappadocia. Consul ship of TIBERIUS III and GERMANICUS CAESAR.
- **19** GERMANICUS CAESAR was poisoned by PISO, governor of Syria.

- 20 HEROD ANTIPAS founded Tiberias. PISO was tried and committed suicide.
- 21 Consul ship of TIBERIUS IV and his son DRUSUS. TIBERIUS retired to Campania.
- 22 LIU HSIU established the Han dynasty in China.
- 23 DRUSUS was poisoned by LUCIUS AELIUS SEJANUS. PTOLEMY succeeded JUBA as king of Mauretania.
- JOHN THE BAPTIST began his ministry. JESUS was baptized in the Jordan River by JOHN. *CREMUTIUS CORDUS* committed suicide.
- JESUS began His Galilean ministry. HEROD'S Temple in Jerusalem was completed. PONTIUS PILATE was appointed procurator of Judea.
- JESUS began His Judean ministry. JOHN THE BAPTIST was beheaded by HEROD. HEROD ANTIPAS married HERODIAS. *TIBERIUS withdrew from Rome to Capreae*.
- JESUS began His Perean ministry. BERNICE was born to AGRIPPA I and KYPROS. TITIUS SABINUS was executed. JULIA died.
- JESUS was crucified, buried and resurrected in April. He ascended in May. The Day of Pentecost was in June when the Holy Spirit came. JUDAS ISCARIOT, who had betrayed JESUS for 30 pieces of silver, hanged himself and falling headlong, he burst asunder in the midst, and all his bowels gushed out. PHILIP traveled to Scythia in southern Russia where he ministered for 20 years. LIVIA died. AGRIPPINA and NERO, widow and son of GERMANICUS CAESAR, were banished.
- JAMES, son of ZEBEDEE, traveled to Spain where he established churches. *NERO committed suicide*.
- 31 Consulship of TIBERIUS V and SEJANUS. Buddhism reached China.

- The Church at Jerusalem held a leading position in the Christian community. SIMON PETER went to Antioch, established a church and stayed there for 7 years.
- 34 HEROD PHILIP died.
- 35 IGNATIUS was born. PONTIUS PILATE massacred the Samaritans at Mt. Gerizim. ARVI-RAGUS ruled Britain.
- 36 STEPHEN was stoned to death, becoming the first Christian martyr. SAUL (PAUL the Apostle) was converted on the road to Damascus. MARCELLUS was made procurator of Judea. CAIAPHAS was deposed and JONATHAN, son of ANNAS, was made High Priest. HEROD AGRIPPA I offended TIBERIUS and was imprisoned. PONTIUS PILATE was sent to Rome for misadministration. ARETAS warred against HEROD ANTIPAS.
- PAUL was at Damascus. The first church in Europe was started in Glastonbury, England by JOSEPH of Arimathea.

 HERENNIUS CAPITO was procurator of Judea.

 THEOPHILUS, son of ANNAS, was made High Priest.

 TIBERIUS died on March 16th and GAIUS CALIGULA ruled as co-consul with TIBERIUS GEMELLUS. CALIGULA killed GEMELLUS. FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS was born. NERO was born. HEROD AGRIPPA I was released from prison and ruled Syria.
- PAUL fled from Damascus, went to Jerusalem, then to Tarsus.

 POLEMO II ruled Pontus. COTYS was king of Armenia Minor.

 DRUSILLA was born to AGRIPPA I and KYPROS.
- JOSEPH of Arimathea and SIMON ZELOTES went to Avalon in Britain and established a church there. TITUS was born.

 GAIUS CALIGULA left Rome for Germany. HEROD ANTIPAS was deposed and exiled. CALIGULA attempted to initiate worship of his image in the Jerusalem Temple.
- 40 IGNATIUS succeeded SIMON PETER at Antioch. *GAIUS CALIGULA returned to Rome*.

- HEROD AGRIPPA I was made king of Judea and Samaria by CLAUDIUS. SIMON KANTHERAS was made High Priest.

 GAIUS CALIGULA was assassinated by the Praetorian Guard and was succeeded by his uncle, CLAUDIUS, on January 24th. SENECA was exiled to Corsica. PHILO of Alexandria died.
- Lycia in Asia Minor was made an imperial providence of Rome.
 AULUS PLAUTIUS of Rome invaded Britain. London was
 founded. China conquered Annan and Tonkin.
- PAUL was at Antioch. The disciples of Christ were first called "Christians" at Antioch. SIMON PETER went to Caesarea from Joppa and CORNELIUS was converted. SIMON PETER also ministered in Bithynia, Cappadocia and Galatia. JAMES, son of ZEBEDEE, was beheaded by HEROD ANTIPAS. HEROD AGRIPPA I died, eaten of worms, at age 54. CUSPIUS FADUS was made procurator of Judea. *CLAUDIUS was victorious in Britain*.
- PAUL, BARNABAS and JOHN MARK visited Jerusalem from Antioch. JAMES wrote his epistle. MATTHEW went to Persia. *Thrace was made a Roman province*.
- PAUL was at Antioch. TIBERIUS JULIUS ALEXANDER was made procurator of Judea.
- 47 ANANIAS, son of NEBEDAIUS, was made High Priest.
- 48 PAUL and BARNABAS began their first missionary journey. VENTIDIUS CUMANUS was made procurator of Judea. CLAUDIUS married his niece, AGRIPPINA the Younger.
- THOMAS, JUDE and BARTHOLOMEW went to India where they ministered in Nisibis, Malebar, Socotora, Camboia and Mogar. They even went to Cataio, Bisnaga and China.
- PAUL and BARNABAS attended the Council at Jerusalem.

 MATTHEW wrote his gospel. DOMITIUS NERO, son of
 AGRIPPINA, was adopted by CLAUDIUS. HEROD III died.
 HEROD AGRIPPA II ruled Chalcis. A Gothic kingdom was set
 up on Lower Vistula.

- PAUL and SILAS began a second missionary journey. PAUL met the Gentile physician, LUKE at Troas. BARNABAS and JOHN MARK ministered in Syria and Cilicia. DOMITIAN was born. VESPASIAN was consul. GALLIO was pro-consul of Achaia. The Romans captured CARACTACUS in Britain.
- PAUL wrote "First Thessalonians" from Corinth. THOMAS was killed in Cranganore, India by Brahmin priests who knocked him to the ground and stuck him through with a lance. GAMALIEL the Pharisee died. CLAUDIUS expelled the Jews from Rome.
- PAUL wrote "Second Thessalonians" from Corinth.
 ANTONIUS FELIX was made procurator of Judea. NERO
 married OCTAVIA. HEROD AGRIPPA II ruled Galilee.
 DRUSILLA married AZIZUS, king of Emesa.
- PAUL and SILAS began a third missionary journey. PHILIP, after having ministered in France, was pierced through the thighs and hung upside down on a cross until he died at Heliopolis in Phrygia at the age of 87. CLAUDIUS was poisoned by his wife AGRIPPINA on October 13th. Her son, NERO, became Emperor. Zealot terrorism in Palestine.
- PAUL was at Ephesus. ISHMAEL, son of PHIABI III, was made High Priest. The revolt of the Egyptian, Acts 21:38.

 Consulship of NERO and ANISTIUS VETUS. NERO poisoned his brother BRITANNICUS.
- PAUL ministered at Ephesus. NERO increased the territory of HEROD AGRIPPA II. Caesarea Philippi was renamed "Neronias."
- PAUL wrote "First Corinthians" from Ephesus, "Second Corinthians" from Macedonia, and "Galatians" from Corinth.
- PAUL wrote "Romans" from Corinth. PAUL was arrested at Jerusalem and sent to Caesarea. Buddhism was endorsed by Emperor MING-TI of China. Roman General CORBULO invaded Armenia and captured Artaxata.

- PAUL was tried before ANTONIUS FELIX at Caesarea.

 CORBULO took Tigranocerta. NERO introduced Greek games in Rome.
- PAUL was tried before FESTUS in Caesarea. After having ministered in Persia, Egypt and Ethiopia, MATTHEW was slain with a halberd in Egypt. PAUL, sent as a prisoner to Rome, was shipwrecked on Malta. LUKE wrote his gospel. SIMON ZELOTES returned to Britain after having ministered through Egypt, Cyrene, North Africa, Carthage, Martonia, Lybia and Spain. NERO killed his mother, AGRIPPINA. Puteoli was made a Roman colony. CORBULO became governor of Syria.
- PAUL arrived at Rome. PORCIUS FESTUS was procurator of Judea. JOSEPH QABI was made High Priest. LUKE wrote "Acts". BOUDICCA, queen of the Iceni in Britain, led a revolt against the Romans, but was killed by SUETONIUS PAULINUS. Galilee and Perea were added to HEROD'S kingdom.
- PAUL, at Rome, wrote "Philemon", "Colossians", "Ephesians" and "Philippians." ANANUS was made High Priest and had JAMES, brother of Jesus, cast from a pinnacle of the Temple, showered with stones and finally his skull smashed and his brains beaten out with a fuller's club. He was buried on the Mount of Olives.. BURRUS died. SENECA fell. NERO divorced OCTAVIA and married POPPAEA SABINA. OCTAVIA was banished and killed by NERO. LUCCEIUS ALBINUS was made procurator of Judea.
- PAUL was released from prison at Rome and went to Macedonia and Asia Minor, writing "First Timothy" from Macedonia and "Titus" from Ephesus. JOSHUA, son of GAMALIEL, was made High Priest. Rome annexed Pontus in Asia Minor. CLAUDIA was born to NERO and POPPAEA. TYRIDATES founded the Arsacid dynasty in Armenia.

- PAUL visited Spain. PETER wrote "First Peter" from Babylon. GESSIUS FLORUS was made procurator of Judea. After having ministered with ANDREW in Armenia, MATTHIAS, the apostle who took JUDAS' place, returned to Jerusalem where he was stoned and beheaded. A great fire burned Rome on July 19th. NERO persecuted the Christians.
- PAUL was in Spain and Britain. JOHN MARK wrote his gospel. MATTHIAS, son of THEOPHILUS, was made High Priest. *The conspiracy of PISO. POPPAEA died. The philosopher SENECA committed suicide at NERO'S orders.*
- PAUL traveled from Spain to Asia Minor. The zealot JOHN of Gischala terrorized Palestine, resulting in the Jewish War. Riots in Caesarea and Jerusalem. Masada on the Dead Sea was captured by the Jews. VESPASIAN and his son TITUS led the Roman armies in Judea. NERO married STATILIA MESSALINA and executed RUFUS and PROCULUS. PETRONIUS died.
- PETER wrote "Second Peter" and was crucified by NERO. JOHN MARK went to Venice and to Alexandria, Egypt, where he founded a church. PHINNIAS, son of SAMUEL, was made High Priest. VESPASIAN was made legate in Judea. CORBULO was ordered to commit suicide. JOSEPHUS was taken prisoner. NERO began work on the Corinth canal.
- LAZARUS of Bethany ministered in Citium in Cyprus for 30 years, then traveled to Marseilles in Gaul where he spent 7 more years and also visited Britain. He retired to Cyprus where he died (again). JOHN MARK was dragged to death through the streets of Alexandria, Egypt on Easter. BARTHOLOMEW, after having ministered in India with THOMAS and JUDE and with PHILIP at Hierapolis, died after being beaten with clubs, flayed alive and crucified in Armenia by the priests of Albanus, led by ASTYAGES, the king's brother. PAUL was imprisoned in Rome and wrote "Second Timothy" shortly before he was beheaded in May by NERO. JUDE wrote his epistle.

 HEBREWS was written, probably by PAUL. VESPASIAN attacked Jerusalem. NERO committed suicide on June 9th and

was succeeded by GALBA. JOSEPHUS wrote his "History of the Jewish War."

- POLYCARP was born. After having ministered in the foothills of the Caucasis mountains, to the Scythians in South Russia around the Black Sea, establishing churches in Scythia, Byzantium, Greece, Thrace, Macedonia and Patros, ANDREW was crucified at Achaia on a cross in the form of an "X", hanging there for three days before he died on the last day of November. LUKE, who had been ministering with ANDREW, was crucified at Patros, Greece by being hanged on an olive tree by the idolatrous priests. GALBA was murdered by OTHO in January. The Senate declared OTHO Emperor on April 16th. OTHO committed suicide and was succeeded by AULUS VITELLIUS. VITELLIUS was murdered on December 22nd and TITUS FLAVIUS VESPASIAN became ruler, founding the Flavian dynasty. HORDEONIUS FLACCUS was murdered.
- VESPASIAN arrived at Rome. TITUS, his son, with 80,000 men, captured and destroyed Jerusalem in August. 700 Jewish prisoners were taken to Rome. Judea was detached from Syria and made a separate Roman province.
- 71 All astrologers and philosophers were banished from Rome.
- After ministering in Syria, Edessa and northern Persia, JUDE (THADDAEUS) was killed with a halberd at Edessa and was buried at Kara Kelesia. SIMON ZELOTES was sawn asunder in Persia. Jewish revolts in Egypt and Cyrene. ANTIOCHUS IV was deposed. Asia Minor was added to Cappadocia.
- BARNABAS was killed by the Jews in Salamis on Cyprus. Greece was made a senatorial province. Censorship of VESPASIAN and TITUS.
- MASADA fell to the Romans on April 15th.
- 75 HEROD AGRIPPA II and BERNICE moved to Rome. Media and Armenia were invaded by the Alani. VESPASIAN began building the Roman Coliseum.

- JOSEPH of Ariamathea died in Britain and was buried at Glastonbury..
- 77 Roman General CNEIUS JULIUS AGRICOLA became governor in Britain.
- 78 The conspiracy of CAECINA ALIENUS and MARCELLUS.
- VESPASIAN died, succeeded by his son, TITUS. ELDER PLINY died. Mt. Vesuvius erupted, destroying Pompeii and Herculaneum.
- 80 Rome was burned again. TITUS dedicated the Roman Coliseum.
- Targums", Aramaic versions of the Old Testament, began to appear. The Arch of Titus was erected. TITUS died, succeeded by his brother DOMINTIAN, son of VESPASIAN and FLAVIA DOMITILLA.
- The Romans invaded southwest Germany and defeated the Chatti.
- JOHN wrote his Gospel. *AGRICOLA was recalled from Britain*.
- The inauguration of the Capitoline Games. The first Dacian War.
- **88** CLEMENT I was bishop of Rome. *Revolt in Mainz.*
- 89 ANTONIUS SATURNINUS of Germany rebelled.

 MARCOMANNI and QUADI of Bohemia defeated DOMITIAN in the second Dacian War.
- Jewish rabbis gathered at Jamnia to establish the Jewish canon of Scripture. JOHN wrote I John, II John and III John.

 DOMITIAN began his persecution of Christians.
- **92** The Pataline palaces were completed. The third Dacian War began.
- 93 AGRICOLA died. The trial of BAEBIUS MASSA. Persecution of senators.

- Roman persecution of Jewish and Christians. Josephus' "Antiquities" was published.
- POLYCARP was baptized by JOHN on December 25th.
 JOHN was banished from Ephesus to Patmos by DOMITIAN
 where he wrote "Revelation". During his banishment,
 TIMOTHY ministered at Ephesus. CLEMENT wrote his first
 epistle to the Corinthian church from Rome. The Jews refused to
 pay the tax levied by DOMITIAN. ARRIAN was born. All
 philosophers were expelled from Italy.
- JOHN was released from exile on Patmos by NERVA and returned to Ephesus. DOMITIAN was stabbed by STEPHANUS in September and MARCUS COCCEIUS NERVA became Emperor. KANISHKA, ruler of the Kushan dynasty in India, died.
- TIMOTHY reproved the pagans of Ephesus for their idolatry, causing them to fall upon him with clubs and beat him. He died two days later from the beating. CLEMENT wrote his second epistle to the Corinthian church. JOHN the Apostle died at Ephesus on September 26th..
- 98 NERVA died, succeeded by his adopted son, MARCUS ULPIUS TRAIANUS TRAJAN. Gloucester was founded.
- 99 TRAJAN arrived in Rome and built the Forum of Trajan.
- 100 HEROD AGRIPPA II died. The book "Bhagavad Gita", which influenced Hinduism, was composed.
- **101** TRAJAN campaigned against Dacia (Rumania).
- 103 JUSTIN MARTYR was born at Neapolis, Samaria.
- The kingdom of the Nabateans ended. The Negev was annexed by the Romans. DECEBALUS committed suicide.
- 107 IGNATIUS, bishop of Antioch, wrote seven letters to churches, and TRAJAN had him thrown to the lions in Syria.
- POLYCARP, elder of Ephesus, wrote to the Philippians.

- 111 PLINY the Younger was governor in Bithynia.
- 112 PLINY wrote TRAJAN for advice on how to deal with Christians. The first organized persecution of Christians.
- 113 PLINY died. TRAJAN launched a war in Parthia.
- 114 Christian persecution in Syria. Armenia and Mesopotamia were annexed by TRAJAN.
- 115 The Jews in Cyrene revolted. The second Jewish War began.
- The Jews in Egypt and Cyprus revolted, but were repressed by TRAJAN. Assyria was made a province of Rome.
- 117 TRAJAN died, succeeded by his cousin, PUBLIUS AELIUS HADRIAN.
- The Jews, under the leadership of ARTEMIA, massacred 220,000 Greeks in Cyrene and 240,000 in Cyprus.
- **120** The consulship of ANTONIUS.
- **121** HADRIAN toured the provinces.
- 122 HADRIAN visited Britain and Hadrian's Wall was built across northern England. The second Moorish revolt. BAR KOKHBA led a Jewish uprising.
- 124 The Pantheon was built at Rome.
- 126 PLUTARCH died.
- 129 The Greek physician GALEN was born. HADRIAN made a second tour of the provinces.
- 130 HADRIAN founded Antinopolis.
- 131 SALVIUS JULIANUS formulated the "Praetor's Edict" which became the sole source of Roman law.
- Another Jewish uprising led by SIMON BEN KOCHBA liberated Judea He presented himself as the Messiah.
- JUSTIN MARTYR was converted to Christianity. BASILIDES became the religious leader in Alexandria, Egypt.

- Parthia was invaded by the Alani. ANTONINUS was proconsul of Asia.
- The "Epistle of Barnabas" was written at Alexandria, Egypt. Jerusalem was razed and the Jews dispersed. Jewish history ended. Jerusalem was renamed "Aelia Capitolina" and made a Roman colony. The Temple of Jupiter Capitolinus was erected on the Temple site with an equestrian statue of Emperor HADRIAN. The Pantheon was rebuilt. The Arch of Hadrian was built in Athens.
- MARCION left Pontus for Rome and founded the Gnostic church with two "gods"; the Old Testament evil one, and the New Testament good one to redeem. *HADRIAN died, succeeded by ANTONIUS PIUS*.
- MARCION formed the first New Testament canon, which included only ten of Paul's epistles.
- MARCION founded the Marcionite church in Asia Minor.
- POLYCARP organized the Partus church at the foot of the Tiber, of which TERTULLAN was a member. THEOPHILUS, bishop of Antioch, first made use of the word "Trinity." HERMAS wrote "The Shepherd of Hermas." JUSTIN MARTYR wrote "The Apology" to the Emperor. CLEMENT was born in Athens.
- POLYCARP, bishop of Smyrna, was stabbed and burned at the stake. The Christian heresy of Montanism emerged in Phrygia. A Latin translation of the Bible was made from a Greek version.
- QUINTUS SEPTIMUS FLORENS TERTULLIANUS was born at Carthage.
- MARCUS AURELIUS began his reign as emperor, with LUCIUS AURELIUS VERUS as co-emperor to 169.
- 164 The great plague in Rome.
- JUSTIN MARTYR was killed in Rome. TATIAN authored "The Diatessaron," a harmony of the four gospels.

- 167 The Wars of the Marcomanni and Quadi.
- 170 LUCIAN wrote a satire on Christians and their faith.
- 175 The New Testament canon was substantially completed.
- POTHINUS, pastor at Lyons, was martyred.
 ATHENAGORAS, professor of Athens, wrote "Supplication for the Christians."
- 179 The Church of St. Peter-Upon-Cornhill was founded in London.
- IRENAEUS succeeded POTHINUS as bishop of Gaul. Twenty New Testament books were accepted as canonical. James, 2nd Peter, 2nd & 3rd John, Jude, Hebrews and Revelation were still being considered. THEOPHILUS of Antioch wrote "Apology to Autolycus." MARCUS AURELIUS died at Vienna, succeeded by LUCIUS COMMODUS. The Romans were defeated in Scotland.
- 184 The revolt of the Yellow Turbans against the eunuchs of China.
- ORIGINES ADAMANTIUS (ORIGEN) was born.
- VICTOR I became pastor of the Rome church.
- 190 CLEMENT succeeded PANTAENUS at the school at Alexandria, Egypt and wrote "Address." *HSIEN became emperor of China*.
- 192 COMMODUS was murdered, succeeded by PUBLIUS HELVIUS PERTINAX, who was murdered by a Praetorian Guard.
- 193 DIDIUS SEVERUS JULIANUS ruled Rome, followed by LUCIUS SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS.
- 194 SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS defeated and killed his rival, PESCENNIUS NIGER, at Issus.
- PRAXEAS visited Rome from Asia to prevent the recognition of the Montanists by the Roman bishop, VICTOR I. CYPRIAN was born at Carthage.

- 196 CARACALLA became co-emperor of Rome with SEVERUS, to 198.
- TERTULLION was converted to Christianity and wrote "Apologeticus." SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS killed his rival, SEPTIMIUS ALBINUS, at Lyons.
- 198 SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS won the Parthian War and reorganized Mesopotamia.
- **199** ZEPHYRINUS succeeded VICTOR I as bishop of Rome.
- Rabbi JEHUDAH HA-NASI compiled the "Mishnah." Later, the "Gemara" was added, to become the Palestinian "Talmud." SABELLIUS formulated a false doctrine of the Trinity, called "Sabellianism", teaching that the trinity was a manifestation of forms rather than of essence; there were not three persons in the Godhead, but three manifestations, denying separate personalities. *Afghanistan was invaded by the Huns*.
- **201** VICTOR I was killed.
- TERTULLIAN defended the Montanists. IRENAEUS of Lyons was beheaded. LEONIDES, father of ORIGEN, was martyred. CLEMENT of Alexandria fled.
- ORIGINES ADAMANTIUS (ORIGEN) succeeded CLEMENT at the school at Alexandria, at the age of 18, serving to 231.
- 208 SEVERUS campaigned in Britain and repaired the Hadrian Wall.
- 211 SEVERUS died at York and CARACALLA, his son, ruled Rome.
- All free men in the Roman Empire were granted Roman citizenship.
- 213 TERTULLIAN joined the Montanists.
- TERTULLIAN wrote "Adversus Praxean", stating the Doctrine of the Trinity. CLEMENT died.

- **216** CARACALLA annexed Armenia. MANI, founder of Manichacism, was born in Persia.
- **217** CARACALLA was slain by MARCINUS, who succeeded him in Rome.
- 218 MARCINUS DIED. AVITUS (HELIOGABALUS), priest of the Syrian sun god at Emesa, was made Emperor of Rome.
- 219 CALIXTUS succeeded ZEPHYRINUS as bishop of Rome.
- TERTULLIAN died. The Han dynasty ended in China. The Goths invaded Asia Minor and the Balkans.
- 222 URBAN I became bishop of Rome.
- 224 CALIXTUS, bishop of Rome, was martyred.
- The Andgra dynasty in India ended as the Satakani empire collapsed.
- The Parthian kingdom ended. The Sassanid dynasty founded a new Persian empire under ARDASHIR I.
- ORIGEN was ordained a presbyter in Palestine by ALEXANDER of Jerusalem and THEOCTISTUS of Caesarea.
- ORIGEN wrote "De Principus." The earliest known public churches were built.
- ORIGEN was condemned by DEMETRIUS at the Council of Alexandria. ORIGEN founded a school at Caesarea.
- DIOYSIUS succeeded ORIGEN as head of the Alexandrian school. URBAN I, bishop of Rome, was martyred.
- Bishops HIPPOLYTUS and PONTIANUS were transported to Sardinia where they died in the mines. SEVERUS ALEXANDER was assassinated by his troops and was succeeded by anarchist MAXIMINUS THRAX.
- ZEBINUS, bishop of Antioch, died and was succeeded by BABYLAS.

- 238 MAXIMINUS was assassinated by his troops and was succeeded by GORDIAN III. China seized northern Korea.
- ORIGEN composed the "Hexapla," a 6-column compilation of the Hebrew Old Testament and five Greek Translations: Aquila, Symmachus, Theodorion, the Septuagint and a transliteration. *SHAPUR I ruled Persia*.
- **241** *SHAPUR I invaded Mesopotamia and started a war with Rome.*
- MANES the Persian founded the Manichaeism religion in Persia. *The German Alani defeated GORDIAN near Philippopolis and settled in Thrace*.
- **243** FURIUS TIMESITHEUS drove the Persian forces from Antioch.
- 244 PHILIPPUS the Arabian killed GORDIAN and ruled Rome. The Romans defeated the Persians in Mesopotamia.
- 246 CYPRIAN, a disciple of TERTULLIAN, became a Christian.
- 247 CYPRIAN became bishop over north Africa. *The Goths raided across the Danube River*.
- 248 CYPRIAN became bishop of Carthage.
- 249 PHILIPPUS was killed in battle and GAIUS MESSIUS QUINTUS DECIUS ruled Rome.
- Persecution of Christians was general and violent. FABIAN, bishop of Rome, was martyred. DECIUS issued an edict demanding annual sacrifice on Roman altars to the Emperor. PLOTINUS developed the religion of Neoplatonism and founded a school in Rome.
- 251 DECIUS ordered sacrifices to idols in the Temple of Ephesus and was killed in Dacia. C. VIBIUS AFINIUS TREBONIANUS GALLUS and HOSTILIANUS, son of DECIUS, were coemperors of Rome until GALLUS killed HOSTILIANUS.
- 253 STEPHEN, bishop of Rome, excommunicated the bishops of Asia Minor, calling them "Anabaptists." *GALLUS was killed by his troops and MARCUS AEMILIUS AEMILIANUS ruled Rome*,

- followed by co-emperors PUBLIUS LICINIUS VALERIANUS and his son, GALLIENIUS.
- 254 ORIGEN died from torture in Alexandria.
- 256 The Franks, Goths and Alamanni advanced into the Roman Empire.
- 257 Christians were commanded to conform to the state religion in Rome. *The Goths invaded the Black Sea area and the Franks invaded Spain.*
- 258 CYPRIAN of Carthage and SEXTUS of Rome were martyred by STEPHEN I of Rome for rebaptizing. Emperor VALERIANUS issued a decree to put all Christian clergy in Rome to death.
- 259 SHAPUR I of Persia captured Emperor VALERIANUS in battle. He died in captivity and GALLIENIUS became sole ruler.
- PAUL of Samosata was bishop of Antioch and became Father of the Paulicians. EUSEBIUS, the church's first real historian, was born. *The Goths invaded Greece. Famine in Egypt. MACRIANUS ruled Rome with QUIETUS as co-emperor.*
- **261** *GALLIENIUS ruled Rome.*
- 263 ODENATHUS of Palmyra defeated Syria and took Mesopotamia from Rome.
- The Council of Laodicea ordered a reciting of the creed at baptism. *ODENATHUS of Palmyra died, succeeded by Queen ZENOBIA, who declared independence from Rome.*
- 268 GALLIENUS was killed by his troops and MARCUS AURELIUS CLAUDIUS II ruled Rome.
- 270 CLAUDIUS II died of the plague and QUINTILLIUS ruled Rome, followed by AURELIAN. ZENOBIA invaded Egypt.
- 272 AURELIAN seized ZENOBIA and destroyed Palmyra.
- 273 Palmyra fell to Rome.

- FELIX, bishop of Rome, was martyred by AURELIAN.
- 275 AURELIAN was murdered and TACITUS ruled Rome.
- 276 TACITUS was killed by his troops and FLORIAN ruled Rome. He was murdered and was succeeded by PROBUS.
- 282 PROBUS was killed by his troops and MARCUS AURELIUS CARUS ruled Rome.
- **283** CARUS died. His sons NUMERIAN and CARINUS ruled Rome as co-emperors, NUMERIAN over the East and CARINUS over the West.
- 284 NUMERIAN was murdered and GAIUS AURELIUS VALERIUS DIOCLETIANUS ruled Rome.
- 285 CARINUS was killed by his troops in Moravia and DIOCLETIAN ended the dyarchy and began a monarchy in Rome. MARCUS AURELIUS CARAUSIUS proclaimed himself emperor of Britain.
- 286 DIOCLETIAN issued a decree condemning Christianity. *The Theban Legion was formed. MARCUS AURELIUS VALERIUS MAXIMIANUS was made co-emperor by DIOCLETIAN.*
- 293 CONSTANTIUS was Caesar of the West; GALERIUS was Caesar of the East; DIOCLETIAN was Emperor of the East; CONSTANTIUS was Caesar of Britain, Gaul and Spain. CARAUSIUS was defeated by ALLECTUS, who claimed Britain.
- **294** *DIOCLETIAN crushed a revolt in Egypt.*
- The title of "Pope" was first applied to the bishop of Rome. ATHANASIUS was born. NARSES of Persia drove GALERIUS from Mesopotamia.
- Armenian king TIRIDATES III was converted to Christianity. CONSTANTIUS ended the revolt in Britain. The Romans took Armenia from the Persians.

- The See of Etchmiadzin (root of the Armenian church) was organized by GREGORY. Writing material was changed from papyrus to parchment.
- The Council of Elvira met.
- DIOCLETIAN issued an edict for the persecution of Christians. He ordered cessation of meetings, destruction of churches, deposition of officers, imprisonment of believers and destruction of the Scriptures. They were punished by loss of property, exile, imprisonment, execution by the sword or wild beasts. Many were sent to labor camps where they were worked to death in the mines. Multitudes perished, about 10,000 of these in Britain.
- 305 DIOCLETIAN and MAXIMIAN abdicated and retired.
 GALERIUS and CONSTANTIUS succeeded them in Rome.
- CONSTANTIUS died and the army proclaimed his son CONSTANTINUS I (CONSTANTINE the Great) emperor of Rome. He agreed to be Caesar to FLAVIUS VALERIUS SEVERUS. MAXIMIAN again ruled Rome. MAXENTIUS, son of MAXIMIAN, killed SEVERUS.
- 307 LICINIUS was made emperor by GALERIUS. Rome had six emperors.
- **308** QUIRINUS, bishop of Siscia, was martyred. *MAXENTIUS* ruled Rome.
- MARCELLUS, bishop of Rome, was martyred. *MAXIMIAN died*.
- GALERIUS issued an Edict tolerating Christianity. ULFILAS, missionary to the Goths, was born. PETER, bishop of Alexandria, was martyred. The basilica of St. John Lateran was built in Rome. The Donatists separated themselves from the growing apostasy. GALERIUS died. VALERIUS LICINIANUS LICINIUS was emperor.

- 312 CONSTANTINE'S vision of a fiery red cross in the sky began the Imperial Age. *CONSTANTINE defeated MAXENTIUS at the Milvian Bridge*.
- CONSTANTINE issued the Edict of Milan, granting freedom of religious worship and restoring Christians' property. Christian clergy were exempted from the military and from taxation.

 LICINIUS became co-emperor with CONSTANTINE.
- The Council of Bishops at Arles condemned the Donatist position on sacraments and recognized Rome's primacy in the Christian church. The Doctrine of Baptismal Regeneration was established. *Death by crucifixion was abolished by CONSTANTINE*.
- Christian slaves were freed. CONSTANTINE made conversion from Christianity to Judaism a penal offense.
- The first civil observance of Sunday. CONSTANTINE ruled against the Donatists and closed their churches. MARTIN of Tours, patron saint of France, was born in Hungary.
- 317 The Chin dynasty came to power in China.
- PACHOMIUS founded Monasticism at Tabennisi in Egypt. CHANDRUGUPTA I founded the Gupta dynasty in India.
- 321 CONSTANTINE declared Sunday "a day of rest."
- 323 EUSEBIUS completed "Ecclesiastical History." CONSTANTINE conquered LICINIUS and became the sole emperor of Rome.
- The Council of Eliberias was held in Spain. Pope SYLVESTER I consecrated the Basilica of St. Peter and St. Paul's Without-the-Wall on Nov. 18th. The Roman Empire was divided by the Roman Senate. Rome was the capital of the West; Old Byzantium, renamed Constantinople, was the capital of the East.
- The Council of Nicaea with 318 bishops present was called by CONSTANTINE. The Arian controversy was arbitrated and the Deity of Christ was settled. The Nicene Creed was

presented. The Trinity was established as: God the Father, the Virgin Mary, and Messiah their Son. Sunday was established as the day of worship. A fixed date was set for the observance of Easter. The Quartodecimans disputed the date of Easter, holding its celebration on the same day the Jews observed Passover. The Vatican Manuscript was produced. The Church of the Nativity was built in Bethlehem.

- 326 HELENA, mother of CONSTANTINE, visited Palestine and "found the true cross."
- 328 ATHANASIUS became bishop of Alexandria in Egypt. EUSEBIUS persuaded CONSTANTINE to recall ARIUS from exile. The seat of the Roman Empire was moved from Rome to Constantinople.
- BASIL, who became bishop of Caesarea and Archbishop of all Cappadocia, was born.
- The Sinaitic Manuscript was produced. ATHANASIUS retired as bishop of Alexandria and was replaced by ARIUS.
- Christmas on December 25th was converted to a Christian holy day.
- CONSTANTINE died May 22nd at age 66, succeeded by his three sons, CONSTANS in Italy, CONSTANTIUS II in the East, CONSTANTINE II in the West. SHAPUR II of Persia defeated the Roman forces.
- 338 The Jewish calendar was improved.
- EUSEBIUS died. The Apostles' Creed first appeared in Rome. ATHANASIUS introduced monasticism to Christendom. AMBROSE, who became bishop of Milan, was born. *CONSTANTINE II was killed by CONSTANS*.
- 341 ULFILAS became bishop of the Goths.
- **345** JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was born in Antioch, Syria.
- 347 SOPHRONIUS EUSEBIUS HIERONYMUS (JEROME) was born in Stridon.

- 350 CYRIL became bishop of Jerusalem. Christmas was adopted as a Christian festival. ULFILAS translated the Bible into Gothic for the Goths. *Persia regained Armenia from Rome*.

 CONSTANS was killed by FLAVIUS MAGNUS MAGNENTIUS and CONSTANTIUS II became sole emperor.
- AUGUSTINUS AURELIUS (AUGUSTINE) was born to PATRICUS AUGUSTINUS and MONICA on Nov. 13th in Tagaste (Algeria), North Africa.
- 356 CONSTANTIUS II made JULIAN the Apostate Caesar. ANTHONY died.
- JULIAN rebelled against CONSTANTIUS II and gave the Jews permission to rebuild their Jerusalem Temple. *Scrolls were replaced by bound books. The Huns invaded Europe.*
- 361 CONSTANTIUS II died, succeeded by JULIAN as emperor. JULIAN attempted to make Neoplatonism the religion of the empire.
- 363 JULIAN revoked permission to the Jews to build their temple.
- JOVIAN died, succeeded by VALENTINIAN I in the West and his brother VALENS in the East. VALENS persecuted the Athanasians.
- **366** JEROME was baptized. DAMASCUS won the Roman bishopric over URSINUS.
- ATHANASIUS, bishop of Alexandria, wrote his 39th Festal Letter and listed the present 27 New Testament books we now have. *GRATIAN became co-emperor with his father*, *VALENTINIAN I.*
- **368** JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was baptized and became a monk, living in a mountain cave.
- A peace treaty was signed between Rome and the invading Gauls. THEODOSIUS drove the Picts and Scots from Britain.
- The first record of infant baptism, as Emperor VALENS' son, GALATES, was baptized on the Emperor's order. BASIL the

Great, one of the Cappadocian Fathers, became bishop of Caesarea.

- War between Rome and Persia.
- 373 ATHANASIUS died at Alexandria at age 78.
- AMBROSE became bishop of Milan and introduced the singing of hymns.
- The "Dark Ages" began. ULFILAS began his work among the Gauls. JEROME had a vision at Antioch. VALENTINIAN I died and his son GRATIAN ruled as emperor of the West, with VALENTINIAN II, his half-brother. In India, SAMUDRAGUPTA died, succeeded by CHANDRAGUPTA II.
- 376 AUGUSTINE went to Rome to teach. *The Goths were overrun* by the Huns. The Huns invaded Russia.
- The Pope of Rome fell heir to two keys from the pagan divinities JANUS and CYBELE and became the Supreme Pontiff of the Babylonian Order. *VALENS died at the Battle of Adrianople against the Huns and THEODOSIUS the Great became joint emperor with GRATIAN*.
- 379 JEROME was ordained. BASIL the Great died. SHAPUR II of Persia died.
- The Edict of THEODOSIUS I made Christianity the exclusive religion in the Roman Empire. AMPHILOCIUS of Iconium produced the earliest list to correspond exactly to our New Testament in both order and content. The Council of Saragossa prohibited reservation of the Eucharist.
- The Council of Constantinople, called by THEODOSIUS to deal with Arianism, was attended by 150 bishops. They asserted the personality of the Holy Spirit, established the worship of the Virgin Mary as the Mother of God, and declared the Montanists as pagans. The true deity of Christ was made an article of Christian faith.
- **382** JEROME became secretary to DAMASCUS, bishop of Rome.

- THEODORE of Mopsuestia was ordained a presbyter in Antioch. ULFILAS died. JEROME was commissioned to make a Latin Bible. The Romans evacuated Britain. MAXIMUS, emperor of the West, siezed Gaul and killed GRATIAN. Famine in Rome.
- 384 SIRICIUS claimed universal jurisdiction and formally adopted the title of "Pope." *AUGUSTINE went to Milan to teach.*DAMASCUS died.
- JEROME translated the New Testament from Hebrew to Latin, a work which was completed in 404.
- AUGUSTINE was converted to Christianity. JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was ordained a priest. Hymn singing was introduced by AMBROSE of Milan. The Basilica of St. Paul was enlarged in Rome. TATARS established the Wei dynasty in China.
- 387 AUGUSTINE was baptized on Easter Sunday by AMBROSE in Milan. *MAGNUS forced VALENTINIAN II from Italy*.
- **388** THEODOSIUS killed MAGNUS.
- **389** PATRICK was born, GREGORY of Nanzianzen died.
- 390 THEODOSIUS massacred the Thessalonicans after a revolt.
- 391 AUGUSTINE ministered in Hippo.
- THEODORE was bishop of Mopsuestia in Cilicia. The Egyptian ATERBIUS went to Jerusalem and attacked JEROME and RUFINUS as Origenists. *ARBOGAST killed VALENTINIAN II*.
- The Council of Hippo accepted the Old Testament as canonical.
- 394 EPIPHANIUS, bishop of Cyprus, went to Jerusalem to crush Origenism. *THEODOSIUS killed EUGENIUS and became sole ruler of Rome*.
- Christianity was recognized as the official and only religion of the Roman state. Roman dominion of Christianity split.

- THEODOSIUS died. ARCADIUS became emperor of the East and HONORIUS became emperor of the West.
- **396** AUGUSTINE became bishop of Hippo in North Africa. MARTIN of Tours died.
- The Council of Carthage confirmed the New Testament canon. AMBROSE died. *The Visigoths were expelled from Greece by the Vandals.*
- 398 TELLESTMAN went from the Turan church in Italy and organized a church at Pontifossi at the foot of the Alps in France. JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was made Patriarch of Constantinople.
- **400** Emperor HONORIUS and Bishop ANASTASIUS of Rome both condemned Origenism. *The first records of Japanese history, as they adopted Chinese writing.*
- 401 INNOCENT I was bishop of Rome. ALARIC and the Visigoths invaded Italy.
- JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was condemned on false charges.
- JOHN CHRYSOSTOM was banished by Empress EUDOXIA. JEROME completed the Latin Vulgate. *Man-against-man games were prohibited in Rome*.
- **406** The Burgundian kingdom of Worms was founded.
- JOHN CHRYSOSTOM died in exile. Roman troops abandoned Britain. AVARS established the first Mongolian empire.
- 408 THEODOSIUS II ruled the East. ALARIC invaded Italy and besieged Rome.
- The Suevi established a kingdom in Spain. Persia permitted Christians freedom of worship.
- 410 The Roman Catholic Church began its rule as Rome was sacked by ALARIC and his Visigoths. Roman rule in Britain ended.

- 411 AUGUSTINE wrote "The City of God." THEODOSIUS II ordered the Donatist bishops of Africa and the Catholic bishops of Carthage to a conference. *ALARIC died in Italy*.
- 412 ATAULF became leader of the Visigoths.
- 414 CYRIL became Patriarch of Alexandria.
- Infant baptism became compulsory. AUGUSTINE baptized new-born infants in Africa. An African Council was held at Mela. Only Christians were allowed to serve in the Roman army. *The Visigoths invaded Spain and drove out the Vandals*.
- Pope INNOCENT I introduced Infant Communion. PELAGIUS was excommunicated.
- **418** *THEODORIC I became king of the Visigoths.*
- The Council of Carthage met. JEROME died.
- *420* The Chin dynasty ended and the Sung dynasty began in China.
- 421 CONSTANTIUS III became co-emperor of the West. Rome warred with Persia.
- **422** Pope CELESTINE I asserted papal supremacy.
- 423 HONORIUS died at Ravenna and JOHANNES became emperor.
- 425 Rabbi GAMALIEL, last president of the Sanhedrin, died. JOHANNES was killed by his troops and VALENTINIAN III became emperor of the West.
- 426 The Mongol kingdom was established in Spain.
- 428 NESTORIUS became Patriarch of Constantinople.
- 429 GENSERIC led the Vandals to overrun Africa and set up a 100-year kingdom.
- AUGUSTINE died at the hands of the Vandals on Aug. 28th.

 NESTORIUS was ordered to recant by CELESTINE, bishop of Rome, on the "Mother of God" issue.

- The Council of Ephesus, called by THEODOSIUS II and VALENTINAN III and attended by 250 bishops, emphasized the unity of Christ's personality. MARY, over the opposition of NESTORIUS, was first declared "The Mother of God."
- PATRICK went to Ireland and worked among the Celts for 29 years, to 461. *The Basilica of St. Maria Maggiore was built in Rome*.
- 433 ATTILA ruled the Huns.
- 436 The last Roman troops left Britain. AETIUS defeated the Visigoths. The Huns destroyed Worms.
- 438 THEODOSIUS II compiled the Theodosian Code of Civil Law for the Roman Empire.
- 439 The Vandals in Africa took Carthage.
- LEO I became bishop of Rome, assumed the title of "Pope" and attacked the Manichaean heresy.
- 443 GAISERIC established a monarchy in Africa.
- 444 CYRIL, Patriarch of Alexandria, died, succeeded by DIOSCURUS.
- **448** *MEROVECH*, king of the Salian Franks, established a Merovingian dynasty.
- The Council of Ephesus debated the two natures of Christ. *Jutish leaders HENGIST and HORSA invaded Kent in Britain.*
- 450 THEODOSIUS II died, succeeded by his brother-in-law MARCIAN as emperor of the East.
- The Council of Chalcedon, with 630 bishops present, approved the New Testament. The Doctrine of Mariolatry was adopted. The two natures of Christ and their relationship one to the other were settled, asserting that "Christ was complete in Godhead and complete in manhood, truly God and truly man, having two natures, without confusion, without change, without division, without separation." *LEO the Great declared Roman primacy*.

The Mongols, led by ATTILA the Hun, were driven back at the Battle of Chalons in Gaul.

- 452 ATILLA invaded Italy. Venice was founded.
- 453 ATILLA the Hun died after a drunken debauch.
- 454 The Ostrogoths settled western Hungary (Pannonia).
- The Vandals sacked Rome. SKANDAGUPTA was emperor of India. VALENTINIAN III died, succeeded by PETRONIUS and AVITUS.
- 456 The Jutes, Angles and Saxons settled in Britain. MAJORIAN became emperor of the West and MARCIAN was emperor of the East. CHILDERIC I was king of the Franks.
- 457 *LEO I was emperor of the East.*
- 460 Cologne was captured by the Franks.
- PATRICK of Ireland died on March 17th and was buried at Downpatrick in Northern Ireland. Pope LEO I died. *Lyons became the capital of Burgundy. SEVERUS ruled the West.*
- 466 EURIC the Visigoth murdered his brother THEODORIC II and became king of Toulouse.
- 467 ANTHEMIUS became emperor of the West.
- **470** *The Huns withdrew from Europe.*
- 471 THEODORIC the Great became king of the Ostrogoths and invaded the Balkans.
- 472 *OLYBRIUS became emperor of the West.*
- 473 GLYCERIUS became emperor of the West, succeeded by JULIUS NEPOS.
- 474 LEO II died and ZENO became emperor of the East.
- 475 ROMULUS AUGUSTULUS, son of JULIUS NEPOS, became the last Roman emperor of the West.

- 476 The Western Roman Empire ended and the Kingdom of Italy was set up on Aug. 23rd. The German, ODOACER became king. The "Middle Ages" began.
- 477 The Sussex kingdom was founded. HUNNERIC, king of the Vandals, persecuted the Catholics.
- 478 SHINTOISM began in Japan.
- 479 The Sung dynasty ended the the Ch'i dynasty ruled China.
- **480** BENEDICT of Nursia, founder of the Benedictines, was born.
- 481 Religious freedom was established in Armenia. *CLOVIS became king of the Franks*.
- 482 Bulgarians settled northeast of the Danube River.
- Division came between the Western and Eastern churches as the Roman Pope excommunicated Patriarch ACACIUS of Constantinople. *Vandal king HUNNERIC died*.
- 486 CLOVIS defeated the Romans at Soissons.
- 487 THEODORIC began his conquest of Italy and threatened Constantinople.
- The Armenian Church separated from both Byzantium and Rome. ZENO was succeeded by ANASTASIUS as emperor of the East
- **492** GELASIUS of Africa became Pope.
- **493** THEODORIC founded the Ostrogoth kingdom in Italy.
- 496 CLOVIS, king of the Franks, was converted to Christianity and was baptized by REMIGIUS, bishop of Rheims, unifying the Franks in Modern France. *Vandal king GUNTHAMUND died, succeeded by THRASAMUND*.
- **498** SYMMACHUS became Pope. FERGUS was crowned first king of Argyle.

500	The Babylonian "Talmud" was compiled. Incense was first used in church services. First plans for the Vatican Palace in Rome were prepared. <i>The British won victory over the Saxons</i> .
502	The Liang dynasty began in China with WU-TI as emperor.
503	Persia was at war with Byzantium.
507	CLOVIS annexed the Visigoth kingdom of Toulouse.
511	CLOVIS died and his four sons divided his kingdom.
512	ANASTASIUS I built the Anastasian Wall from the Black SEa to the Sea of Marmara.
513	The Persians defeated the Huns.
514	HORMISDAS became Pope.
516	SIGISMUND became king of Burgundy.
517	The Council of Geronda was held at Catalonia, Spain. The first record of infant baptism in Spain. <i>Emperor WU-TI of China became a Buddhist</i> .
518	ANASTASIUS I died, succeeded by JUSTINUS I.
519	The Council of Aurelia decreed Lent before Easter.
521	COLUMBA was born at Donegal, Ireland.
523	JOHN I became Pope.
524	BOETHIUS, Christian philosopher, died after completing "Consolation of Philosophy."
526	King THEODORIC the Great of Italy died.
527	JUSTINIAN succeeded his uncle JUSTINUS as Byzantine emperor and set about annexing the West. The Church of the Nativity was rebuilt in Bethlehem.

The Synod of Orange accepted AUGUSTINE'S view of salvation. BENEDICT of Nursia founded the Monastary of

Korea revolted against Japan.

528

Monte Cassino and the Benedictine Order. *Emperor JUSTINIAN closed PLATO'S Academy of Neoplatonism at Athens. The Battle of Daras was fought between the Romans and the Persians.*

- Pope FELIX IV was succeeded by BONIFACE II. Emperor JUSTINIAN founded the Monastery of St. Catherine on Mt. Sinai.
- 531 CHOSROES I (ANUSHIRWAN the Just) became king of Persia.
- Hagia Sophia in Istambul, the largest surviving church of ancient times, was begun. CHILDEBERT, king of Paris, conquered GONDEMAR, king of Burgundy. Constantinople was destroyed during a Nika revolt.
- Pope BONIFACE II was succeeded by JOHN II. *The Justinian Code of Civil Laws was compiled by TRIBONIAN*.
- 534 The Vandal kingdom fell to BELISARIUS.
- **535** AGAPETUS I became Pope.
- SILVERIUS became Pope. JUSTINIAN built the Mosque of Aksa in Jerusalem. The Monaphysite Copts separated from the Melchites (Greek Orthodox Christians).
- VIGILIUS became Pope. King ARTHUR was killed in the Battle of Camlan.
- The German Lombards conquered Northern Italy and founded a kingdom under ALBOIN.
- War between Persia and the Byzantine Empire.
- 540 CASSIODORUS founded the Monastary of Vivvarium. *Persia invaded Syria. Byzantine rule ended in Italy.*
- 541 TOTILA became king of the Ostrogoths.
- Rats from Egypt started the bubonic plague in Constantinople and spread over all of Europe.

- JUSTINIAN issued an edict condemning the writings of ORIGEN. Disastrous earthquakes shook the whole world.
- 546 AUDOIN founded a new Lombard dynasty. TOTILA entered Rome.
- 547 The bubonic plague reached Britain.
- **548** *AIDAN was king of Argyle.*
- DAVID brought Roman Christianity to Wales. Church bells were first used in France. The crucifix was first developed as an ornament. *TOTILA conquered Rome*.
- 551 COLUMBA was ordained to the priesthood. JACOB BARADAEUS organized the Jacobite Monaphysites in Syria.
- BUDDHISM was introduced to Japan by Emperor SHOTOKO TAISHI. TOTILA was killed in the Battle of Taginae, succeeded by TEIAS, the last king of the Ostrogoths. The Asuka period of Japanest history began. The European silk industry began as JUSTINIAN smuggled silk worms from China and Ceylon.
- JUSTINIAN called the Council of Constantinople with 165 bishops present, to deal with the Monaphysite dispute.

 NARSES annexed Rome and Naples.
- Persia defeated the Huns. BELISARIUS invaded Spain.
- 556 PELAGIUS I became Pope. The Wei dynasty ended in China.
- 558 LOTHAIR (CLOTAIRE I) reunited the kingdom of the Franks.
- *BELISARIUS defeated the Huns near Constantinople.*
- 560 ETHELBERT I of Kent became Anglo-Saxon king. The Abbey of Bangor, Wales, was founded.
- **561** JOHN III became Pope.
- 563 COLUMBA, apostle of Scotland, founded the Monastary on the Isle of Iona.

- COLUMBA converted the Pictish king BRUDE of Scotland to Christianity. *JUSTINIAN I died, succeeded by his nephew, JUSTIN II.*
- The kingdom of the Franks was divided into Lorraine, Belgium, France and Burgundy.
- MOHAMMED was born to ABDALLAH and AMINA at Mecca in Arabia. *The Lombards invaded Italy. The Persians overthrew Abyssinian rule in Yemen.*
- War between Persia and the Byzantine Empire.
- 573 *GREGORY the Great was made prefect of Rome.*
- 575 BENEDICT I became Pope.
- 576 The Turks and Byzantines unsuccessfully invaded Persia.
- The Roman See became independent of the Emperor.
- 578 JUSTIN II died, succeeded by TIBERIUS II.
- **579** PELAGIUS II became Pope. *ANUSHIRWAN of Persia died, succeeded by HORMISDAS IV. GREGORY the Great became ambassador to Constantinople.*
- **581** *YAM CH'IEN ruled China and founded the Sui dynasty.*
- 582 TIBERIUS II was succeeded by MAURICE (MAURIKIOS).
- KURT became the first king of Bulgaria. AUTHARI became the first king of the Lombards. LOTHAIR II became king of Neustria.
- 585 GREGORY the Great became abbot of St. Andrew's monastery.
- 586 King LEOVIGILD of Spain died, succeeded by RECCARED.
- 587 Japan Emperor YOMEI became a Buddhist.
- The Council of Toledo dealt with the relationship of the Trinity. King RECCARED of Spain was converted to Catholicism. China was reunited. The Persians defeated the Turks.

- GREGORY I (the Great) became Pope, calling himself "God's Consul", and claiming unchallenged supremacy over other bishops. Ancient Church History ended and Medieval Church History, "The Middle Ages", began. *Plague in Rome.*AGILULF, Duke of Turin, ruled the Lomgbards in Italy.

 CHOSROES II ruled Persia.
- The bubonic plague ended in Europe after one-half the total population had died since 542.
- MOHAMMED married KHADIJAH, a wealthy widow.
- Pope GREGORY the Great sent AUGUSTINE of Canterbury to Britain as the first Archbishop.
- AUGUSTINE landed in Britain. King ETHELBERT of Kent became a Roman Christian. COLUMBO was found dead before the altar in his church. AUSTIN, a Roman Catholic monk, went to Britain and found Welch Baptists there, with many churches and a college.
- 598 The first English school was established at Canterbury.
- Pope GREGORY I attempted to convert the Jews. Picture books of the Bible were introduced for the illiterate. ISIDORE became bishop of Seville. *Smallpox spread from India to southern Europe*.
- 602 PHOCAS killed MAURICE and ruled in Constantinople.
- The Lombards were converted to Catholicism. St. Paul's Church in London was built by King ETHELBERT of Kent.
- Pope GREGORY I drew up a liturgy for infant baptism.

 SABINIAN became Pope. The first church bell was used in Rome. The library at Alexandria was destroyed by the Saracens.
- 606 MOHAMMED'S daughter FATIMA was born.
- 607 The first Japanese ambassadors went to China.
- 608 BONIFACE IV became Pope.

- MOHAMMED'S "Night of Power" vision on Mount Hira launched him as the "Prophet of Allah." Episcopal rings were first used. ISIDORE of Spain published a treatise on officers of the church. The Irish monk COLUMBANUS brought the Lombards from Arian Christianity to the faith of Rome. SERGIUS became Patriarch of Constantinople.
- MOHAMMED established the new religion of Islam. *The Persians sacked Antioch*.
- King SISEBUT of Spain compelled 90,000 Jews to be baptized. *The Persians invaded Cappadocia.*
- 613 LOTHAIR II visited Austrasia and Burgundy and united the Frankish kingdom.
- The Persians invaded Syria, taking Damascus and proceeding to capture Jerusalem in Palestine from Byzantine rule.

 CHOSROES II gave the Jews possession of Jerusalem.
- DEUSDEDIT became Pope. Petroleum, "burning water", was first used in Japan.
- 616 The Persians overran Egypt. ADAWALD was king of the Lombards.
- 617 The Persians threatened Constantinople.
- 618 The T'ang dynasty began in China.
- BONIFACE V became Pope. The Persians invaded Egypt. King KURT of Bulgaria accepted Christianity.
- 620 The Persians took Rhodes and Ancyra. Ireland was invaded by Northmen.
- *The Persians again threaten Constantinople.*
- MOHAMMED fled from Mecca to Yathaid (Medina), 280 miles, called "The Hegira", arriving Sept. 24th. This became the first year of the Moslem Calendar.
- *Frank SAMO founded the empire of Slav tribes in Carinthia. The Byzantines invaded Armenia.*

- MOHAMMED married AISHA, the 10-year old daughter of ABU BAKR. MOHAMMED defeated the Meccan force.
- 625 HONORIUS I became Pope. HERACLIUS repelled the attack on Constantinople by AVARS and the Persians.
- 626 HERACLIUS had a conference with CYRUS, bishop of Phasis.
- MOHAMMED'S enemies from Mecca beseiged Medina, killing 700 Jews. EDWIN became the first Christian king of Northumbria in Britain. *TA'I TSUNG became emperor of China. HERACLIUS invaded Assyria and Mesopotamia.*
- HERACLIUS won back "the Cross of Christ" from the Persians. CHOSROES II of Persia was murdered by his son KAVADH II who ruled in his stead. The Persians were defeated at Nineveh. Roman Byzantine rule was restored.
- Chinese Buddhist monk HSUAN TSANG began his pilgrimage to India. HERACLIUS made ATHANASIUS Patriarch of Antioch. *DAGOBERT became king of the Franks*.
- MOHAMMED invaded and captured Mecca. First publication of the "Koran". HERACLIUS made CYRUS Patriarch of Alexandria. *Cotton was first introduced to the Arabs*.
- MOHAMMED died at Medina on June 8th, succeeded by his father-in-law, ABU BAKR. Buddhism became the state religion in Tibet.
- At the Council of Toledo, single immersion was adopted by Pope GREGORY. *Damascus was beseiged by the Arabs*.
- WILFRID, who turned England toward Roman Catholicism, was born. AIDAN was bishop of Northumbria. SOPHRONIUS was Patriarch at Jerusalem. ABU BAKR died, succeeded by OMAR. Jerusalem was invaded by the Arabs. YEZDIGIRD III ruled Persia.
- Emperor T'AI TSUNG received Christian missionaries in China. *Amman, capital of Jordan, was conquered by the Arabs.*

- ISIDORE of Seville, last of the "Church Fathers", died. Syria fell to the Arabs. Damascus became the Moslem capital.
- *Jerusalem fell to the Arabs.*
- 638 King ROTHARIS compiled a Code of Lombard Law for Italy.
- 639 The Arabs conquered Mesopotamia.
- SEVERINUS and JOHN IV succeeded as Popes. Caesarea fell to the Arabs, giving them control of Palestine. The Arabs conquered Egypt.
- The Arabs defeated the Persians at the Battle of Nehavend.

 OMAR found the Alexandria library with 300,000 scrolls, and destroyed the book copying industry. HERACLIUS I died, succeeded by his grandson, CONSTANS II.
- THEODORE I became Pope. *The Arabs conquered the Persian Empire*.
- 643 The Arabs conquered Tripoli and occupied Egypt.
- 644 OMAR was murdered, succeeded by OTHMAN. China invaded Korea.
- 645 FUJIWARA deposed the Soga clan in Japan.
- 646 The Byzantine fleet recaptured Alexandria from the Arabs.
- 647 The Arabs marched across North Africa.
- The Lateran Council asserted the doctrine of two wills.

 MARTIN I was Pope. *The Arabs conquered Cyprus*.
- The "Paulicians" were founded by CONSTANTINE of Mananalis. The Buddhist monk BHARTRIHARI wrote 100 proverbs. Caliph OTHMAN put the Koran into 114 chapters. *The Hindu Empire ruled Sumatra*.
- 651 Persia was occupied by the Arabs.
- 653 The Arabs conquered Armenia.

- MARTIN, bishop of Rome, was martyred. EUGENIUS I was Pope. *The Arabs destroyed the Byzantine fleet off Anatolia*.
- 656 Caliph OTHMAN was murdered, succeeded by ALI. The Franks were ruled by LOTHAIR III.
- **657** VITALIAN became Pope.
- Babylon became the spiritual center of Judaism. *MUAWIYA*, governor of Syria, siezed Egypt.
- ALI was murdered and MUAWIYA became Caliph. Damascus became the capital of the Arab empire.
- Celtic Christians from Scotland acknowledged the authority of the Pope. CONSTANS II transferred court to Italy as the Arabs ravaged Asia Minor. The Japanese abandoned Korea.
- Roman Catholicism became the faith of England at the Synod of Whitby. *A plague ravaged Saxon, England.*
- Buddhism and Shintoism were united in Japan. *CONSTANS II* was killed, succeeded by his son CONSTANTINE IV.
- THEODORE of Tarsus, Archbishop of Canterbury, organized the Anglo-Roman Church.
- 670 The Arabs held North Africa to Algeria.
- ADROMICUS came from the Pontifossi church and organized the church at Darethea.
- ADEODATUS II became Pope.
- The first Synod of the English church was held. Civil War in the kingdom of the Franks. The Arabs unsuccessfully beseiged Constantinople.
- 674 Glass windows were first installed in English churches.
- The Bulgarian Empire was established. The Slavs assaulted Thessalonica.
- 676 DONUS became Pope. The Arabs advanced to Samarkand in Central Asia.

- AGATHO was Pope. WILFRID preached in Friesland and won their allegiance to the papacy.
- 680 Emperor CONSTANTINUS POGONATUS called the Council of Constantinople which condemned the Monothelites' doctrine of the human and divine will of Christ, stating that "the two wills of Christ exist in Him in a harmonius unity in which the human will is subject to the divine will." Pope HONORIUS was deposed and excommunicated. When MOHAMMED'S grandson HUSAIN was killed at Karbala, Islam was divided between the Sunnis and the Shiites.
- **681** LEO II became Pope.
- **683** JOHN, bishop of Bergamo, was martyred.
- BENEDICT II became Pope. MARWAN became leader of the Arabs.
- JOHN V became Pope. The Picts of Scotland defeated the Northumbrians at the Battle of Nechtansmere. EDFRITH died in Britain. MARWAN I died, succeeded by ABDALMALIK.

 CONSTANTINE IV died, succeeded by his son JUSTINIAN II.
- 686 CONON became Pope. Sussex was converted to Christianity.
- SERGIUS I became Pope. Bishop KILIAN of Wurzxburg executed Bishop CUTHBERT of Lindisfarne. *PEPIN was Mayor of the Palace. TESTRY united the Franks.*
- Construction began on the Dome of the Rock in Jerusalem. *CHARLES MARTEL was born.*
- The Dome of the Rock and the Mosque of Omar were completed by the Moselms on the Jerusalem Temple site. *CLOVIS III was king of all Franks*.
- The Quinisext Council at Constantinople settled the Biblical canon of the Eastern church and affirmed the equality of the Pope of Rome and the Patriarch of Constantinople.
- 693 The Arabs defeated JUSTINIAN II ast Cilicia.

- The last of 40 Ecclesiastical Synods was held in Spain.
- The Jews were persecuted in Spain. LEONTIUS replaced JUSTINIAN II over the Byzantine empire. CHILDEBERT III was king of the Franks.
- The Northern Ireland Church became Roman Catholic. *The Arabs destroyed Carthage*.
- **698** LEONTIUS was deposed by TIBERIUS II.
- "Psalms" were translated into Anglo-Saxon. Easter eggs were first used by Christians. WILLIBRAND became the first Christian missionary to Denmark. *Greek replaced Latin as the official language of the Eastern Roman Empire*.
- **701** JOHN VI became Pope. MIKADO became the sole proprietor of all land in Japan.
- JOHN VII became Pope. The Great Mosque was built in Damascus.
- 707 Pope JOHN VII claimed universal authority.
- **708** SISINIUS and CONSTANTINE became Popes.
- 710 Byzantine Emperor JUSTINIAN II became the first emperor to kiss the Pope's foot. *Nara became Japan's first permanent capital*.
- 711 JUSTINIAN II was murdered by PHILIPPICUS who succeeded him. Spain became an Arab state.
- **712** Pope CONSTANTINE opposed PHILIPPICUS on the Monothelite heresy. *MUSA led a Moslem invasion of Spain, conquering Seville. India was established as a Moslem state.*
- 713 ANASTASIUS II ruled the Byzantine empire. MING HUANG was emperor of China.
- 714 A pure democracy began in Nevarre that lasted 86 years.

- GREGORY II became Pope. The Anglo-Saxon missionary BONIFACE preached in Germany. *CHARLES MARTEL was mayor of the palace*.
- 716 The Arabs conquered Lisbon.
- 717 The Isaurian LEO III ruled the Byzantine empire.
- 718 Constantinople was besieged by the Arabs on the Bosphorus.
- 720 Emperors LEO III and CONSTANTINE V opposed the use of images in the Byzantine churches. *The Arabs crossed the Pyrenees into France*.
- 721 *Jews, fleeing persecution from LEO III settled in the Crimea.*
- 723 Caliph JEZID had all pictures removed from churches.
- 724 Caliph HISHAM IBN ABDUL MALAIK built a lavish palace at Jericho. The Arabs invaded India.
- 725 BONIFACE felled the Donar Oak Tree, destroying old Germanic heathen beliefs. *The Arabs ravaged South France*.

 CHARLES MARTEL crossed the Rhine and conquered Bavaria.
- A controversy between the Emperor and the Pope over image worship.
- Pope GREGORY II excommunicated the Emperor. Patriarch GERMANUS was deposed from Constantinople.
- A Roman Synod of 93 bishops, called by Pope GREGORY III, excommunicated the iconoclasts. BEDE'S "Ecclesiastical History" was first published. *ETHELBALD ruled Britain*.
- 732 CHARLES MARTEL turned the Arabs back at the Battle of Tours.
- 733 Emperor LEO III removed Southern Italy from papal jurisdiction. *CHARLES MARTEL conquered the Saracens*.
- The English historian BEDE translated "John" from Latin to English, and died. *CHARLES MARTEL conquered Burgundy*.

- ALCUIN, who became CHARLEMAGNE'S personal tutor and advisor in religious matters, was born.
- 737 CHILDERIC III became king of the Franks.
- ARCHER FLAVIN went from the Darethea church and organized the Timto church in Asia Minor.
- 739 The Saracens were driven from the province. The Byzantines crushed the Arabs in Anatolia.
- 740 The first Jews settled in England. The Central European nation of Khazaria was converted to Judaism. A great earthquake hit Asia Minor.
- 741 ZECHARIAS became pope. CHARLES MARTEL died, succeeded by his sons PEPIN the Short and CARLOMAN. LEO III died and CONSTANTINE V COPRONYMUS ruled Rome.
- 742 CHARLEMAGNE was born to PEPIN the Short.
- 745 *CONSTANTINE V defeated the Arabs in Syria.*
- 747 PADMA-SAMBHAVA established Buddhism in Tibet. *PEPIN* the Short became sole ruler of the Franks.
- 748 The first newspaper was printed in Peking, China. The Arab fleet was destroyed at Cyprus.
- JOHN of Damascus, last of the Greek Church Fathers, died.
- 750 The Shi'ites overthrew the Umayyad dynasty. The Abbasid dynasty ruled the Muslim Empire as ABU-AL-ABBAS became caliph of Arabia and moved the capital from Damascus to Baghdad.
- 751 The Arabs took Western Asia from China.
- 752 STEPHEN II and STEPHEN III were popes. *PEPIN III was crowned emperor*.
- 754 PEPIN was crowned the first Carolingian king of the Franks by Pope STEPHEN III. The pope created Papal States. AL MANSUR became the Arab caliph.

- BONIFACE, Father of the German Church, was martyred. Pouring was first substituted for immersion in baptism. The pope became the temporal Prince. *The Lombards surrendered to PEPIN III. The Byzantine empire warred with the Bulgarians.*
- 756 ABDAR-RAHMAN established the throne of Cordova in Spain. Caliph MANSUR assisted HSUAN TSUNG crush a rebellion in China. PEPIN III gave the Byzantine lands in Italy to the papacy.
- 757 PAUL I became pope.
- 759 The Franks captured Narbonne from the Arabs.
- 764 DOKYO defeated NAKAMARO for power in Japan.
- 765 The Tibetan army invaded China.
- 768 PEPIN III died, succeeded by his two sons, CHARLEMAGNE and CARLOMAN, who reigned jointly.
- 771 CARLOMAN DIED and CHARLEMAGNE (CHARLES the Great) became sole ruler of the Franks.
- 772 CHARLEMAGNE imposed tithes to support the clergy, the church, schools and the poor.
- 773 CHARLEMAGNE invaded Italy.
- 774 CHARLEMAGNE brought the Lombard kingdom to an end.
- 775 Byzantine Emperor LEO IV subdued the Bulgarians.
- 777 CHARLEMAGNE invaded Spain. JACOB IBN-TARIK imported the astronomical tables of the Hindus to Baghdad.
- 778 CHARLEMAGNE was defeated by the Basques in the Pyrenees.
- 779 OFFA of Mercia was king of all England.
- 780 The Monastery of St. Mary de Obona was established in Asturias. LEO IV died, succeeded by CONSTANTINE VI, age 9, who, through his mother IRENE, restored image worship.

- 781 CHARLEMAGNE developed an educational system. PEPIN, son of CHARLEMAGNE, was crowned king of Italy by Pope ADRIAN I.
- 782 CHARLEMAGNE executed 4,500 Saxon hostages at Verden. The Arabs threatened Constantinople.
- **786** *HARUN AL-RASHID became caliph of the Arabs.*
- 787 Empress IRENE called the Council of Nicaea and established image and saint worship. The English church tax, sent to the pope, known as "Peter's Pence" was begun. *The Danes invaded Britain. The Arabs invaded Afghanistan*.
- 788 CHARLEMAGNE annexed Bavaria. The Shi'ite kingdom was established in Morocco.
- 789 CONSTANTINE I became king of Scotland.
- 790 Irish monks discovered Iceland.
- **791** *CONSTANTINE imprisoned his mother IRENE for cruelty.*
- 792 Vikings attacked Lindisfarne, England.
- 794 CHARLEMAGNE called the Frankish Council and condemned image worship. *The Vikings pillaged Scotland. Heian (Kyoto) became Japan's capital.*
- 795 LEO III became pope. CHARLEMAGNE marched on Spain. Egypt revolted. The Danes attacked Ireland.
- 797 IRENE overthrew and blinded her son CONSTANTINE and assumed power.
- Pope LEO III separated from the Eastern Empire and set the office of Pope above all law. CHARLEMAGNE was crowned first Holy Roman Emperor in the West by Pope LEO III on December 25th, marking a final and official division from the Byzantine Empire. LEWIS of France took Catalonia from the Moors. The Franks invaded Bohemia. The Northmen invaded Germany. The Irish reached Iceland.
- 801 CHARLEMAGNE passed a law prohibiting prostitution.

- The Vikings dominated Ireland. EGBERT became king of Saxons in England. IRENE was deposed by NICEPHORUS.
- 804 CHARLEMAGNE'S last war against the Saxons. ALCUMIN, advisor to CHARLEMAGNE, died.
- 805 CHARLEMAGNE completed the Palatine Chapel at Aachen. Minuscule (small letter) handwriting was developed.
- War between the Franks and the Eastern Empire.
- 809 AL-AMIN succeeded his father HARUN AL-RASHID over the Arabs.
- The Synod of Mainz decreed four days of public Christmas celebration. *AL-MAMUN ruled the Arabs. NICEPHORUS died, succeeded by the Armenian LEO V over the Byzantine empire.*
- 814 CHARLEMAGNE died, succeeded by LOUIS the Pious.
- The Constantinople Synod declared the action of the Second Council of Nicaea "null and void." The Council of St. Sophia reestablished the decree for the destruction of images.
- **816** STEPHEN V became pope.
- PASCHAL I became pope. LOUIS the Pious divided France among his sons.
- **820** *LEO V was killed and MICHAEL II ruled the Byzantine empire.*
- **821** EGBERT defeated BEORNWULF and the Mercian supremacy ended in England.
- 823 Crete and Sicily fell to the Arabs.
- 824 EGBERT united the England states.
- 825 Caliph ALI-MANUN, residing at Cairo, invaded the interior of the Great Pyramid.
- ANSGAR of Flanders became a missionary to Scandinavia for 36 years. *The Arabs captured Crete*.

- **827** VALENTINE and GREGORY IV were popes. *The Arabs invaded Sicily*.
- The Church of St. Mark was founded in Venice.
- 829 MICHAEL II died and THEOPHILUS became the Byzantine Emperor.
- 830 Prince MOIMAR founded the great Moravian Empire.
- PASCHASIUS RADBERTUS, a Benedictine monk, formulated the doctrine of Transubstantiation, which was dogmatized in 1215. *The Arabs took Palermo in Sicily*.
- Image worshipers were persecuted in the Eastern Empire.

 KENNETH MacALPIN, leader of the Scots, defeated the Picts
 and united Scotland.
- 833 Caliph ALI-MAMUN died, succeeded by AL-MU'TASIM as leader of the Arabs. MOJMIR founded the Slav state of Moravia.
- The Danes raided England.
- 836 KENNETH MacALPIN, King of Argyle, was crowned the first King of Scotland.
- The Arabs crushed a revolt of the Jews and Christians in Toledo.
- The Arabs sacked Marseilles and settled in Southern Italy. CHARLES the Bald ruled France.
- ETHELWULF succeeded his father EGBERT as king of England.
- Benedictine monk, PASCHASIUS RADBERTUS, Abbot of Corbey, began "the miracle of the Mass." LOUIS the Pious died and the Carolingian empire was divided between Germany, France and Italy. His son LOTHAIR I became emperor. The Danes established Dublin and Limerick in Ireland. RURIK founded the Russian Empire.

- 841 LOTHAIR I was defeated by LOUIS and CHARLES at the Battle of Fontenoy. Christians were persecuted in China under Emperor WU-TSUNG.
- Image worship was re-established. Germany and France conspired against Italy. THEOPHILUS died, succeeded by his son MICHAEL III the Drunkard as ruler of the Byzantine empire.
- At the Treaty of Verdun, LOTHAIR I received Italy, CHARLES the Bald received France and LOUIS the German received Germany. Germany began its rise to power.
- Pope SERGUIS II and 100,000 Paulicians were killed by Empress THEODORA.
- The Vivian Bible was produced at Tours. *Northmen penetrated Germany*.
- 846 The Arabs invaded Italy, surrounded Rome and damaged the Vatican.
- LEO IV became pope.
- 848 *Pope LEO IV built the Leonine Wall around the Vatican.*
- Jews settled in Germany and developed the Yiddish language.
 Coffee was first discovered by an Arabian goatherd. The
 University of Constantinople was founded.
- The Danes were defeated by ETHELWULF at Oakley. Rome was damaged by an earthquake. The French used the crossbow in battle.
- France and Germany were at war. The Germans defeated the Bulgarians.
- BENEDICT III became pope. ETHELWULF went on a pilgrimage to Rome. LOTHAIR I divided his kingdom among his sons, giving Italy to LOUIS II, Provence to CHARLES and Lorraine to LOTHAIR II.

- Navarre became an independent kingdom with DON GARCIA INIQUEZ (XIMENES) the first king.
- NICHOLAS I became pope. Emperor MICHAEL III deposed IGNATIUS and named PHOTIUS as Patriarch of Constantinople. *ETHELWULF died, succeeded by his brother ETHELBALD in England*.
- Norse pirates entered the Mediterranean.
- 60 GORN the Elder became king of Denmark. ETHELBERT became king of England. The Danes sacked Winchester.
- **861** The Arabs fought the Christians in Spain over Photius.
- Moravia asked for Christian missionaries. CYRIL and METHODIUS ministered to the Slavs. *Russian Prince RURIK founded Novgorod*.
- CYRIL and his brother METHODIUS evangelized Bohemia and Moravia. Pope NICHOLAS I disciplined LOTHAIR II of Lorraine over divorce. CONSTANTINE II became king of Scotland.
- Prince BORIS of Bulgaria accepted Christianity. LOUIS II invaded Rome.
- The Russians attacked Constantinople. The Danes invaded England.
- The Danes established the kingdom of York. ETHELBURT died, succeeded by his brother ETHELRED I in England.
- BASIL murdered Emperor MICHAEL III and reinstated IGNATIUS as Patriarch of Constantinople. HADRIAN II became pope. *BASIL I ruled the Byzantine empire*.
- 868 AHMED-IBU-TULAN made himself Sultan of Egypt.
- BASILIUS MAREDO called the Eighty Council of Constantinople which unsuccessfully attempted to reconcile the Eastern and Western churches. LOTHAIR II of Lorraine died. The Arabs captured Malta.

- The Treaty of Mersen divided Lorraine between France and Germany. The Danes attacked Wessex.
- 871 ALFRED the Great became king of England.
- **872** JOHN VIII became pope. *HAROLD HAARFAGR became king of Norway*.
- 874 The Viking Northmen settled in Ireland.
- 875 LOUIS II of Germany died and CHARLES II the Bald was crowned emperor.
- IGNATIUS died and emperor BASIL reinstated PHOTIUS as Patriarch. HAMDAN QARMAT and his Qarmatians, a group of militant Islam, seized power in part of Iraq. LOUIS II the Stammerer became king of France. CHARLES II of Germany died, leaving the throne vacant. Egypt annexed Damascus.
- 878 The Arabs conquered Sicily, making Palermo the capital.
- The Pope of Rome and the Patriarch of Constantinople excommunicated each other. *France was partitioned by LOUIS II's sons, LOUIS III and CARLOMAN*.
- 880 BASIL recovered Italy from the Arabs. OLEG united Novgorod and KIEV in Russia. FUJIWARI MOTOSSUNE became dictator of Japan.
- **881** *CHARLES III the Fat was crowned Emperor of Germany.*
- Pope JOHN VIII was murdered and MARINUS I became pope.
- The Arabs crushed a slave revolt in Mesopotamia.
- HADRIAN VI became pope. CHARLES III became king of France.
- STEPHEN VI became pope. The Viking Northmen besieged Paris.
- Emperor LEO VI deposed PHOTIUS as Patriarch of Constantinople, as he succeeded BASIL. *ALFRED the Great captured London*.

- 887 CHARLES III the Fat was deposed as emperor of Germany and a final separation of Germany and France occurred.
- 888 CHARLES III the Simple and ODO contended for the throne of France. BERENGAR became king of Italy.
- B89 DONALD I became king of Scotland. The Arabs raided Lombardy.
- 890 ALFRED the Great established a militia and navy and unified Norway.
- FORMOSUS became pope. GUIDY became the German emperor.
- Rabbi SAADIA BEN JOSEPH, the translator of the Scriptures into Arabic, was born.
- 893 CHARLES III the Simple became king of France and LAMBERT became German emperor.
- 894 Emperor ARNULF marched to Italy.
- The Cairo Hebrew manuscript of the Old Testament was produced. *ALFRED the Great defeated the Danes*.
- STEPHEN VII became pope. ARNULF claimed the German crown.
- 897 ROMANUS became pope. War between the Bulgarians and the Saracens.
- THEODORE and JOHN IX were popes. *The Magyars raided Lombardy*.
- 899 ALFRED the Great died, succeeded by his son EDWARD the Elder as king of England. LOUIS III the Child became ruler in Germany. The Hungarians invaded Germany.
- 900 BENEDICT IV became pope. ALFONSO III the Great began a Christian conquest of Spain. CONSTANTINE III became king of Scotland. England was divided into Shires, with County Courts. The Vikings discovered Greenland. Paper was first manufactured at Cairo.

- 114 901 LOUIS III the Blind became king of Lower Burgundy. 902 Work was begun on the Campanile of St. Marks in Venice. 903 Pope LEO was deposed and CHRISTOPHER became pope. 904 SERGIUS III became pope. The Russians attacked Constantinople. 905 The Tulunid dynasty of Egypt ended and the Arabs ruled. 906 The Hungarians crushed Moravia. 907 The Magyars raided Germany and Italy. The T'ang dynasty in China ended. 909 BERNO founded the monastic house of Cluny. Welsh bishop ASSER died. UBAYDULLAH founded the Fatimid dynasty in North Africa which ruled Egypt. 910 King EDWARD the Elder took London and Oxford from the Danes. 911 ANASTASIUS III became pope. LOUIS the Child died, succeeded by KONRAD I in Germany. 912 ROLLO of Normandy was baptized as ROBERT. CONSTANTINE VII became the Byzantine emperor. 913 Thrace and Macedonia were invaded by Bulgaria. 914 JOHN X became pope. 915 Egypt was invaded by the North Africans. 916 The Arabs were expelled from Italy. 917 The Bulgarian Church separated from both Rome and Constantinople.
- 920 All Britain and Scotland acknowledged EDWARD the Elder as king. ROMANUS LECAPENUS became co-emperor with CONSTANTINE VII.

HENRY, Duke of Saxony, ruled Germany as HEINRICH I the

919

Fowler.

- **921** The Bohemians accepted Christianity.
- 922 ROBERT, Count of Paris, expelled CHARLES III the Simple and ruled France.
- 923 RUDOLPH II ruled France.
- 924 EDWARD the Elder died, succeeded by his son ATHELSTAN as king of England.
- 925 HENRY I conquered LORRAINE.
- 926 HUGH became king of Italy. The Bulgarians defeated Serbia.
- 927 PETER became czar of Bulgaria. Famine in the Byzantine empire.
- **928** LEO VI became pope.
- 929 STEPHEN VIII became pope. CHARLES III the Simple died and RUDOLF, Duke of Burgundy, ruled the west Franks.
- The Qarmatians captured Mecca and stole the sacred black stone from the Ka'ba.
- 931 JOHN XI became pope.
- 932 The Magyars resumed their attacks on Germany.
- 933 THEOPHYLACT, son of Emperor THEODOSIUS, was made Patriarch of Constantinople. *King HENRY I defeated the Magyars (Hungarians) at Riade.*
- 934 HENRI I dominated Denmark. ATHELSTAN raided Scotland.
- 935 HAROLD BLUETOOTH was the first Christian king of Denmark. King HAAKON I tried to convert Norway to Christianity. Algiers was founded.
- 936 LEO VII became pope. HENRY I died and his son OTTO I the Great became king of Germany. LOUIS IV became king of France. The Hou-Chin dynasty ruled China. The Koryo dynasty ruled Korea.
- 937 CONRAD became king of Arles (Burgundy and Provence).

- 938 Yenching (Peking) was established as the capital of China.
- 939 STEPHEN IX became pope. The Arabs lost Madrid. Civil War in Japan. ATHELSTAN died in England.
- 940 EDMUND I became king of England, succeeding his brother.
- 941 *IGOR led the Russians in an attack on Constantinople.*
- 942 MARINUS II became pope. Hungary was Christianized.
- 943 The Magyars attacked the Bulgarians.
- 945 IGOR was succeeded by SVIATOSLAV in Russia. LOATHAR III became king of Italy.
- 946 AGAPETUS II became pope. EDMUND I died and his brother EDRED became king of England.
- 950 Europe was in "The Dark Ages". OTTO I conquered Bohemia. HAROLD II of Denmark extended his power to Norway.
- 951 *OTTO I became king of the Franks and Lombards.*
- 953 BRUNO I became ruler of the Germans.
- 954 LOUIS IV died and LOTHAR II became king of France.
- JOHN XIII became pope. Russian Princess OLGA accepted Christianity. OTTO I defeated the Magyars at the Battle of Lechfeld. EDRED died, succeeded by his nephew EDWY as king of England.
- 959 DUNSTAN was made Bishop of Canterbury. EDGAR the Peaceful, brother of EDWY, became king of England.

 CONSTANTINE VII died, succeeded by ROMANUS II.
- 960 MIECZYSLAV I became the first king of Poland. The Sung dynasty was founded in China.
- The Byzantines took Crete from the Arabs. OTTO I crowned his son OTTO II king of Germany.

- 962 OTTO I was crowned first German Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire by Pope JOHN XII. Turk SUBAKTAGIN founded the Ghaznavid dynasty in Afghanistan.
- 963 OTTO I replaced Pope JOHN XII with LEO VIII. Byzantine General NICEPHORUS II PHOCAS, on behalf of the infant emperor BASIL II, defeated the Arabs and Bulgarians.
- 964 BENEDICT V became pope after the Romans expelled LEO VIII. *OTTO I united Italy to the German Empire*.
- JOHN XIII became pope and celibacy for English clerics was enforced. SVIATOSLAV of Russia crushed the Khazar empire.
- Poland was converted to Christianity. *OTTO I made a third expedition to Italy*.
- 967 OTTO II was crowned emperor in Rome.
- 968 The Russians ravaged Bulgaria. The Byzantines took Antioch.
- *JOHN TZIMISCES conspired and dethroned NICEPHORUS II PHOCAS. Egypt was ruled by the Fatimite Caliphs.*
- 970 Emperor TZIMISCES banished 100,000 Paulicians to the lower Danube region.
- **971** *KENNETH II became king of Scotland.*
- 972 OTTO II married Byzantine Princess THEOPHANO. North Africa was freed from Egypt. Cairo University was founded.
- 973 BENEDICT VI became pope. Commercial relations were renewed between Egypt and Italy.
- **974** BENEDICT VII became pope.
- 975 OTTO I died. OTTO II crushed a Danish invasion. EDGAR died, succeeded by his son EDWARD the Martyr, in England.
- JOHN TZIMISCES died and BASIL II became the Byzantine emperor. BASIL II captured Beirut and Damascus.
- War between OTTO II and France. EDWARD the Martyr was assassinated.

- 979 EDWARD'S half-brother, ETHELRED II the Unready, became king of England. OTTO II besieged Paris.
- 980 AVICENNA, Persian philosopher and physician, was born. End of the rule of nobles in Rome.
- **981** Viking ERIC the Red discovered Greenland. The Bulgarian War began.
- 982 Viking colonies were established in Greenland by ERIC the Red.
- 983 OTTO II died and OTTO III, age 3, became German emperor.
- **984** JOHN XIV became pope, succeeded by BONIFACE VII.
- JOHN XV became pope. SVEN I the Forked-beard became king of Denmark.
- **986** LOTHAIR died, succeeded by his son LOUIS V as king of France.
- 987 AARON ARLINGTON organized the Hillcliff Church in Wales, England. LOUIS V died and HUGH CAPET began the Capetian line of rulers in France.
- 988 VLADIMIR, the Saint of Russia accepted Eastern Orthodox Christianity.
- **989** BASIL II defeated the Byzantine baron BARDAS PHOCAS.
- *Poland submitted to the Pope.*
- **992** *Treaty between the English and the Normans.*
- The first canonization of saints by the Catholic Church. OLAF SKUTKONUNG became Sweden's first Christian king.
- Bohemia was subdued by the Germans. The Byzantine recaptured Syria.
- Pope JOHN XV died. OTTO III entered Rome and made his cousin BRUNO Pope GREGORY V. *HUGH CAPET died and his son ROBERT II the Pious ruled France. Civil War in Rome.*

- 997 ADALBERT, Bishop of Prague, was martyred. KENNETH III became king of Scotland. STEPHEN I the Saint became king of Hungary and established Latin Christianity.
- 998 OTTO II deposed Pope JOHN XVI.
- Pope GREGORY V died and GERBERT of Aurillac became the first French pope as SYLVESTER II.
- 1000 Christianity was made the state religion in Norway, Sweden and Iceland. *The Polynesians colonized New Zealand*.
- 1001 The Romans rebelled against OTTO III. MAHMUD of Ghazni invaded India.
- 1002 HENRY II the Saint was crowned Emperor upon the death of his cousin OTTO III. Viking LEIF ERICSSON, son of ERIC the Red, discovered North America. BRIAN BORU ruled Ireland.
- 1003 JOHN XVII became pope. War between Germany and Poland as Poland seized Bohemia. THORFINN KARLSEFNI founded a Norse settlement in North America.
- 1004 JOHN XVIII became pope.
- 1005 MALCOLM II became king of Scotland and drove the Poles out of Bohemia.
- 1006 The Norse settlement in North America was destroyed by Indians.
- SERGIUS IV became pope. Caliph HAKIM'S order to destroy the Holy Sepulcher ignited the Christian Holy Wars.
- 1010 ROBERT II of France proclaimed "The Peace of God." Civil War in Spain.
- **1011** The Danes took Canterbury.
- 1012 BENEDICT VIII became pope. ALPHAGE, Archbishop of Canterbury, was martyred.
- 1013 SVEN I and the Danes took England and caused ETHELRED II to flee to Normandy.

- 1014 BASIL II blinded 15,000 captive Bulgarians at Balathista. SVEN I died and CANUTE became king of Denmark. ETHELRED II recaptured England. BRIAN BORU of Ireland was killed by the Vikings.
- 1015 The Arabs conquered Sardinia. CANUTE of Denmark invaded England.
- 1016 ETHELRED II died, succeeded by EDMUND IRONSIDE. EDMUND died, and England's council elected CANUTE as king of England. The Norsemen, allied with Byzantium, invaded and conquered Khazaria.
- 1017 HAMZA IBN ALI founded the Druze movement in Persia. *CANUTE divided England into four earldoms*.
- **1018** *MALCOLM II united Scotland. The Byzantine defeated the Lombards, Normans and Bulgarians.*
- **1019** YAROSLAV became Grand Prince of Russia.
- 1022 HENRY II defeated the Greeks in southern Italy.
- **1024** JOHN XIX became pope. *HENRY II died, succeeded by his cousin KONRAD*.
- 1025 BASIL II died, succeeded by his brother CONSTANTINE VIII.
- 1026 CANUTE went to Rome.
- 1027 KONRAD II was crowned Holy Roman Emperor. HISHAM III became the last caliph of Cordoba in Spain.
- 1028 CONSTANTINE VIII died, succeeded by his daughter ZOE and her husband, ROMANUS III.
- **1030** The Arabs defeated the Byzantine in Syria.
- **1031** ROBERT II died, succeeded by HENRY I in France.
- **1032** BENEDICT IX became pope.
- 1033 KONRAD II inherited Burgundy. The Germans and Russians defeated Poland.

- 1035 CANUTE died and England was divided between HAROLD I (England), SVEN (Denmark) and WILLIAM I (Normandy).
- 1039 KONRAD II died, succeeded by his son HENRY III the Black.
- 1040 HAROLD I died, succeeded by his half-brother HARDICANUTE. DUNCAN I was killed by MACBETH, who ruled Scotland.
- 1042 HARDICANUTE died, succeeded by EDWARD the Confessor.
- 1045 Pope BENEDICT IX sold the papal throne to GREGORY VI. Three popes ruled at once: BENEDICT IX, GREGORY VI and SYLVESTER III.
- 1046 CLEMENT II was appointed pope by Emperor HENRY III.
- 1047 Popes CLEMENT II and DAMASCUS II died and BENEDICT IX was restored.
- **1048** *The Byzantine defeated the Turks at Sragna.*
- 1049 LEO IX, a German, became pope.
- 1050 Egypt collapsed. The Normans penetrated England.
- 1053 HENRY IV became the Roman Emperor.
- The Greek Orthodox Church began when Pope LEO IX backed the Normans against the Greeks, causing a schism between Roman Catholic Pope LEO IX and Greek Orthodox Patriarch MICHAEL CERULARIUS on July 16th. The Pope excommunicated the Patriarch, and the Patriarch put his curse on the Pope. The argument was actually based on the Patriarch's condemnation of the church in the West for using unleavened bread. CONSTANTINE IX died, succeeded by THEODORA.
- 1055 VICTOR II became pope. The Turks captured Baghdad and invaded Anatolia.
- 1056 HENRY III died, succeeded by his son HENRY IV in Germany. THEODORA died, succeeded by MICHAEL VI over the Byzantine.

- 1057 STEPHEN X became pope. MACBETH was murdered by MALCOLM III in Scotland. MICHAEL VI was deposed by ISAAC COMNENUS.
- **1058** BENEDICT X became pope.
- NICHOLAS II became pope. The Lateran Council established papal election by the College of Cardinals. *CONSTANTINE X ruled the Byzantine empire*.
- **1060** PHILIP I, son of HENRY I, became king of France.
- 1061 ALEXANDER II became pope, but the Synod of Basel declared his election void.
- 1062 HENRY IV was abducted by Archbishop ANNO, who ruled Germany.
- **1064** The Turks overran Armenia.
- 1065 Westminster Abbey was consecrated.
- 1066 First recorded appearance of Halley's Comet. EDWARD the Confessor died, succeeded by HAROLD II in England. The Normans, led by WILLIAM the Conqueror, conquered England. HAROLD II was slain at the Battle of Hastings. HENRY IV was restored to power in Germany.
- **1067** Emperor CONSTANTINE X died.
- 1068 ROMANUS IV DIOGENES ruled the Byzantine Empire. SHE-TSUNG was Emperor of China.
- 1070 The Order of Knights of St. John was founded in Jerusalem.
- 1071 The Normans ended Byzantine power in Italy. The Turks defeated the Byzantine in Anatolia. ROMANUS IV died, succeeded by MICHAEL VII.
- 1072 The Normans took Sicily. WILLIAM I raided Scotland.
- **1073** HILDEBRAND was elected Pope GREGORY VII. *The Saxons rebelled against HENRY IV*.

- 1074 Pope GREGORY VII banned clerical marriages. All married priests were excommunicated.
- 1075 The Turks conquered Anatolia, Syria and Palestine. HENRY IV regained control of Saxony.
- 1076 Emperor HENRY IV called the Council of Worms and rejected papal authority, deposing Pope GREGORY VII, who in turn excommunicated HENRY IV. Biscay separated from Navarre and became a kingdom, while Navarre was annexed by Aragon.
- 1077 HENRY IV submitted to the authority of Pope GREGORY VII over investiture. Civil War in Germany.
- 1078 The Tower of London was begun. NICEPHORUS III became the Byzantine Emperor.
- 1079 PETER ABELARD, forerunner of Scholasticism, was born. STANISLAUS, Bishop of Cracow, was martyred by Polish King BOLISLAUS.
- 1080 Pope GREGORY VII excommunicated Emperor HENRY IV again. German bishops deposed GREGORY VII and elected CLEMENT III as pope.
- 1081 ALEXIUS I COMNENUS overthrew NICEPHORUS III and ruled as Eastern Emperor. HENRY IV marched into Italy. EL CID was banished from Castile.
- 1083 HENRY IV imprisoned Pope GREGORY VII.
- 1084 St. BRUNO founded the Carthusians in France. ROBERT BUISCARD drove HENRY IV from Rome. The Turks seized Antioch.
- 1085 Pope GREGORY VII died in exile. ALFONSO VI took Toledo from the Arabs.
- 1086 VICTOR III became pope.
- 1087 CONRAD became ruler of Germany. WILLIAM the Conqueror died, succeeded by WILLIAM II RUFUS in England.

- 1088 The Monastery of St. John was built on Patmos. URBAN II became pope. Norman revolt in England.
- **1089** EL CID took Valencia.
- **1090** BERNARD of Clairvaux was born. *The Normans took Malta from the Arabs*.
- 1092 Pope URBAN II excommunicated King PHILIP I. ROSCELLINUS was accused of tritheism and condemned for heresy at Soissons.
- **1093** ANSELM became Archbishop of Canterbury. *DONALD BANE* succeeded MALCOLM III in Scotland.
- **1094** *Civil War among the Turks.*
- 1095 PETER LOMBARD, the French theologian, was born. The First Crusade was organized by Pope URBAN II at the Council of Clermont. Nearly a million people took part.
- 1097 The Crusaders reached Constantinople and took Nicaea. Archbishop ANSELM left England. *HENRY IV returned to Germany from Italy*.
- 1098 The Crusaders captured Antioch from the Turks. The Cistercian Order was founded at Citeaux in France by Benedictine monk ROBERT of Molesme.
- **1099** The Crusaders captured Jerusalem in June. GODFREY was elected King of Jerusalem. Nazareth was made the capital of Galilee. *EL CID died in Spain*.
- 1100 WILLIAM II was murdered, succeeded by his brother HENRY in England. GODFREY died and BALDWIN I became King of Jerusalem.
- 1101 CONRAD died in Germany. HUI-TSUNG became emperor of China. ROGER I of Sicily died, succeeded by his son SIMON.
- 1104 BALDWIN led the Crusaders to take Acre, Beirut and Sidon from the Arab SARACEN.
- 1105 SIMON died and his brother ROGER II ruled Sicily.

- 1106 PIERRE DeBRUYS led the nonconformist Petrobrusians in southern France. HENRY IV died and HEINRICH V ruled Germany. HENRY I of England gained Normandy.
- 1107 A truce between King HENRY I and Pope PASCHAL II.
- **1108** *PHILIP I died and LOUIS VI the Fat ruled France.*
- 1109 ANSELM of Canterbury died. HENRY I and LOUIS VI fought the Anglo-French War. Tripoli fell to the Crusaders.
- **1111** HENRY V was crowned Emperor of Rome.
- **1112** AFONSO HENRIQUES succeeded HENRI of Burgundy in Portugal.
- **1114** German Emperor HEINRICH V married MATILDA, daughter of HENRI I of England.
- 1115 BERNARD founded the Benedictine monastery, Abbey of Clairvoux. *ABELARD was canon of Notre Dame in Paris.* Florence became a free republic.
- 1116 England and France were at war over Normandy. HEINRICH V entered Italy.
- 1117 DURAND VALDACH was burnt at Girona in Spain by Pope PASCHAL II
- 1118 GELASIUS II became pope, but was forced to leave by HEINRICH V. The Great Mosque of Cordoba was completed. ALFONSO I of Aragon captured Saragossa from the Arabs. THOMAS BECKET was born in London.
- 1119 HUGUES DePAYENS organized the Order of Knights
 Templars in Jerusalem, pledging themselves to defend the Holy
 Land from the Moslems. CALIXTUS II became pope. Bologna
 University was founded.
- 1120 The Waldensians published their Confession of Faith and Practice.
- The Synod of Soissons condemned ABELARD'S teaching about the Trinity.

- The compromise of King HENRY V and Pope CALIXTUS II at the Concordat of Worms ended the investiture controversy.
- The Lateran Council, called by Pope CALIXTUS II with 300 bishops present, established the celibacy of priests.
- **1124** HONORIUS II became pope. *DAVID I ruled Scotland*.
- The first Roman Catholic diocese was established in Greenland. *HEINRICH V died, succeeded by LOTHAIR II in Germany.*
- 1126 AVERROES, the Muslim philosopher, was born in Cordoba in Spain.
- 1128 DAVID I founded the Holyrood Abbey in Scotland.
- 1130 INNOCENT II became pope. ANACLETUS II was elected antipope.
- 1131 Rievaulx Abbey was founded in Yorkshire, England. BALDWIN I of England died, succeeded by FULK of Anjou.
- 1133 LOTHAIR III was crowned emperor in Germany.
- The Council of Pisa excommunicated antipope ANACLETUS II. SVERKER united the Goths and Swedes.
- 1135 MOSES BEN MAIMON (MAIMONIDES), called "The Greatest Jew of the Middle Ages" was born. HENRY I of England died, succeeded by his nephew STEPHEN.
- 1137 LOUIS VII became king of France when his father LOUIS VI died.
- 1138 KONRAD III ruled Germany. STEPHEN of England defeated DAVID of Scotland at Northallerton.
- The Second Lateran Council was called by Pope INNOCENT II and condemned the Arnoldists and Petro-Brussians. The Pope excommunicated ROGER II of Sicily. *Civil War in England as MATILDA fought STEPHEN for the throne.*
- 1140 Pope INNOCENT II was captured by ROGER II of Sicily.

- 1141 PETER ABELARD'S teaching was condemned. HILDEGARD of Bingen began writing
- 1142 PETER ABELARD died.
- 1143 CELESTINE II became pope. A Roman republic was formed in revolt against papal rule.
- 1144 LUCIUS II became pope. The Muslims took Edessa from the Crusaders.
- 1145 Pope EUGENIUS III proclaimed the Second Crusade.
- 1146 The Second Crusade was organized by BERNARD of Clairvaux.
- The Beungarians were called "Henericians" after HENRY of Toulouse. The Second Crusade, led by KONRAD III of Germany and LOUIS VII of France, failed to liberate Edessa and perished. DAVID ALROY presented himself as Messiah to the Jews of Babylon.
- 1150 Catalonia and Aragon united. The Universities of Paris and Oxford were founded.
- 1151 The Decrees of GRATIAN were compiled as the First Code of Roman Canon Law. The Toltec Empire ended in Mexico. The Chinese first used explosives in war.
- ANASTASIUS IV became pope. The Crusaders captured Ashkelon.
- 1154 The Englishman, NICHOLAS BREAKSPEAR, became Pope ADRIAN IV. STEPHEN died, succeeded by his cousin HENRY II in England, as the House of Plantagenet began a 331-year reign.
- ARNOLD of Brescia was burned at Rome for insisting on separation of church and state. *GENGHIS KHAN was born.*
- 1157 The Swedes conquered Finland.
- **1159** ALEXANDER III became pope.

- 1160 King HENRY II ordered the Paulicians at Oxford to be branded on their foreheads. *Civil War in Japan*.
- 1162 THOMAS BECKET was made Archbishop of Canterbury by HENRY II. ALFONSO became King of Aragon. Catalonia became a monarchy. The Lombard Association was founded at Venice.
- 1163 Construction of Notre Dame was begun in Paris.
- 1164 THOMAS BECKET fled from England to France.
- 1165 Pope ALEXANDER III excommunicated German Emperor FRIEDRICH I.
- 1166 The first Dervish Brotherhood was founded in Persia.
- Pope ALEXANDER III fled as FRIEDRICH I marched on Italy.
- 1170 THOMAS BECKET was murdered December 29th at Canterbury. Rules were established for the canonization of saints. PETER WALDO was converted. *Inquisitor DOMINICK GUZMAN was born at Cabaroga, Spain. The Normans invaded Ireland from Wales*.
- 1171 SALADIN overthrew the Fatimite dynasty and founded the Ayyubid dynasty in Egypt. Ireland submitted to King HENRY II.
- 1173 The Waldensian movement began. *BELA III became king of Hungary*.
- 1174 The "Leaning" Tower of Pisa was constructed. England's Canterbury Cathedral was destroyed by fire.
- The Pure Land Sect was formed in Japan by Buddhist priest HONEN. *Reconstruction of the Canterbury Cathedral began.*
- 1176 PETER WALDO, a merchant of Lyons, organized the "Poor in Spirit" (Waldenses). SALADIN conquered Syria. The Lombard League defeated the Germans at Legnano.

- 1177 PETER WALDO sought recognition of Pope ALEXANDER III for the Waldensians. *HENRY II made his son JOHN LACKLAND Lord of Ireland*.
- 1179 The Lateran Council, called by Pope ALEXANDER III, consisting of 412 bishops, condemned the Waldensians and the Albigenses. *Portugal became independent*.
- 1180 LOUIS VII died and his son PHILIPPE II ruled France.

 MANUEL I died and his son ALEXIUS II ruled the Byzantinians.
- 1181 LUCIUS III became pope. GIOVANNI BERNARDONE (FRANCIS of Assisi) was born in Italy.
- 1182 All Jews were banished from France.
- ANDRONICUS COMNENUS killed ALEXIUS II and began a 22-year reign over the Byzantine Empire. The Egyptian SALADIN took Aleppo of Syria. The Peace of Constance between FRIEDRICH I and Pope MARTIN IV.
- PETER WALDO was excommunicated by the Pope. *The New Canterbury Cathedral was completed.*
- 1185 URBAN III became pope. Knights Templars were established in London. ANDRONICUS I was deposed and killed by ISAAC ANGELUS.
- 1186 Egypt conquered Mesopotamia.
- 1187 GREGORY VIII and CLEMENT III were popes. The Moslem SALADIN of Egypt recaptured Jerusalem and defeated the Crusaders at the Horns of Hattin.
- 1188 Bulgaria was established as an independent nation.
- 1189 A Third Crusade was organized. HENRY II died, succeeded by RICHARD I in England. In Germany, FRIEDRICH I died, succeeded by his son HEINRICH VI.
- 1190 The Jews were persecuted in England under RICHARD I.

- 1191 CELESTINE III became pope. RICHARD I conquered Cyprus and sold it to Knights Templars of Jerusalem. The Crusaders captured Acre.
- 1192 Acre was made the Crusaders' capital. German Emperor HEINRICH VI captured King RICHARD I of England.
- 1193 King PHILIPPE II of France married INGEBORG of Denmark, but the marriage was annulled.
- 1194 The Waldensians were outlawed by King ALONSO II of Aragon. HEINRICH VI conquered Sicily. RICHARD I was ransomed from HEINRICH VI. RICHARD I and PHILIPPE II of France went to war.
- 1195 Byzantium Emperor ISAAC ANGELUS was deposed, blinded and replaced by his brother ALEXIUS III.
- The Council of Girona penalized Waldensians with burning at the stake. *HEINRICH VI died and OTTO IV became emperor*.
- INNOCENT III became pope and forced PHILIPPE II to acknowledge INGEBORG as his wife. The Teutonic Knights became a German military order. OTTOKAR became king of Bohemia.
- 1200 Pope INNOCENT III closed all churches in France, forbade extreme unction, celebration of mass and burial in consecrated ground because PHILIP AUGUSTUS put away his wife..
- 1201 The Fourth Crusade was organized to recover Palestine from the Moslems. *OTTO IV became emperor of the Holy Roman Empire*.
- 1202 Pope INNOCENT III asserted the right to approve or disapprove the emperor elected by the German electors. *The Anglo-French War over King JOHN of England's marriage began*.
- 1203 GENGHIS KHAN defeated ONGKHAN. King JOHN murdered his nephew ARTHUR.

- The Crusaders captured Constantinople, ended the Byzantine empire and made BALDWIN of Flanders their emperor. *PHILIPPE II of France captured Normandy*.
- 1205 The Bulgarians captured BALDWIN and he died.
- **1206** GENGHIS KHAN was made Chief Prince of the Mongols.
- 1207 Pope INNOCENT III appointed STEPHEN LANGTON Archbishop of Canterbury.
- FRANCIS of Assisi renounced his wealth. JOHN of England contested the election of the archbishop of Canterbury and was excommunicated, and an interdict was placed on England.

 SIMON DeMONTFORT led a campaign against the Albigenses (Cathari) in Southern France. Pope INNOCENT III excommunicated King JOHN of England because he rejected STEPHEN LANGTON.
- 1209 In the city of Beziers, 60,000 people perished from the Inquisition. *King JOHN invaded Scotland and confiscated Catholic church properties*.
- 1210 Pope INNOCENT III excommunicated Emperor OTTO IV. FRANCIS of Assisi founded the Franciscan Order.
- 400 people in Lavaur were burned alive and 100,000 Albigenses were killed in one day by the Inquisition. *GENGHIS KHAN invaded China. FRIEDRICH II was elected emperor.*
- The "Children's Crusade" of 20,000 children from Germany and France failed. Many perished, and the rest were sold into slavery in Egypt. The "Poor Clares" were organized for women by FRANCIS of Assisi.
- 32,000 Albigenses were slain at Toulouse by the Inquisition. King JOHN submitted to Pope INNOCENT III, paying a "fine" of 1,000 marks annually to the *Pope until the reformation*.
- **1214** GENGHIS KHAN captured Peking. WILLIAM the Lion died and was succeeded by his son ALEXANDER II in Scotland.

- DOMINICK GUZMAN led the Spanish Inquisition. The Doctrine of Transubstantiation was officially accepted by the Roman Church at the Fourth Lateran Council. Annual confession to a priest became mandatory. The Magna Carta was signed by King JOHN on June 15th, restoring the ancient laws of the Britons and Saxons.
- 1216 Pope INNOCENT III annulled the Magna Carta and died.

 HONORIUS III became pope. The Dominican Order was founded by Spanish priest DOMINIC and approved by the Pope. *King JOHN died, succeeded by HENRY III*.
- **1217** The Fifth Crusade was organized to conquer Egypt.
- **1218** GENGHIS KHAN invaded Persia.
- **1219** GENGHIS KHAN seized Bokhara. Damietta in Egypt was captured by the Crusaders.
- 1220 FREDERICK II was crowned emperor in Rome. Dominican monks reached England.
- 1221 The Franciscan, BONAVENTURE, was born. Sultan MELIK-EL-KAMIL recovered Damietta and the Fifth Crusade was abandoned.
- 1223 GENGHIS KHAN invaded Russia. PHILIPPE II died, succeeded by his son LOUIS VIII in France.
- **1224** Franciscan friars arrived in England.
- 1225 Cotton was manufactured in Spain.
- 1226 FRANCIS of Assisi died Oct. 3rd. LOUIS VIII of France died, succeeded by his son LOUIS IX. The Teutonic Knights began a conquest of Prussia.
- 1227 GREGORY IX became pope. THOMAS AQUINAS was born. STEPHEN LANGDON divided the Bible into 1,189 chapters. GENGHIS KHAN died. The North Germans crushed the Danes. Japanese Buddhist priest DOGEN founded the first Soto school of Zen Buddhism in Japan.

- 1228 The Sixth Crusade, led by FREDERICK II, recovered Jerusalem, Nazareth and Bethlehem. The Moslems kept the Mosque of Omar. STEPHEN LANGTON died.
- 1229 The Synod of Toulouse forbade Bible reading by laymen.
- 1230 Leprosy was brought to England by the Crusaders. Berlin was founded.
- 1231 The Mongols, led by OGADAI, invaded Korea.
- 1232 RAYMUND of Pennafort was appointed by pope GREGORY IX to lead the Spanish Inquisition at Aragon and Castile
- Pope GREGORY IX commissioned the Dominicans and Franciscans to punish heresy. *The first coal was mined in England*.
- 1234 France conquered Navarre. The Mongols captured the Chin Empire.
- 1237 The Mongols conquered Russia, taking Moscow.
- 1239 Pope GREGORY IX excommunicated Emperor FRIEDRICH II.
- 1240 RICHARD of Cornwall and SIMON DeMONTFORT started a Crusade to Jaffa. *England's Great Council was called "Parliament."*
- 1241 The Mongols defeated the Germans and invaded Poland, Hungary and Bulgaria. FRIEDRICH II ravaged Italy.
- 1243 INNOCENT IV became pope. The Mongols defeated the Turks.
- 1244 THOMAS AQUINAS joined the Dominican Order of Preachers. Jewish books were burned publicly at Paris. The Muslim KHWARAZMI conquered Jerusalem.
- 1245 At the Council of Lyons, Pope INNOCENT IV deposed and excommunicated Emperor FRIEDRICH II. Construction began on Westminster Abbey.
- 1246 Pope INNOCENT IV made HEINRICH RASPE emperor of Germany.

- 1247 The Feast of Corpus Christi (the Body of Christ) was celebrated for the first time. *Emperor HEINRICH RASPE died, succeeded by WILHELM of Holland.*
- 1248 A Seventh Crusade against Egypt failed, and King LOUIS IX of France was captured.
- 1250 The Bible was divided into chapters by Cardinal HUGH deSANCTO CARO. The Egyptian Mamelukes re-established Moslem rule over Palestine. Stockholm was founded. FRIEDRICH II died, succeeded by his son KONRAD IV.
- **1251** *MANGU* was elected Great Khan of the Mongols.
- Pope INNOCENT IV issued "Ad exstirpanda" to exterminate heretics.
- 1253 The Teutonic Knights crushed a Prussian revolt.
- 1254 ALEXANDER VI became pope. LOUIS IX returned to France from Palestine. MARCO POLO was born. KONRAD IV died and a struggle for power began in Germany.
- 1256 MANFRED ruled southern Italy and Sicily. The IL-KHAN dynasty was founded in Persia.
- 1257 LLYWELYN became Prince of Wales. RICHARD of Cornwall was crowned king of the Holy Roman Empire.
- Jerusalem was seized by the Malelukes. The Mongols took Baghdad and the Abbasid dynasty fell. The House of Commons was established in England.
- 1259 MANGU died, succeeded by KUBLAI KHAN over the Mongols.
- 1260 Sultan BEYBARS ruled Egypt. KUBLAI KHAN founded the Yuan dynasty in China.
- 1263 The Mamelukes defeated the Crusaders, capturing and destroying Nazareth.
- 1264 KUBLAI KHAN became Supreme Ruler of the Mongol Empire.

- 1265 CLEMENT IV became pope. ALIGHIERI DANTE, author of "Divine Comedy", was born.
- 1266 The Mamelukes recaptured Jerusalem.
- 1267 KUBLAI KHAN made Peking his capital.
- 1268 There was a three-year vacancy in the Papacy.
- 1270 An Eighth Crusade to conquer Tunis failed. Ashkelon fell to the Moslems. LOUIS IX of France died and was succeeded by his son PHILIPPE III. The Portuguese explored the west coast of Africa.
- 1271 GREGORY X became pope. MARCO POLO went to China. Prince EDWARD led an unsuccessful Crusade to Acre.
- 1272 HENRY III of England died, succeeded by his son EDWARD I. "Summa Theologiae" by THOMAS AQUINAS was published.
- 1273 RUDOLF I was elected ruler of Germany.
- The Lateran Council attempted unsuccessfully to reunite the Roman and Greek churches. THOMAS AQUINAS died.
- 1275 MARCO POLO, in the service of KUBLAI KHAN, went to China.
- 1276 The Roman Church had four popes at once: GREGORY X, INNOCENT V, HADRIAN V and JOHN XXI. *The Mongols captured Hangchow*.
- 1277 NICHOLAS III became pope. ROGER BACON was imprisoned for heresy.
- 1278 278 Jews were hanged in London. RUDOLF I of Germany killed OTTOKAR II of Bohemia in the Battle of Marchfeld.
- 1281 MARTIN IV became pope. KUBLAI KHAN unsuccessfully invaded Japan.
- 1282 The French were massacred as Sicily revolted.
- 1284 Prince DAVID of Wales was executed. Welsh resistance was broken and Wales became part of England and was divided into

- counties. ABRAHAM ABULAFIA presented himself as Messiah to the Jews in Sicily.
- 1285 HONORIUS IV became pope. PHILIPPE III of France died, succeeded by his son PHILIPPE IV.
- 1287 The Mongols invaded Burma and destroyed the capital, Pagan.
- 1288 NICHOLAS IV became pope. OSMAN I founded the Ottoman Empire.
- **1289** Wood-block printing was used in Ravenna, Italy. Syria captured Tripoli.
- All Jews in England were expelled to Germany. Spectacles were invented. FIRUZ established the Khalji dynasty in India.
- The End of the Crusades. Acre was recaptured by the Moslems. The Kingdom of Jerusalem came to an end. *RUDOLF I died*, succeeded by *ADOLF I of Nassau in Germany*.
- 1292 JOHN BALLIOL became king of Scotland.
- **1293** *GEDYMIN founded the state of LITHUANIA.*
- 1294 CELESTINE V and BONIFACE VIII became popes. *KUBLAI KHAN died.*
- 1295 MARCO POLO returned to Venice from China.
- Pope BONIFACE VIII forbade PHILIP of France and EDWARD I of England to tax the clergy, under pain of excommunication. EDWARD I outlawed the clergy and forbade them to recognize the Pope's power in England. PHILIP forbade the export of money, depriving the Pope of French revenues. EDWARD I invaded Scotland, killed king BALLIOL and took the Stone of Scone (the Coronation Stone) to Westminster.
- 1297 King EDWARD I invaded France. Scotland revolted against England.
- **1298** ALBRECHT I replaced ADOLF I on the German throne.

- **1299** The Mongols invaded Delhi, India.
- 1300 The "Zohar", a single source book of Kaballah, was produced for Jewry. The Pope proclaimed 1300 as the "Jubilee Year".

 Members of the clergy obtained seats in the Spanish Parliament.

 WENCESLAS II became king of Poland.
- 1301 EDWARD, son of EDWARD I, became the first English Prince of Wales.
- When PHILIP of France arrested a papal legate for treason, Pope BONIFACE VIII ordered his release. When PHILIP refused, the Pope claimed supremacy over all rulers and issued "Unam Sanctum", the Roman Catholic Church is the only true church, outside of which no one can be saved. *The French were massacred by the Flemings*.
- 1303 BENEDICT XI became pope. BRIDGET of Sweden, founder of the Brigittine Order, was born.
- 1304 Pope BENEDICT XI was poisoned.
- 1305 CLEMENT V became pope.
- 1306 PHILIPPE IV banished all Jews from France. ROBERT BRUCE of Scotland led a revolt against the English.
- 1307 EDWARD I died, succeeded by his son EDWARD II.
- **1308** ALBRECHT I died, succeeded by HEINRICH VII in Germany.
- The "Babylonian Captivity of the Papacy" began as Pope CLEMENT V transferred the papal court from Rome to Avignon, France.
- **1311** ROBERT BRUCE led a Scottish invasion of England.
- **1312** *The Synod of Vienne abolished the Knights Templars.*
- 1313 German Friar BERTHOLD SCHWARZ invented gunpowder.
- 1314 JACQUES DeMOLAY, ex-Grand Master of the Knights Templars, was burned at the stake in Paris for heresy. The

- papal chair became vacant for over two years. *PHILIPPE IV died, succeeded by his son LOUIS X in France.*
- JOHN XXII became pope. EDWARD BRUCE was crowned King of Ireland. LOUIS X died, succeeded by his brother PHILIPPE V in France.
- **1318** EDWARD BRUCE of Ireland was killed.
- 1320 JOHN WYCLIFFE was born in Hipswell, England.
- 1321 Civil War in the Byzantine Empire. DANTE completed "Divine Comedy".
- 1322 PHILIPPE V died, succeeded by his brother CHARLES IV in France.
- 1324 Pope JOHN XXII deposed and excommunicated Emperor LUDWIG IV.
- The Russian Orthodox Church moved from Kiev near Constantinople to Moscow. *The Aztecs founded Mexico City*.
- 1326 The Teutonic Knights invaded Poland. ISABELLA and ROGER MORTIMER invaded England.
- 1327 EDWARD II was murdered, succeeded by his son EDWARD III.
- 1328 The sawmill was invented. France took Flanders. England recognized Scotland's independence. CHARLES IV died and was succeeded by his cousin PHILIPPE VI in France. IVAN I became Grand Prince of Moscow.
- 1330 The Serbs defeated the Greeks and Bulgarians. EDWARD III executed ROGER MORTIMER.
- 1332 Bubonic plague originated in India.
- 1333 The First Polish War ended as VLADISLAV IV died, succeeded by CASIMIR III. EDWARD III defeated the Scots.
- **1334** BENEDICT XII became pope.
- 1335 Artillery was first used in Europe.

- 1337 England's Hundred Year War with France began as EDWARD III claimed the French crown.
- 1338 The Diet of Frankfurt forbade the pope from interfering in imperial elections.
- Queen's College, Oxford, was founded. England gained control of the English Channel. Castile and Portugal defeated the Muslims.
- 1341 Civil War in the Byzantine Empire.
- 1342 CLEMENT VI became pope. CHARLES I died, succeeded by LAJOS I.
- 1344 The Order of the Garter was founded.
- 1345 Ottoman Turks entered Europe.
- 1346 The cannon was first used in the Battle of Crecy. England defeated France.
- 1347 Bubonic plague, the "Black Death", swept over Europe. LUDWIG IV died in Germany, succeeded by KARL IV.
- 1349 The Germans persecuted the Jews.
- 1350 PHILIPPE VI died, succeeded by his son JEAN II in France.
- 1351 Approximately 75 million, 1/3 of Europe's population, have died of the bubonic plague.
- 1352 INNOCENT VI became pope.
- 1354 German towns formed The Rhine League.
- 1357 Revolution in Paris against the Dauphin.
- 1361 The bubonic plague reappeared in England.
- 1362 URBAN V became pope.
- 1363 TAMERLAINE began his conquest of Asia.
- 1364 The Aztecs declared Tenochtitlan (Mexico City) their capital. JEAN II died, succeeded by his son CHARLES V in France.

- 1366 The English Parliament rejected Pope URBAN V's demands for tribute payments.
- 1368 The Mongol Yuan dynasty in China was overthrown by the Ming dynasty.
- 1369 JOHN HUSS was born in Bohemia.
- GREGORY XI became pope. CATHERINE of Siena wrote "Letters". *The steel crossbow was used as a weapon of war.*
- 1371 DAVID II of Scotland died, succeeded by ROBERT II.
- 1373 JULIAN of Norwich received revelations. *The Dutch developed canal locks*.
- 1376 JOHN WYCLIFFE began his work of reformation.
- The "Babylonian Captivity of the Papacy" ended as Pope GREGORY XI returned the papal throne to Rome. *EDWARD III died, succeeded by his grandson RICHARD II in England.*
- 1378 Popes URBAN VI of Rome and CLEMENT VII of Avignon, vying for supremacy, created "The Great Schism" in the Roman Church. *KARL IV died in Germany, succeeded by WENZEL*.
- JOHN WYCLIFFE urged reformation of the church, rejected the doctrine of transubstantiation, and denied the Pope's authority.
- 1380 JOHN WYCLIFFE was excommunicated and began translating the New Testament from Latin to English. *The Mongol Tartars lost control of Russia. CHARLES V died, succeeded by his son CHARLES VI in France.*
- 1381 The Peasant's Revolt in England was led by JACK STRAW, WAT TYLER and JOHN BALL.
- JOHN WYCLIFFE, the "Morning Star of the Reformation", founded the Lollards and published his English New Testament, the first complete manuscript. He was expelled from Oxford University for insisting Christ and not the Pope was head of the church, that the Bible instead of the church was the sole authority for the believer, and opposing the dogma of

- transubstantiation. BARKUK, a slave, founded the dynasty of Burgee, Circassian Mamelukes in Egypt.
- JOHN WYCLIFFE died. NICHOLAS of Hereford completed the translation of the Old Testament into English. *JADWIGA* was elected Queen of Poland.
- 1389 BONIFACE IX became pope.
- 1390 ROBERT II died, succeeded by his son ROBERT III in Scotland.
- 1392 SONGGYE founded the Yi dynasty in Korea with its capital at Seoul.
- 1393 WENCESLAS IV of Bohemia tortured and killed JOHN of Nepomuk. MANUEL CHRYSOLORAS sought aid from Venice for Constantinople against the Turks.
- BENEDICT XIII became pope at Avignon. All Jews were banished from France to Germany, Poland and Italy.
- 1398 French clergy refused to pay papal taxes imposed on them.
- **1400** WENZEL was deposed for drunkenness and replaced by RUPRECHT in Germany.
- JOHN HUSS was ordained to the priesthood. English law gave the Roman church power to put the Lollards to death.
- **1402** JOHN HUSS became rector of the University of Prague.
- **1404** INNOCENT VII became pope.
- **1406** GREGORY XII became pope. ROBERT III died, succeeded by JAMES I in Scotland.
- 1407 Civil War in France.
- JOHN HUSS was accused of heresy and deposed. English subjects were forbidden to make or read a version of the Bible in their native tongue.
- 1409 The Council of Pisa deposed BENEDICT XIII (Avignon) and GREGORY XII (Rome), making ALEXANDER V the pope, resulting in three rival popes.

- **1410** Pope ALEXANDER V died and was replaced by JOHN XXIII. *RUPRECHT died, succeeded by SIGISMUND in Germany.*
- **1411** JOHN HUSS was excommunicated.
- **1413** HENRY IV died, succeeded by his son HENRY V in England.
- The Council of Constance was called by Emperor SIGISMUND and Pope JOHN XXIII to discuss papal authority. JOHN HUSS was arrested, tried and condemned.
- 1415 The Council of Constance deposed all three popes and declared its "Sacrosancta" on April 6th. The Council also ordered JOHN WYCLIFFE'S body exhumed and desecrated. JOHN HUSS was burned at the stake in Prague on July 6th.
- **1416** JEROME of Prague was martyred.
- 1417 BENEDICT XIII was deposed at Avignon and MARTIN V became pope. JOHN OLDCASTLE of the Lollards was executed in England.
- **1421** Germany attacked the Hussites in Bohemia.
- 1422 HENRY V died, succeeded by his son HENRY VI in England.
- 1423 CLEMENT VIII became pope.
- **1424** BENEDICT XIV became pope. The Hussite Church in Bohemia split between the Utraquists and the Taborites.
- **1428** Sixteen-year old JOAN of Arc led the French armies against England.
- 1429 Catholics were ordered by the Pope to believe what they were told by the priests.
- 1431 JOHN LUKAWITZ compiled the Mennonite Brethren Creed and presented it to JOHN ROKYZAN, Archbishop of Prague. The Council of Basel was called to reform the church by deposing Pope EUGENE IV. Pope EUGENE IV had JOAN of Arc burned at the stake in France by the English on May 30th.
- **1432** GONZALO CABRAL discovered the Azores.

- 1433 The double-eagle became the emblem of the Holy Roman Empire. The bubonic plague hit Portugal.
- **1434** Revolt in Rome. Pope EUGENE IV fled to Florence.
- **1436** *JOHANN GUTENBERG invented the printing press.*
- 1437 German Emperor SIGISMUND died. JAMES I of Scotland was murdered, succeeded by his son JAMES II.
- The "Pragmatic Sanction" of Bourges, France declared French churches independent from the Pope. The first Dalai Lama was founded in Tibet. *Inca rule was founded in Peru. ALBRECHT II was elected German emperor*.
- 1439 PETER LOMBARD'S textbook on "Theology of the Middle Ages" was accepted at the Council of Florence. FELIX V was elected pope. The Pragmatic Sanction of Mainz, Germany stopped payments to the Pope. ALBRECHT II died in Germany.
- 1440 FRIEDRICH III was elected Holy Roman Emperor. Aztec King ITZCOATL died, succeeded by MONTEZUMA I.
- 1445 Corinth was burned by the Turks and 60,000 captives went into slavery in Asia.
- Pope NICHOLAS V restored papal authority and founded the Vatican Library in Rome.
- 1448 CONSTANTINE XI became the last Byzantine emperor.
- **1449** Antipope FELIX V abdicated.
- 1450 The Vatican Manuscript was placed in the Vatican Library.
- 1451 CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS was born. The Turks attacked Constantinople.
- **1452** GIROLAMO SAVONAROLA was born September 21st in Italy.
- The Russian Orthodox Church became independent from the Greek Orthodox Church. *Constantinople fell to the Ottoman*

Turks and the Byzantine Empire ended. England's Hundred Year War with France ended. This marked the end of the Middle Ages.

- 1455 CALIXTUS III became pope. *JOHN REUCHLIN*, who composed a Hebrew grammar and dictionary, was born. The War of the Roses began in England.
- 1456 The Latin Bible, called the Mazarin Bible, was the first printed book by JOHANN GUTENBERG on his printing press.

 Athens was captured by the Turks.
- 1457 The first Association of Moravian churches was formed in Kunvald.
- 1458 PIUS II became pope.
- 1459 Civil War in England.
- Pope PIUS II condemned any future councils. *JAMES II was killed in battle, succeeded by his son JAMES III in Scotland.*
- 1461 EDWARD IV became king of England. CHARLES VII died and his son LOUIS XI became ruler of France.
- **1464** PAUL II became pope.
- 1465 The first music was printed.
- JOHANN MENTEL printed the first German Bible.
 DESIDERIUS ERASMUS was born.
- 1467 JOHN COLET, the Oxford reformer, was born.
- 1470 HENRY VI was restored to the English throne.
- 1471 Pope SIXTUS IV began construction of the Sistine Chapel. HENRY VI was murdered, succeeded by EDWARD IV in England.
- **1474** GIROLAMO SAVONAROLA became a Dominican monk. *WILLIAM CAXTON printed the first book in English.*
- 1477 WILLIAM CAXTON published Chaucer's "Canterbury Tales".

- 1480 BALTHASAR HUBMAIER was born in Augsburg, Germany. Appointed by King FERDINAND with the approval of Pope SIXTUS IV, THOMAS TORQUEMADA began the Spanish Inquisition.
- 1481 GIROLAMO SAVONAROLA preached in Florence.
- 1483 MARTIN LUTHER was born November 10th at Eisleben, Saxony. EDWARD IV died, succeeded by his son EDWARD V, but EDWARD V was murdered and RICHARD III became ruler of England. LOUIS XI of France died and his son CHARLES VIII became king.
- 1484 HULDREICH ZWINGLI was born. Pope INNOCENT VIII completed the Sistine Chapel. CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS was denied backing for his voyage by Portuguese king JOAO II.
- 1485 RICHARD III was killed and HENRY VII ruled England.
- 1486 CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS was denied backing for his voyage by FERDINAND and ISABELLA of Spain.
- 1488 MILES COVERDALE was born. The first complete Hebrew Old Testament was produced. *BARTHOLOMEU DIAS of Portugal rounded the Cape of Good Hope*.
- 1489 THOMAS CRANMER was born.
- **1490** The Portuguese explored the Congo River in Africa.
- 1491 Dominion of the Moors ended in Spain and FERDINAND became Monarch.
- MENNO SIMONS was born in Friesland, Holland. RODRIGO BORGIA became Pope ALEXANDER VI. CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS discovered America on October 12th. Catalonia fell to the Moors. On March 30th, all Jews were expelled from Spain "under penalty of death, never to return". Many migrated to Tiberias and Safed, where they developed the Kabalah.
- 1493 Pope ALEXANDER VI divided the New World between Spain and Portugal. COLUMBUS made a second voyage and

- discovered Puerto Rico. FRIEDRICH III died, succeeded by MAXIMILIAN I.
- 1494 WILLIAM TYNDALE was born in England. Spain and Portugal divided the New World at the Treaty of Tordesillas.

 The last coronation in Navarre occurred with JOHN

 D'ALBERT. THOMAS Torquemada was made InquisitorGeneral of all Spain. CHARLES VIII of France banished all

 Jews from Pisa and Naples. COLUMBUS discovered Jamaica.
- 1495 LEONARDO DaVINCI began painting "The Last Supper." All Jews were expelled from Portugal. Perpetual Peace was proclaimed at the Diet of Worms.
- **1496** *JAMES IV of Scotland invaded England.*
- 1497 GIROLAMO SAVONAROLA was excommunicated. *JOHN*CABOT sailed to Canada. VASCO DaGAMA rounded the Cape
 of Good Hope. AMERIGO VESPUCCI discovered the Gulf of
 Mexico.
- **1498** GIROLAMO SAVONAROLA was tortured and burned at the stake on May 23rd at Florence. *VASCO DaGAMA reached India. COLUMBUS reached Trinidad.*
- 1499 NADAK founded the Sikhism religion in the Punjab, India.

 *AMERIGO VESPUCCI and ALONSO DeOJEDA discovered South America and the Amazon River.
- 1500 The Pope proclaimed this "The Year of Jubilee." *COLUMBUS* was returned to Spain in chains. PEDRO CABRAL discovered Brazil for Portugal. DIEGO DIAZ discovered Madagascar.
- The Pope ordered all books against the Roman Church to be burned. *The first African slaves were brought to the West Indies.*
- 1502 The Shi'ism faith was established in Persia. *COLUMBUS made a fourth voyage, reaching the Honduras*.
- PIUS III became pope, but died, and JULIUS II became pope. Pope JULIUS II unified the Papal States of Italy and commissioned MICHELANGELO to paint the ceiling of the

- Sistine Chapel. MICHELANGELO did his sculpture of DAVID.
- PHILIP of Hesse, organizer of the Schmalkaldic League, was born. *LEONARDO DaVINCI painted the "Mona Lisa"*. *COLUMBUS returned to Spain from Panama*.
- MARTIN LUTHER entered the Monastery of Augustinian Order at Erfurt.
- Pope JULIUS II started the new St. Peter's Church and authorized the sale of indulgences to finance it.
- 1507 MARTIN LUTHER was ordained a priest. MARTIN WALDSEEMULLER, a German geographer, named the New World "America" after AMERIGO VESPUCCI.
- MARTIN LUTHER began teaching theology at the University of Wittenberg. MICHELANGELO began painting the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel.
- JOHN CALVIN was born July 10th at Noyon, Picardy, in northeastern France. The Jews were persecuted in Germany. An earthquake destroyed Constantinople. HENRY VIII succeeded his father HENRY VII in England, and married CATHERINE of Aragon. Negro slaves were brought to the New World.
- 1510 VASCO NUNEZ DeBALBOA founded Darien in Panama.
- **1511** BALTHASAR HUBMAIER became Professor of Theology at the University of Ingolstadt. *DIEGO VALAZQUEZ conquered Cuba*.
- MARTIN LUTHER became Professor of Biblical Theology.
 JACQUES LeFEVRE of France published Paul's Epistles and a
 Latin Commentary. All Christians outside the Catholic Church
 were called "The Church of Malignants." MICHELANGELO
 finished painting the Sistine Chapel. COPERNICUS said, "The
 earth and other planets turn around the sun."

- JOHN KNOX was born in Scotland. LEO X became pope. BALBOA crossed Panama and discovered the Pacific Ocean. JUAN PONCE DeLEON found and named Florida.
- 1514 Cardinal XIMENES in Alcala published the first Polyglot Bible in Hebrew, Chaldee, Greek and Latin, and a Greek New Testament.
- MARTIN LUTHER became priest of the City Church of Wittenberg. LOUIS XII of France died, succeeded by FRANCOIS I.
- 1516 DESIDERIUS ERASMUS published his Greek New Testament on March 1st. MICHELANGELO did his sculpture of MOSES.

 Turkish Sultan SELIM I defeated the Mamelukes, captured Jerusalem and conquered Syria.
- 1517 MARTIN LUTHER, protesting the sale of indulgences by TETZEL, agent of Archbishop ALBERT, posted his "Ninety-five Theses" on the door of his Wittenberg church on October 31st. JOHN FOX, author of "Book of Martyrs" was born at Lincolnshire, England. Turkish Sultan TUMAN BEY was defeated. Egypt was conquered by the Ottoman Turks. Coffee was introduced to Europe. BALBOA was beheaded for treason. The Oratory of Divine Love was founded in Rome.
- MARTIN LUTHER was questioned before Cardinal CAJETAN at the Diet of Augsburg, and refused to retract his views. HERNAN CORTEZ led an expedition against the Aztecs in Mexico.
- 1519 HULDREICH ZWINGLI was converted while pastor at Zurich, and began the Swiss Reformation. JOHANN TETZEL died. LUTHER debated JOHN ECK at Leipzig. KARL V was crowned emperor of the Holy Roman Empire. CORTEZ founded the city of Vera Cruz, brought horses to the North American continent and began his conquest of Mexico, taking Emperor MONTEZUMA prisoner. FERDINAND MAGELLAN began his voyage around the world.

- MARTIN LUTHER severed himself from obedience to the Pope. The Swiss Anabaptist movement was founded by CONRAD GREBEL and FELIX MANZ, and in Germany by THOMAS MUNZER. The Aztecs drove the Spaniards from Mexico City, but MONTEZUMA was killed.
- MARTIN LUTHER was excommunicated by Pope LEO X at the Diet of Worms and was imprisoned at Wartburg. WILLIAM TYNDALE was ordained a priest. English King HENRY VIII was titled "Defender of the Faith" by the Pope. Sweden became independent of Denmark. MAGELLAN was killed in the Philippines. France and Germany went to war.
- MARTIN LUTHER translated the New Testament into German. ZWINGLI broke with Rome. ADRIAN BOEYENS became Pope ADRIAN VI. The Complutesian Polyglot Bible was issued by Cardinal FRANCISCO JIMENEZ DeCISNEROS of Spain. ANDAGOYA discovered Peru. MAGELLAN'S fleet completed its voyage around the world.
- BAPTISTS first appeared in Switzerland. JOHN CALVIN entered the University of Paris. JACQUES LeFEVRE translated the New Testament from Latin to French. The first Dutch New Testament was published. WILHELM REUBLIN became the first Catholic priest to marry. CLEMENT VII became pope. *England and Germany were at war with France*.
- Anabaptists HANS KOCH and LEONARD MEYSTER were put to death at Augsburg. The Theatine Order was founded by GAETANO DITIENE and GIOVANNI PIETRO CARAFFA in Rome. Franciscan missionaries arrived in Mexico. MENNO SIMONS was ordained a priest. At the Zurich Council, ZWINGLI abolished images and the mass in the church. A Hebrew text of the Bible was printed in Venice by JACOB BEN CHAYYIM. VERRAZZANO discovered New York Bay and the Hudson River. The Peasant's War in Germany.
- 1525 BALTHASAR HUBMAIER was baptized on Easter Sunday by WILHELM REUBLIN. The Zurich Council prohibited Bible

study meetings by Anabaptists. MARTIN LUTHER opposed the Peasant's Revolt, now led by THOMAS MUNZER. MARTIN LUTHER married KATHERINE VonBORA. The Anabaptists were banished from Zurich by the Senate over infant baptism. WILLIAM TYNDALE translated, and PETER SCHOEFFER printed ERASMUS' Greek New Testament into English and published it in 1526. The first Mennonite congregation was formed in Zurich. The Capuchin Order was founded by MATTEO DiBASCIO in Rome.

- 1526 BALTHASAR HUBMAIER fled to Moravia, where the Anabaptists were called "Moravian Brothers". OLAVUS PETRI translated the New Testament into Swedish. The Diet of Speier gave the ruler the right to choose the religion of his state. The first bullfight in Mexican history was fought.
- King FERDINAND of Germany decreed the death penalty for re baptizing adults. MICHAEL SATLER was put to death. FELIX MANTZ was drowned at Zurich on January 5th. The Diet of Westeras made Lutheranism the state religion of Sweden. The Zurich Council organized the Inquisition on December 16th and persecuted the rebaptizers. The Schleitheim Confession of Faith was produced. The Holy Roman Empire sacked and pillaged Rome, killing 4,000 and imprisoning the Pope. King HENRY VIII asked the Pope for an annulment of his marriage to CATHERINE.
- Lutheranism was made the state religion of Finland. Anabaptist BALTHASAR HUBMAIER was arrested at Vienna and burned at the stake on March 10th. His wife was drowned in the Danube River by the Catholics over the issue of separation of church and state, the authority of the Scriptures, and believer's baptism. PATRICK HAMILTON was burned at the stake by Archbishop BEATON in Scotland for calling the Pope "Antichrist". A Latin translation of the Hebrew Bible was made by SANTES PAGNINUS. ANDREA DORIA freed Genoa from France. England went to war with the Holy Roman Empire.

- A Swiss minister, JACOB HUTTER, in Moravia, organized the oldest surviving group of Anabaptists, called "Hutterian Brethren". The Diet of Speier canceled previous rights and declared the Roman Catholic faith the only faith, and imposed the death penalty on all Anabaptists, resulting in a wholesale slaughter of Anabaptists. ZWINGLI and LUTHER became divided over communion at the Marburg Colloquy. LUTHER compiled his Catechism. His followers read a "Protestation" and from then on were known as "Protestants". SIR THOMAS MORE was appointed Chancellor of England.
- The Lutheran Church was officially formed at the Diet of Augsburg on June 25th, and the Augsburg Confession, prepared by PHILIP MELANCHTHON, became its official creed. The Turks sealed the Eastern Gate in Jerusalem. KARL V was crowned Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire by Pope CLEMENT VII. SOLOMON MOLKO presented himself as "Messiah" to the Jews in Greece.
- ZWINGLI was killed in the Battle of Kappel and was succeeded as pastor in Zurich by HEINRICH BULLINGER. The Schmalkaldic League was formed by a group of Protestant princes. *Halley's comet appeared*.
- 1532 The Waldenses of Southern France adopted Calvinism.

 THOMAS CRANMER was sent to Rome to argue for annulment for King HENRY VIII. FRANCISCO PIZARRO explored Peru.
- FRANCIS I began a persecution of Protestants in France and JOHN CALVIN began the French Reformation. Twenty-five Baptists were burned at St. Paul's Church in London. THOMAS CRANMER was made Archbishop of Canterbury. King HENRY VIII was excommunicated for marrying ANNE BOLEYN.
- MARTIN LUTHER completed the translation of the whole Bible into German, based on the original Hebrew and Greek. The Act of Supremacy proclaimed the King of England head of the Church of England, as King HENRY VIII rejected papal authority and ended "Peter's Pence". PAUL III became pope.

- IGNATIUS LOYOLA founded the Jesuits. WILLIAM TYNDALE published a revision of his New Testament. *The Turks, led by SULEYMAN the Magnificent, conquered Iraq.*
- 1535 MILES COVERDALE published the first complete printed Bible in English, with a translation of the Apocrypha from Latin. OLIVETAN made a new translation of the New Testament into French. LUTHER broke openly with the Anabaptists at the Munster Rebellion in Germany. The Ursuline Order was founded by ANGELA MERICI in Rome. SIR THOMAS MORE was beheaded for refusing to take the oath of supremacy on July 1st.
- 1536 ERASMUS died. At the Hamburg Diet, Lutheranism became the state religion in Denmark and Norway. MENNO SIMONS left the Catholics for the Anabaptists, was baptized, and in the Netherlands, his followers became known as "Mennonites". WILLIAM TYNDALE was burned at Brussels on October 6th. The first Helvetic Confession was written for the German Reformed Church by HEINRICH BULLINGER. The Schmalkald Articles of Faith were drawn up by MARTIN LUTHER. King HENRY VIII executed ANNE BOLEYN and married JANE SEYMOUR. JACQUES CARTIER claimed Canada for France.
- MENNO SIMONS was baptized by OBBE PHILIP. The Matthews Bible was printed.
- JOHN CALVIN was banished from Geneva. Thirteen Articles of Religion were published. SULEYMAN II rebuilt the Jerusalem walls, enclosing the Old City on Mt. Moriah. FRANCISCO DeULLOA sailed to the head of the Gulf of California.
- MILES COVERDALE published The Great Bible, the first Authorized English Version, with the Apocrypha separated from the Hebrew text. The Statute of Six Articles by the English Parliament confirmed Roman theology for the Church of England. A Consistorium was appointed by FREDERICK to govern the affairs of the church and superintendents supervised

- the affairs of the church. HERNANDO DeSOTO began exploration of southeast North America.
- JOHN KNOX was ordained a priest. Pope PAUL III officially accepted IGNATIUS LOYOLA'S Society of Jesus (Jesuits). ULRICH STADLER of the Hutterites died. FRANCISCO DeCORONADO began exploration of southwest North America.
- JOHN KNOX led the Calvinist Reformation in Scotland and laid the foundation for the Presbyterian Church. *HERNANDO DeSOTO discovered the Mississippi River*.
- ROBERT BELLARMINE, leader of the Counter-Reformation, was born October 4th. The Roman Inquisition was proclaimed by Pope PAUL III to combat Protestantism. *King HENRI VIII executed CATHERINE HOWARD and married CATHERINE PARR*.
- The first Protestants were burned at the stake by the Inquisition. *The Portuguese landed in Japan*.
- 1544 England invaded Scotland. Germany invaded France.
- 1545 The Council of Trent convened in Tyron on December 13th to discuss the reformation of the Roman Catholic Church.
- JOHN KNOX openly broke with the Catholics. MARTIN LUTHER died on February 18th and PHILIP MELANCHTHON assumed leadership. GEORGE WISHART was burned at the stake in Scotland for teaching Protestant doctrine. PETER CHAPOT was killed for bringing Bibles into France. The Council of Trent confirmed the Old Testament canon of Scripture and declared the Vulgate the only authentic Latin text of Scripture. Civil War erupted in Germany as Emperor CHARLES V warred against the Lutheran "heretics".
- JOHN KNOX was exiled to France. The Bible, the Apocrypha and Church Tradition constituted the final authority of the Roman Church. The Statute of Six Articles was repealed by the English Parliament. King HENRY VIII died, succeeded by his son, EDWARD VI. Moscow was destroyed by fire.

- 1548 FRANCIS XAVIER founded a Jesuit mission in Japan. *The Turks went at war with Persia.*
- The Presbyterian Church was formed in Scotland. The Act of Uniformity removed the concept of the mass as a sacrifice and provided for the use of CRANMER'S Book of Common Prayer. English replaced Latin in English church services. *The first National Assembly was held in Russia*.
- JOHN MARBECK produced the first English Bible Concordance. JULIUS III became pope.
- ROBERT STEVENS (ESTIENNE) divided the Bible into 31,173 verses. *The Jews were persecuted in Bavaria.*
- A Second Act of Uniformity provided for protestant Prayer Book use by the Anglican Church, and rejected the dogma of Transubstantiation. CRANMER and RIDLEY compiled "The 42 Articles". *Germany and France were at war*.
- MARTIN CHEMNITZ attempted to reconcile LUTHER and MELANCHTON. JOHN CALVIN had MICHAEL SERVETUS burnt to death at Geneva on October 27th. King EDWARD VI died and "Bloody" Queen MARY made England Catholic again.
- Lutheranism became the official religion of Iceland. Cardinal HOSIUS dated the history of Baptists back to A.D. 354. *MARY TUDOR married PHILIP II of Spain and persecution by the Catholics began.*
- JOHN KNOX returned to Scotland. NICHOLAS RIDLEY, THOMAS CRANMER and 300 others were martyred. JOHN ROGERS (THOMAS MATTHEW) was burned by Queen MARY. HUGH LATIMER was burned at Oxford on October 16th. MARCELLUS II became pope. GIOVANNI PIETRO CARAFFA became Pope PAUL IV. The Peace of Augsburg ended the fighting between the Catholics and the Lutherans. *KARL V abdicated and FERDINAND I ruled the Holy Roman Empire*.

- AKBAR the Great became the Mongul Emperor of India. 830,000 were killed by earthquakes in Shensi, China.
- An influenza epidemic hit all Europe. PHILIP II defeated the French at the Battle of St. Quentin on August 10th. Ireland revolted from England.
- The Hungarian Confession was prepared as Hungary adopted Protestantism. *ELIZABETH I, half-sister of MARY and daughter of ANNE BOLEYN, became Queen of England.*
- AUGUSTINE CAZALLA and 13 others were burned by the Inquisitors in Salamancia, Spain. JOHN CALVIN founded the University of Geneva. The Paris Synod adopted the Gallican Confession of Faith. Pope PAUL IV issued the Roman Index of Prohibited Books, and died. PIUS IV became pope. The Second Act of Supremacy gave Queen ELIZABETH authority over the Church of England. HENRY II of France was killed and succeeded by FRANCIS II.
- The Geneva Bible was published, the first in verse form. JOHN KNOX drew up CALVIN'S Confession of Faith which was adopted at the Treaty of Edinburgh. French Protestants were called "Huguenots". Presbyterianism was established as the official religion in Scotland. FRANCIS II died, succeeded by CHARLES IX in France.
- GUIDO DeBRES prepared the Belgic Confession of Faith at the Naumberg Conference. Calvinist refugees settled in England. FRANCIS BACON was born. MARY STUART of France went to Scotland for 8 years and clashed with the Calvinists there.
- The Massacre of Orange, led by the Inquisition. PETER MARTYR died at Zurich. CRANMER and RIDLEY'S Articles were revised to 39. *Bubonic plague hit Paris. JOHN HAWKINS began selling slaves to the New World colonists.*
- The Heidelberg Catechism was published as the official creed of the German Reformed Churches. The Council of Trent ended.

 Degrees of Purgatory were established by the Roman Catholics.

The War of Religion began and 1,200 Protestants were killed at the Massacre of Vassy. FAUSTUS SOCINUS led the Polish Brethren in Poland. JOHN FOXE'S "History of the Acts and Monuments of the Church" was published in English. *Bubonic plague swept Europe*. 20,000 Londoners died of the plague.

- The ninth and last Brethren Creed was presented to Emperor MAXIMILIAN II. JOHN CALVIN died May 27th, succeeded by THEODORE BEZA in the Chair of Theology at Geneva. The Tridentine Profession of Faith was made at the Council of Trent. England and Spain went to war. FERDINAND I died, succeeded by MAXIMILAN II. Spain occupied the Philippines. WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE was born.
- 1565 MARTIN LUTHER was denounced at the Council of Toledo.
- The Vulgate version of the Bible was adopted as authoritative. PIUS V became pope. The Augsburg Diet began March 23rd. Calvinist riots began in the Netherlands. Protestants plundered 400 Catholic churches in Spain.
- GUIDO DeBRES was hanged in Belgium. The Scottish Church was established with Calvinistic theology and a Presbyterian form of government. Two million Indians of South America died of typhoid fever. The Portuguese founded Rio deJaneiro.
- The Bishop's Bible was published. The Synod of Wesel adopted the Heidelberg Catechism. The Bible was translated into Czech. The Cambridge Puritans attempted to change from Episcopal to Presbyterian or Congregational.
- 1569 BENEDICT ARIAS MONTANUS published a second Polyglot Bible, adding Syriac. *Rebellion in Ireland.* 40,000 died in Lisbon in a carbuncular fever epidemic.
- RICHARD FITZ organized the Separatist Congregational Church. The first Roman Missal was issued July 14th in printed form. Queen ELIZABETH was excommunicated by Pope PIUS V. JOHN SMYTH was born. Puritan theology professor at Cambridge, THOMAS CARTWRIGHT, insisting

- on the final authority of Scripture, founded Presbyterianism. *IVAN IV the Terrible of Russia destroyed Novgorod.*
- An English edition of "The 39 Articles" was published. At the Synod in Emden, the Dutch adopted the Belgic Confession, and the Reformed Church of Holland was adopted.
- JOHN KNOX died November 25th. 22,000 Huguenots were killed at the Massacre of St. Bartholomew on August 24th in France and their property seized by the Catholics. An attempt to establish an Episcopal Church in Scotland failed. GREGORY XIII became pope.
- A Dutch Synod at Dort approved the Belgic Confession of Faith. 80 persons were executed by the Inquisition in Mexico. *CHARLES IX died, succeeded by his brother HENRY III in France.*
- The League of Torgau drew up Articles of Faith. The Pacification of Ghent (Holland and Zeeland) drove out the Spanish. MAXIMILIAN II died, succeeded by his son RUDOLF II. WILLIAM of Orange led the Protestants, was defeated, Antwerp was looted and 7,000 were killed.
- 1577 The Formula of Concord defined Lutheran doctrines. *The first printing press in Asia was set up in Safad. SIR FRANCIS DRAKE embarked on his voyage around the world.*
- 1578 The first Hebrew book was printed at Safad. The Catacombs of Rome were discovered. The ruler of Japan was converted to Christianity.
- 1579 The Netherlands were freed from Spanish control by the Prince of Orange. SIR FRANCIS DRAKE wintered in San Francisco Bay.
- 1580 The Book of Concord was published, expressing Lutheran theology. An earthquake hit London. Portugal came under Spanish rule. SIR FRANCIS DRAKE completed his circumnavigation of the world.

- 1581 ROBERT BROWNE formed the Congregational Church.

 JAMES VI of Scotland signed the Second Confession of Faith.

 English Parliament passed a law making it an act of treason to convert to Roman Catholicism. Guru ARJUN compiled the Sikh scriptures, called "Adi Granth". *Poland invaded Russia*.
- The Rheims New Testament was produced. RICCI and RUGGIERI began a mission in China. Pope GREGORY XIII introduced the Gregorian Calendar, correcting the Julian Calendar, on October 4th. 11 days were picked up, providing for centesimal years, and the 4th became the 15th.
- 1583 EDWARD HERBERT, the Father of Deism, was born. SIR HUMPHREY GILBERT claimed Newfoundland for England.
- WILLIAM of Orange was assassinated, succeeded by his son MAURICE. SIR WALTER RALEIGH discovered and named Virginia.
- 1585 SIXTUS V became pope. Dictatorship was set up in Japan.
- Barrowists, led by JOHN GREENWOOD and HENRY BARROW (both later hanged) began in London. JOHN FOX died. The Pope proclaimed a Crusade to invade England. Japan banished Christian missionaries. *MARY Queen of Scots was executed for treason*.
- 1588 WILLIAM MORGAN translated the Bible into Welsh. The Vatican Library opened. *The Spanish Armada was destroyed by the English fleet. GALILEO GALILEI published his treatise on gravity.*
- The orthodox Church became the national church in Russia. HENRY III was assassinated by a monk and succeeded by HENRY IV.
- 1590 URBAN VII and GREGORY XIV became popes. *Great famine in Paris. TOYOTOMI HIDEYOSHI completed the unification of Japan.*

- 1591 INNOCENT IX became pope. King HENRY IV of France was excommunicated.
- The Presbyterian Church became the state church of Scotland. CLEMENT VIII became pope. JAN AMOS COMENIUS was born March 28th in Moravia. *Japan invaded Korea.* 15,000 died of the plague in London.
- HENRY BARROW, founder of the Barrowists, was martyred. HENRY JACOB led the Independents (Congregationalists) and THOMAS CARTWRIGHT led the Separatists (Presbyterians). Queen ELIZABETH had an act passed imprisoning the Puritans for not attending the Anglican Church.
- 1595 Heels were put on walking shoes in Europe. Warsaw was made the Polish capital.
- **1596** *Tomatoes were introduced to England from America.*
- 1597 Seven Christian missionaries and seventeen Japanese Christians were executed in Japan. *An Act of English Parliament caused convicted criminals to be transported to the colonies.*
- 1598 King HENRY IV issued the Edict of Nantes granting religious toleration to the French Huguenots.
- 1600 Philosopher GIORDANO BRUNO was burned as a heretic in Rome. KARL IX in Sweden persecuted Roman Catholics.

 *TOKUGAWA IEYASU ruled Japan and made Tokyo the capital.

 The name "electricity" was first used.
- Jesuit missionary MATTEO RICCI was admitted to Peking, China.
- JULES MAZARIN was born in Naples. The Moravian Brethren (Anabaptists) were persecuted in Germany. The Bible was translated into Spanish. *Persia and the Turks went to war*.
- 1603 ROGER WILLIAMS was born. The plague hit England again. England and Scotland were under one rule as JAMES VI of Scotland became JAMES I, King of England. JACOB signed a

- Millenary Petition, sent it to JAMES I, and was imprisoned. SIR WALTER RALEIGH was imprisoned.
- KING JAMES I authorized the translation of the Bible at Hampton Court Conference. Roman Catholic priests were banned from England. ROBERT CATESBY instigated the "Gunpowder Plot" to blow up Parliament in London.
- FAUSTUS SOCINUS (SOZZINI) developed the Racovinian Catechism for the Anti-Trinitarian Socinians (Unitarians). LEO XI and PAUL V became popes. SHAKESPEARE wrote "Macbeth" and "King Lear."
- 1606 HENRY JACOB migrated to Holland. JOHN ROBINSON pastored the Separatist Congregational Church at Scrooby Manor House. *The Virginia Company was chartered. GUY FAWKES and other "Gunpowder Plotters" were executed.*
- DIODATI translated the Bible into Italian. JOHN SMYTH and THOMAS HELWYS led a group of English nonconformists to Amsterdam in Holland, which became "The Pilgrim Church". Jamestown was settled by the Virginia Company and the Anglican Church. *Table forks, originating in Italy, came into use in France and England*.
- A Protestant Union was formed by German states. JOHN MILTON was born. HANS LIPPERSHAY invented the microscope. The first bank checks were used, in the Netherlands.
- The "Pilgrim Church" removed from Amsterdam to Leyden. JOHN SMYTH drew up a Confession of Faith. The Douay Bible was published. The Catholic League was formed in Germany. Religious freedom was granted in Bohemia. *GALILEO invented the telescope. Poland and Russia were at war.*
- JAMES ARMINIUS' "Arminianism" influenced the Anglican Church. "Remonstrances" was published. *Civil War in Russia. HENRY IV was assassinated, succeeded by his son LOUIS XIII*

- in France. Lord DELAWARE was appointed governor of Virginia. HENRY HUDSON discovered Hudson's Bay.
- The Authorized King James Version of the Bible was published. THOMAS HELWYS and JOHN MURTON organized the General Baptist Church in England. ALEXANDER WHITAKER led the Anglican Church in Virginia. THOMAS HELWYS compiled Articles of Faith for Baptists. Denmark and Sweden were at war.
- **1612** Baptist EDWARD EIGHTMAN was burned to death over "infant baptism". *RUDOLF II died, succeeded by his brother MATHIAS over the Holy Roman Empire. JOHN SMYTH died.*
- 1613 The German Protestant Union allied with the Netherlands.

 GALILEO published his theory that the earth revolves around the sun.
- 1614 Lutheran pastor JOHAN VALENTIN ANDREA began Rosicrucianism. All Jews were driven out of Frankfort, Germany. SIR WALTER RALEIGH was imprisoned for treason.
- **1615** RICHARD BAXTER, founding father of English nonconformity, was born. *American settlers learned the use of rubber from the Indians*.
- 1616 HENRY JACOB pastored the Independents (Congregational) in Southwark, London. Catholics persecuted Protestants in Bohemia. THOMAS HELWYS died in Newgate Prison. WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE died.
- 1617 The Seventh Day Baptist General Conference was organized. The collected works of JOHN CALVIN were published in Geneva. *War between Sweden and Poland*.
- The Synod of Dort was held by the Reformed Dutch Church to settle differences between Armenians and strict Calvinists, and reasserted ultra-Calvinism, led by JOHAN VanOLDENBARNEVELDT and HUGH GROTIUS. The Puritans objected to the playing of sports. SIR WALTER RALEIGH was beheaded for failing to find El Dorado. The

- Defenestration of Prague sparked the Thirty Years War in Germany.
- 1619 The first Lutheran services were held in America on Christmas Day. The first African slaves were imported to Virginia.

 MATTHIAS died, succeeded by FERDINAND II over the Holy Roman Empire.
- WILLIAM BRADFORD led the Separatists to America on the "Mayflower", and the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock.

 JOHN BUNYAN was born in Bedford, England. The Albigenses were persecuted. Protestantism was temporarily defeated in Germany at the Battle of White Mountain outside Prague, by Emperor FERDINAND II. The Mayflower Compact was signed.
- GREGORY XV became pope. CYRIL LUCAR, Patriarch of Constantinople, sent the Codex Alexandrinus to England. Huguenot rebellion against LOUIS XIII.
- 1622 WILLIAM BRADFORD became Governor of the Plymouth colony for 30 years. Pope GREGORY XV adopted January 1st as the beginning of the year instead of March 25th.
- 1623 URBAN VIII became pope. Maine and New Hampshire were settled by the English.
- The Congregation of Priests of the Mission (Lazarists) were formed by VINCENT DePAUL in France. GEORGE FOX was born in England. Virginia became a Royal Colony with the Anglican Church as the established church. Cardinal RICHELIEU became chief minister to King LOUIS XIII in France.
- VINCENT DePAUL founded the Order of Sisters of Mercy in Paris. Bubonic plague hit London. A Colonial Office was established in London. King JAMES I died and his son CHARLES I became king of England. Denmark entered the Thirty Years War.

- 1626 PETER MINUIT bought Manhattan Island for \$24 for the Dutch, and established New York. ROGER CONANT founded the Salem Colony in Massachusetts. FRANCIS BACON died.
- 1627 England and France declared war. Manchus occupied Korea.
- The Alexandrian Manuscript was presented to the British by the Bishop of Constantinople. JAN AMOS COMENIUS led the Moravian Brethren from Moravia to Poland. The beginning of the Puritan migration in which 20,000 left England for America in 12 years. JOHN ENDICOTT was Governor of the Puritan Congregationalists in Salem, Massachusetts.
- The First Congregational Church in America was founded at Salem, Mass. on August 6th. The Apocrypha was omitted from KJV Bibles. The Edict of Restitution by Emperor FERDINAND II restored confiscated lands to the Roman Church. The Peace of Alais gave the Huguenots freedom of worship. *The Massachusetts Bay Colony was formed*.
- JOHN WINTHROP'S expedition of 1,000 settlers arrived in Massachusetts and founded Boston *England made peace with France and Spain. Sweden entered the Thirty Year War.*
- ROGER WILLIAMS came from England to Boston and was the first man to be baptized by Baptists in America. The Massachusetts General Court made Congregationalism the state religion, and only members could vote. *Earthquake in Naples*. *Mt. Vesuvius erupted, killing 3,000*.
- The Friesians and the Flemish united under the Dordrech Confession of Faith.
- A schism of HENRY JACOB'S London congregation, led by JOHN SPILSBURY, formed the Particular Baptists. From this group came ROGER WILLIAMS and the American Baptists. *GALILEO was condemned by the Inquisition. The Dutch settled at Hartford, Connecticut.*
- 1634 ANNE MARBURY HUTCHINSON divided the Massachusetts Bay Colony with her teaching of

Antinomianism. The Oberammergau Passion Plays began in Bavaria in thankfulness for their being saved from the bubonic plague. *The Maryland Colony was established by Roman Catholics under Lord BALTIMORE*.

- 1635 ROGER WILLIAMS was banished from the Massachusetts Bay Colony. *Postal service began between London and Edinburgh. France and Spain were at war.*
- 1636 ROGER WILLIAMS proclaimed complete religious freedom and established Providence in Rhode Island. *America's first university, Harvard, was founded at Cambridge, Mass.*
- JOHN CRANNE prepared the first marginal reference in the English Bible. Christianity was exterminated in Japan. Scottish Presbyterians signed the Solemn League and Covenant against Episcopacy. FERDINAND II died, succeeded by his son FERDINAND III as ruler of the Holy Roman Empire.
- JOHN CLARKE, M.D., the first Baptist minister in America, founded the First Baptist Church in America at Newport, Rhode Island. The Particular Baptists were organized. 37,000 Christians were killed in Japan. Swedes, led by PETER MINUIT, settled on the Delaware River. Fundamental Orders of Connecticut were drawn up and a colony was established by THOMAS HOOKER. Scotland rebelled and invaded England.
- 1639 JOHN DAVENPORT and THEOPHILUS EATON founded the New Haven Colony. STEPHEN DAYE set up the first printing press in America at Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- The Puritans introduced the Root and Branch petition to London Parliament on December 11th. "The Bay Psalm Book" became the first book printed in America.
- Arminianism was officially condemned by the House of Commons in England. Immersion was renewed in England by the Separatists. 30,000 Protestants were massacred in Ireland by Roman Catholics. French Jesuits settled in Michigan and established a mission.

- J. J. OLIER founded the Society of St. Sulpice in Paris. Pope URBAN VIII reduced the feast days to 32 per year. The Great Debate at Southwark was held between DANIEL FEATLEY and WILLIAM KIFFIN on October 17th. England's Civil War between the Cavaliers and the Roundheads began. ABEL TASMAN discovered Tasmania and New Zealand. Bubonic plague hit England.
- SOLOMON STODDARD, the "Pope" of Connecticut Congregationalism and grandfather of JONATHAN EDWARDS, was born. ANTOINE ARNOLD led French and Dutch Roman Catholics in a Jansenism revival. The Westminster Assembly of Divines used the word "Dissenters" of the five dissenting brethren. The Confederation of New England was formed. A temporary charter for Rhode Island was granted. LOUIS XIII died and was succeeded by his son LOUIS XIV in France. France entered the Thirty Years War. The English Parliament abolished episcopacy.
- The first London Confession of Faith was published by the Particular Baptists who organized the London Baptist Association. Immersion Baptists broke from the Particular Baptists. INNOCENT X became pope. WILLIAM PENN, Quaker founder of Pennsylvania, was born in England on October 14th. The Ming dynasty ended in China and the Manchu dynasty began.
- The Parliament of Westminster abolished the use of the Book of Common Prayer.
- The Westminster Confession of Faith was completed and adopted at the Cambridge Synod. JOHN ELIOT became a missionary to the Indians of Massachusetts. New England laws made church attendance and belief of the Bible compulsory.
- JOHN BUNYAN was converted. The Westminster Confession of Faith was adopted in Scotland. GEORGE FOX began preaching.

- The Treaty of Westphalia between the Catholics, Lutherans and Presbyterians ended the Thirty Year War and recognized the independence of the Dutch Republic. The Calvinistic Presbyterian Church became the official church of England.

 Jewish persecution in Poland as 600,000 were killed in the Chmelnicky massacres and others sold into slavery in Turkey.
- The Society for Propagating the Gospel in New England was incorporated in England. The Act of Religious Toleration was passed in Maryland. CHARLES I was beheaded and OLIVER CROMWELL ruled England. English replaced Latin in legal documents.
- The Baptist Association was formed in Wales. Puritan rulers made adultery punishable by death. *The world population reached 500 million*.
- 1651 The General Baptists published their Confession of Faith.
- 1652 GEORGE FOX organized the Society of Friends Church (Quakers) in Westmoorland, England. The Armenian Six-Principle Baptists were organized in Providence, Rhode Island. Cape Town was founded by the Dutch in South Africa.
- 1653 BRIAN WALTON edited the London Polyglot Bible in ten languages. *OLIVER CROMWELL became Lord Protector of the Commonwealth of England, Scotland and Ireland.*
- Jewish refugees arrived in America from Curacao and established the first Jewish congregation in America, called "Shearith Israel", in New York. *Anglican Archbishop JAMES USSHER set the date of creation at 4004 B.C.*
- ALEXANDER VII became pope. The Waldenses were massacred in Savoy. CROMWELL prohibited Anglican services in England and expelled all Roman Catholic priests. MANASSEH BEN ISRAEL of Amsterdam persuaded CROMWELL to allow Jews to return to England.
- **1656** QUAKERS first appeared in Boston. *The pendulum was developed for clocks*.

- The Savoy Declaration (Calvinistic Creed) was formulated. OLIVER CROMWELL died, succeeded by his son RICHARD in England. LEOPOLD I became the Holy Roman Emperor.
- 1659 The Puritans persecuted the Quakers in Massachusetts.
- 1660 The General Assembly of Baptists (Armenian) drew up a London Confession of Faith and formed the Association of General Baptists. English monarchy was restored as CHARLES II became king. He adopted episcopacy again and the Clarendon Code forbade meetings of Puritans. 2,000 Calvinistic clergymen lost their churches.
- General Baptist pastor JOHN JAMES was hung, drawn and quartered in London on November 26th. Anglicanism was reestablished in England. JOHN ELIOT translated the Bible into Algonquin, the first American Bible edition. Famine in India. THOMAS VENNER led an uprising to overthrow King CHARLES II. The Corporation Act excluded nonconformists from holding public office.
- The Act of Uniformity forced nonconformists from schools and churches, banning teaching and preaching in England. The Half-Way Covenant was adopted by the Puritan Cambridge Synod. CHARLES II reinstated the Book of Common Prayer.

 MATTHEW HENRY was born in England on October 28th.

 Connecticut was granted a charter by King CHARLES II.

 Massachusetts granted civil liberty to citizens outside the Congregational Church.
- 1663 JOHN CLARKE was granted charters for Rhode Island and North Carolina by King CHARLES II.
- Lutherans in America were allowed to have their own clergy.
 The Conventicle Act in England against nonconformists allowed meetings of five or less people. England took the city of New Amsterdam and renamed it New York. The colonies of Connecticut and New Haven united.

- The Five-Mile Act prohibited nonconformist ministers from conducting services within five miles of corporate towns. A Baptist Church, the third in America, was organized in Boston by THOMAS GOOLD. SABBATAI LEVI, a Jew of Smyrna, proclaimed himself the Messiah and was converted to Islam. The bubonic plague killed 68,596 in London.
- The first Armenian Bible was printed. A fourth Baptist Church was organized in Rehoboth, Massachusetts. *The great five-day fire of London destroyed St. Paul's Cathedral. The French and Dutch warred against England.*
- 1667 CLEMENT IX became pope. Old Believers left the Russian Orthodox Church. JOHN MILTON wrote "Paradise Lost".
- 1668 WILLIAM PENN was imprisoned in the Tower of London over the doctrine of the Trinity.
- **1669** The Muslims banned Hinduism in India. *South Carolina was founded. Cholera epidemic in China.*
- 1670 CLEMENT X became pope. The "New Connection" Free Grace General Baptist Assembly was organized in England. JAN AMOS COMENIUS died November 4th in Holland. Catholicism was restored in England. *Hudson's Bay Company was incorporated in England*.
- 1671 STEPHEN MOMFORD organized the Seventh-Day Baptists in Rhode Island. The first Bible in Arabic was printed in Rome.

 The Declaration of Indulgence passed Parliament on March 15th.
- Religious freedom was granted to nonconformists Protestants in England. The Synod of Bethlehem repudiated all aspects of Patriarch CYRIL LUCAR'S Confession of Faith with its Calvinistic views.
- 1673 Under the Test Act, officers of the Crown renounced the doctrine of Trans- substantiation and excluded Roman Catholics from office in England.

- 1674 New Jersey was divided into East Jersey and West Jersey.

 Germany and Spain warred with France. JOHN MILTON died.
- PHILIP JACOB SPENER'S book "Pia Desideria" launched Pietism in German Lutheranism. MIGUEL DeMOLINOS founded Quietism among the Roman Catholics. SIR CHRISTOPHER WREN began rebuilding St. Paul's Cathedral.
- 1676 INNOCENT XI became pope. Influenza epidemic in England.
- A second London Confession of Particular Baptists was drafted. The Revised Westminster Confession of the Presbyterians was published. *Ice cream became popular in Paris*.
- JOHN BUNYAN published "Pilgrim's Progress" in February.
 Thirty-five Roman Catholics were executed in England on a plot
 to murder King CHARLES. General Baptists produced an
 Orthodox Creed.
- Bristol Academy, the first training school for Baptists, was founded in Bristol. *England passed the Habeas Corpus Act.*
- 1680 New Hampshire separated from Massachusetts. The dodo bird became extinct.
- **1681** *WILLIAM PENN established the Pennsylvania Colony.*
- French Bishop JACQUES BOSSUET produced the Gallican Articles. JEANNE MARIE BOUVIER de LaMOTTE (Madam Guyon) taught Quietism in France. 58,000 French Huguenots (Protestants) were forced to "conversion". Pennsylvania adopted "The Great Law" guaranteeing religious freedom.

 LaSALLE claimed Louisiana Territory for France. Halley's Comet reappeared. Delaware was given to WILLIAM PENN.
- German Mennonites settled at Germantown near Philadelphia and founded the Mennonite Church in America. FRANCIS MAKEMIE arrived in the colonies from Ireland. The oldest continuing Presbyterian Church in America was founded in Maryland. The English Bill of Rights was published.

- 1684 COTTON MATHER (Presbyterian) began his writings in Massachusetts.
- King LOUIS XIV revoked the 1598 Edict of Nantes, and drove 300,000 Huguenot Protestants out of France, mostly to England. King CHARLES II died, succeeded by his brother, JAMES II. German composer JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH was born in Thuringia. The first French settlers arrived in Texas.
- The Declaration of Indulgence, granting freedom of worship, was passed by King JAMES II. ISAAC NEWTON developed the idea of the law of gravitation. The Venetians fought the Turks for Athens and the Parthenon was partly destroyed by an explosion.
- JOHN BUNYAN died August 31st in London. The First Toleration Act allowed freedom of religion to all but Catholics and Unitarians. The Baptist Articles of Faith were revised. EMANUEL SWEDENBORG, father of the Church of the New Jerusalem, was born in Sweden. King JAMES II went into voluntary exile. An earthquake shattered Smyrna in Turkey.
- ALEXANDER VIII became pope. An Edict of Toleration was granted to nonconformists. The General Assembly of Particular Baptists was organized and the London Confession of Particular Baptists was adopted. The first Episcopal Church was opened in America. *The Glorious Revolution in England drove King JAMES II to Ireland. WILLIAM III and MARY II ruled England.*
- The Presbyterian Church was established as the national church in Scotland. General Six-Principle Baptists organized the first Baptist Association in America. The Act of Grace, granting indemnity to supporters of JAMES II, was passed in England. The Schenectady Massacre in New York by the French and Indians.
- INNOCENT XII became pope. GEORGE FOX died January 13th. RICHARD BAXTER died. The Christian Faith Society was founded in London. JOHN RIPPON'S hymnal first came into use among Particular Baptists. THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN was born in Germany.

- The witch hunts began in Salem, Massachusetts. The New Charter of Massachusetts granted religious freedom to all but Catholics.
- Nineteen people were hanged as a result of the Salem,
 Massachusetts witch trials. Maryland was made a Royal Colony.
 Severe earthquake in Jamaica.
- The Amish, followers of JACOB AMMAN, a Mennonite preacher, began in Switzerland. The Anglican Church became the established church of New York. Cardinal JOSEPH SAENZ de AGUIRRE published a collection of all the Spanish councils. The Carolina Colony was divided into North and South Carolina. William and Mary College was founded in Virginia by the Episcopalians under JAMES BLAIR..
- 1694 Queen MARY died. FRANCOIS MARIE AROUET (VOLTAIRE, the French philosopher) was born.
- 1698 THOMAS BRAY founded the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge in London. *The first Public Library in America was established at Charleston, South Carolina.*
- **1699** Sikh Guru GOBIND SINGH created the Khalsa military order in India.
- 1700 Count NICHOLAS LUDWIG VonZINZENDORF of the Moravians was born May 26th in Germany. CLEMENT XI became pope.
- 1701 THOMAS BRAY founded The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. Free Will Baptists migrated from Wales to Pennsylvania. Yale College was founded by Connecticut Puritans. Captain WILLIAM KIDD was hanged for piracy. Detroit settlement was founded.
- 1702 The Anglican Church became the established church of South Carolina. The French settled in Alabama. East Jersey and West Jersey were united as New Jersey. Queen Anne's War began. Serfdom was abolished in Denmark.

- JOHN WESLEY was born in Epworth, England on June 28th. JONATHAN EDWARDS was born in Connecticut on October 5th. GILBERT TENNENT was born.
- 1704 The French and Indians massacred the inhabitants of Deerfield, Connecticut. 100,000 people were killed in a Tokyo earthquake.
- 1705 The first Baptist Church in Connecticut was organized. *JOSEF I became ruler of the Holy Roman Empire*.
- Huguenot settlers arrived in North Carolina. The Pietists in Germany sent BARTHOLOMAUS ZIEGENBALG to India as a Protestant missionary. *A great earthquake hit Italy*.
- 1707 Baptists formed The Philadelphia Association. *England and Scotland united into one kingdom called Great Britain. A volcano erupted in Japan.*
- 1708 ALEXANDER MACK formed the Church of the German Baptist Brethren (Dunkards).
- 1710 The British captured Port Royal from the French. Acadia was renamed Nova Scotia.
- 1711 Indians massacred 200 North Carolina settlers in the Tuscarora War. KARL VI became the Holy Roman Emperor.
- 1712 The last execution for witchcraft occurred in England. Slave revolts in New York.
- 1714 The first Baptist church was established in Virginia. JOHANN ROCK and LUDWIG GRUBER organized the Amana Church Society. MATTHEW HENRY died June 22nd. GEORGE WHITEFIELD was born in Gloucester, England on December 16th.
- 1715 ISAAC WATTS composed an English Children's Hymnal.
- 1716 JONATHAN EDWARDS entered Yale University at age 13. Christian religious teaching was prohibited in China by Emperor K'ANG HSI.

- 1717 The first Grand Lodge of Free Masonry was formed in England. Oratory of Divine Love was founded. *Inoculation against smallpox was introduced in England. The Fahrenheit system for measuring temperatures was developed. Compulsory education began in Prussia.*
- **1718** DAVID BRAINERD was born on April 20th in Connecticut. *New Orleans was founded.*
- 1719 PETER BECKER led German Baptist Brethren (Dunkards) to settle in Germantown, Pennsylvania. Jesuits were expelled from Russia. *The bubonic plague hit Russia and Europe*.
- JOHN WESLEY entered Oxford University. St. PAUL of the Cross founded the Barefoot Clerks of the Most Holy Cross and Passion of Our Lord Jesus Christ. *The Spanish occupied Texas*. *First settlement in Vermont*.
- 1721 INNOCENT XIII became pope. The Swiss introduced rifles to America. The bubonic plague killed 9,000 in France.
- Moravian Brethren settled in Herrnhut, Germany. *JOHN ROGGEVEEN discovered Easter Island and Samoa*.
- 1723 CONRAD BEISSEL organized the Seventh Day Baptists in Germantown, Pennsylvania. PETER BECKER organized the first Dunkard Church in America. PASQUIER QUESNEL fled to Holland where he organized the Jansenist Catholic Church. JOHN WITHERSPOON, Presbyterian minister and signer of the Declaration of Independence, was born.
- BENEDICT XIII became pope. The Society of Ministers of the Baptist Particular Persuasion was organized January 20th.
- JOHN WESLEY was ordained a deacon and preached his first sermon. JOHN NEWTON, evangelical Anglican clergyman and hymn writer, author of "Amazing Grace", was born July 24th in England. *Czar PETER the Great of Russia died, succeeded by CATHERINE*.

- 1726 A revival began in the Dutch Reformed Church by THOMAS FRELINGHUYSEN.
- 1727 CHARLES CHAUNCY was ordained October 25th and began an 60-year tenure with First Church, Boston, Massachusetts. The Amish people began to arrive in Pennsylvania. PAUL PALMER formed the Original Free Will Baptist Church in North Carolina. JONATHAN EDWARDS became assistant pastor of the Congregational Church of Northampton, Massachusetts with his grandfather, SOLOMON STODDARD. GEORGE II became ruler of Great Britain.
- The first Baptist church was established in North Carolina. SAMUEL SEABURY, first bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America, was born. JOHN WESLEY became leader of "The Holy Club." The Westminster Confession of Faith was adopted by the American Presbyterians. The first Jewish Synagogue in America was built in New York. SOLOMON STODDARD died.
- 1730 CLEMENT XII became pope. There were 13 Baptist churches in New England.
- 1731 All Protestants were expelled from Salzburg. *Louisiana became a French province*.
- 1732 GEORGE WHITEFIELD joined "The Holy Club." The Moravian Brethren started mission work. *GEORGE WASHINGTON was born February 22nd in Virginia. Famine in Japan.*
- 1733 EBENEZER ERSKINE founded the Original Secession Church, the Associated Presbytery, in Scotland. 8,000 Protestants from Salzburg settled in Savannah as JAMES OGLETHORPE founded Georgia, the 13th British colony, as a refuge for debtors and persecuted Protestants from Germany.
- 1734 Revival in America. "The Great Awakening" was led by JONATHAN EDWARDS and GEORGE WHITEFIELD (Congregational), SAMUEL DAVIS (Presbyterian),

- DEVEREUX JARRATT (Methodist Episcopal) and SHUBAL STEARNS and DANIEL MARSHALL (Baptist).
- 1735 CHARLES WESLEY was ordained in the Church of England.
 JOHN and CHARLES WESLEY accompanied JAMES
 OGLETHORPE to Georgia as missionaries of The Propagation
 Society. The Bible was translated into Lithuanian. JOHN
 ADAMS was born October 30th in Massachusetts. PAUL
 REVERE was born.
- **1736** GEORGE WHITEFIELD was ordained and began preaching on June 30th. *PATRICK HENRY was born*.
- 1737 NICOLAUS LUDWIG vonZINZENDORF became bishop of Renewed Church of Brethren. ALEXANDER CRUDEN'S Concordance was published. THOMAS PAYNE was born.
- JOHN and CHARLES WESLEY were converted to Christ.
 GEORGE WHITEFIELD arrived in Georgia. Moravian PETER
 BOEHLER arrived in America.
- 1739 American Baptists divided into Regular and Separate Baptists. The Methodists withdrew from the Episcopal Church and started a separate denominational existence. *British Highwayman DICK TURPIN was executed.*
- 1740 LODOVICO A. MURATORI discovered the oldest extant listing of New Testament writings, called "The Muratorian Canon." The Moravians settled in Pennsylvania. The first Methodist (self-sustaining) Society was organized in London. There were 47 Baptist churches in the colonies. BENEDICT XIV became pope. FREDERICK II the Great granted freedom of worship in Prussia. *Smallpox epidemic in Berlin*.
- A breach occurred between JOHN WESLEY (Armenian) and GEORGE WHITEFIELD (Calvinist), and WHITEFIELD became moderator of the Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Conference. JONATHAN EDWARDS (Congregational) preached his famous sermon, "Sinners in the hands of an angry God" at Enfield, Massachusetts on July 8th. The Presbyterians

- split. VICTOR BERING discovered Alaska and the Aleutians. 75% of all children were dying before age 5 in England.
- The Philadelphia Baptist Association adopted the 1689 London Confession of Particular Baptists (Calvinist). The first Baptist church was established in Maryland. Moravian College was founded in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. *The Spanish attacked Georgia through Florida. KARL VII became ruler of the Holy Roman Empire. The first production of HANDEL'S "Messiah."*
- 1743 HENRY MELCHIOR MUHLENBERG founded the German Lutheran Church in America. DAVID BRAINERD became a missionary to the Indians. *THOMAS JEFFERSON was born April 13th in Virginia*.
- 1744 The first annual Conference of Methodists was held in England. *France was at war with Austria and Britain.*
- 1745 FRANCIS ASBURY was born in England. JOHN CHENNICK joined the Moravians and was ordained. FRANZ I became ruler of the Holy Roman Empire.
- 1746 Princeton University was founded in New Jersey by JONATHAN DICKINSON, a "New Light" Presbyterian.
- 1747 DAVID BRAINERD died October 9th. The Secession Church split. *JOHN PAUL JONES was born*.
- JEREMY BENTHAM, founder of Utilitarianism, was born. HENRY MUHLENBERG formed the first Lutheran synod in America. THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN died.
- 1749 Georgia became a Crown colony. Ohio was first settled. Sign language was invented for the deaf in Portugal.
- JONATHAN EDWARDS became a missionary to the Mohican Indians. The Douai-Rheims Bible was revised by Bishop CHALLONER. *The Industrial Revolution began in Europe*.
- 1751 The Charleston Baptist Association was formed in South Carolina. *JAMES MADISON was born March 16th in Virginia*.

- 1752 Great Britain adopted the Gregorian calendar. A great fire burned Moscow. The London Educational Society was formed.

 BENJAMIN FRANKLIN conducted his kite and key experiment.

 TIMOTHY DWIGHT was born.
- 1753 An Act of Parliament authorized the naturalization of Jews in England. The British Museum was founded.
- 1754 The Associate Presbytery in America was formed. King's College (Columbia University) was founded by SAMUEL JOHNSON, an Anglican minister in New York. GEORGE WASHINGTON built Fort Necessity.
- 1755 Separate Baptists went to Virginia. An earthquake killed 60,000 in Lisbon, Spain on Nov. 1st. Moscow University was founded. SAMUEL JOHNSON published the first English dictionary. The French and Indian War began.
- 1756 Prussia attacked Saxony and began a seven-year war. England and France were at war.
- JONATHAN EDWARDS became president of Princeton University, but died from a smallpox vaccination. The Anglican Church became the established church in Georgia. CLEMENT XIII became pope. The Sandy Creek Baptist Association was formed in North Carolina. *JAMES MONROE was born April* 28th in Virginia.
- 1759 JAMES WOLFE captured Quebec City from the French. Jesuits were expelled from Portugal. HALLEY'S comet reappeared.
- 1760 GEORGE III ruled Britain. The British captured Montreal.
- 1761 WILLIAM CAREY was born August 17th in England. FRANCIS ASBURY began preaching. THOMAS GILLESPIE founded the Relief Church.
- 1762 Britain declared war on Spain and took Cuba and Manila. The Jesuits were expelled from France.
- 1763 The seven-year war ended. Louisiana was given to Spain and Florida was given to Britain.

- JOHN NEWTON was appointed pastor in Olney, England.
 Church lands were confiscated in Russia. The Baptists founded
 Rhode Island College (Brown University). GILBERT
 TENNENT died.
- The Anglican Church became the established church of North Carolina. The Ketockton Baptist Association was formed in Virginia. The British Stamp Act angered the colonies. Sir WILLIAM BLACKSTONE published his Commentaries on the Laws of England.
- PHILIP EMBURY founded the Methodist Episcopal Church in America. The Dutch Reformed Church founded Queens College (Rutgers University) in New Jersey. CHRISTMAS EVANS was born in Cardiganshire, Wales. *The Mason-Dixon Line was drawn. CATHERINE the Great granted freedom of worship in Russia.*
- The Warren Baptist Association was formed in Rhode Island. The Charleston Baptist Association of South Carolina adopted the London Confession of Particular Baptists (Calvinist).

 ANDREW JACKSON was born March 15th in South Carolina.

 JOHN QUINCY ADAMS was born July 11th in Massachusetts.

 The British imposed a Tea Tax on the colonies. Jesuits were expelled from Spain and Naples.
- 1768 LEWIS CRAIG, JAMES CHILDS, JOHN WALLER and WILLIAM MARCH were arrested and imprisoned in Virginia for witnessing for Christ from the Bible. *The Massachusetts Assembly was dissolved for failure to assist in the collection of taxes. ALI BEY made himself the independent sovereign of Egypt.*
- THOMAS PARIS and BENJAMIN BLAYNEY revised the 1611 edition of the King James Bible. Congregational minister ELEAZOR WHEELOCK founded Dartmouth College in New Hampshire. The Kehukee Baptist Association was formed in North Carolina. CLEMENT XIV became pope. JAMES COOK visited Polynesia on his trip around the world. The Virginia Assembly was dissolved. Famine in India.

- 1770 The New Connection of General Baptists was formed in London. GEORGE WHITEFIELD died September 30th. The Boston Massacre against the presence of British troops. The Bristol Education Society was formed.
- 1771 JOHN WESLEY sent FRANCIS ASBURY to America. CHARLES WHITFIELD began a 50-year pastorate of the Baptist Church at Hamsterley. The Battle of Alamance in Orange County, North Carolina in May. The first edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica was published.
- 1772 The first Baptist church was established in Georgia. The Stonington Baptist Association was formed in Connecticut. WILLIAM WILBERFORCE led in having slavery abolished in the British empire. The inquisition was abolished in France. The Boston Assembly demanded its rights. Salem College was founded in North Carolina.
- JEREMIAH MOORE was arrested and imprisoned for preaching in Virginia. The first Negro Baptist Church in America was formed at Silver Bluff, South Carolina. *The Boston Tea Party. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON was born February 9th in Virginia. The Jesuits were disbanded by the Pope, to 1814.*
- 1774 The Reformed Presbyterian Church in America, "Coventanter Church", was formed. THEOPHILUS LINDSEY established the first Unitarian Church in London. *The first Continental Congress met at Philadelphia. The British passed Coercive Acts against the colonies.*
- 1775 LYMAN BEECHER was born in Connecticut. PIUS VI became pope. The Declaration of Independence was drafted. The second Continental Congress appointed GEORGE WASHINGTON Commander-in-Chief of its forces. England hired 29,000 German mercenaries for war. JAMES WATT invented the steam engine.
- 1776 The Strawberry Baptist Association was formed in Virginia. The Chemung Baptist Association and the Redstone Baptist Association were formed in Pennsylvania. The Shakers

organized a Christian socialistic community near Albany, New York. The Declaration of Independence was adopted. The American Revolution continued. GEORGE WASHINGTON crossed the Delaware River on December 26th.

- 1777 The Stars and Stripes flag was adopted by the Continental Congress.
- 1778 A second Toleration Act allowed religious freedom in England to all but Unitarians. *An Act of Congress prohibited the import of slaves to America. JAMES COOK discovered Hawaii.*
- 1779 The New Light Baptists joined the Shakers.
- 1780 ROBERT RAIKES founded the first Sunday School movement in England in July. THOMAS CHALMERS was born March 17th in Scotland. The Shaftesbury Baptist Association was formed in Vermont. BENJAMIN RANDALL organized Free Will Baptists on June 30th in New Hampshire. JOHN MURRAY founded the Universalist Church of America.
- 1781 ELHANAN WINCHESTER organized the Universal Baptists in Philadelphia. The first Baptist church was organized in Kentucky on June 18th. Religious tolerance was granted in Austria by the Edict of Tolerance. *CORNWALLIS surrendered to WASHINGTON*.
- 1782 The Associate Reformed Synod of the South was formed. ANDREW FULLER began a 33-year pastorate of the Baptist Church at Kettering. WILLIAM MILLER, founder of the Adventist Church, was born. The Schwenkfelder Church was organized in America. The Aitken Bible became the first Bible to be printed in America. A peace treaty was signed in Paris by the United States and Britain. MARTIN VAN BUREN was born December 5th in New York.
- 1783 WILLIAM CAREY was baptized October 5th. ASAHEL NETTLETON was born in Connecticut. ROBERT HINDMARSH organized the Churches of the New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian) in London. *Great Britain recognized the*

independence of the United States at the Peace of Versailles. Famine in Japan. Volcanoes erupted in Japan and Iceland.

- 1784 THOMAS COKE and FRANCIS ASBURY were appointed joint Superintendents of the Methodist work in America by JOHN WESLEY, and the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States of America was formed at the Baltimore Conference on December 20th. The Twenty-five Articles of Religion were published. The state of Franklin was formed in East Tennessee. Jews were allowed to reside in France. ZACHARY TAYLOR was born November 24th in Virginia.
- WILLIAM FOX organized the Sunday School Society on September 7th. The Church of England was disestablished in Virginia. The first Unitarian Church in America was founded. PETER CARTWRIGHT was born in Virginia. JAMES MADISON'S Bill for Religious Freedom was passed by the Assembly in December.
- 1786 The Methodist Missionary Society was formed. Mennonites settled in Canada. The Presbyterian revival began at Hampden-Sidney College in Virginia. NATHANIEL TAYLOR was born. Famine in Japan. SHAY'S Rebellion in Massachusetts against high taxes.
- 1787 WILLIAM CAREY was ordained in August. RICHARD ALLEN founded the African Methodist Episcopal Church. The United Baptist Churches of Christ were formed. The United States Constitution was signed in Philadelphia and a Federal Government was established. The Constitution was ratified by Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Georgia. Dollar currency was accepted in the United States.
- 1788 ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, founder of the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) and the Churches of Christ, was born September 12th in Ireland. ADONIRAM JUDSON was born. The Constitution was ratified by Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maryland, South Carolina, New Hampshire, Virginia and New York. New York City was made the Federal Capital.

- The Bethel Baptists Association was formed in South Carolina. The Presbyterian General Assembly was organized. The Protestant Episcopal Church separated from the Church of England and was established in Pennsylvania. North Carolina was admitted as the 12th state. The first U. S. Congress met in New York. GEORGE WASHINGTON became the first President; JOHN ADAMS was Vice-President. The National Assembly of France declared church lands to be public property. The French Revolution began. Mutiny on the "Bounty" occurred on April 28th. MARTIN HEINRICH KLAPRATH discovered uranium.
- 1790 CHRISTMAS EVANS was ordained and began preaching in Wales. JOHN CARROLL was appointed the first Roman Catholic Bishop in the United States at Baltimore. The Federal Capital was moved from New York City to Philadelphia. Washington was founded. The Supreme Court held their first session. Rhode Island ratified the Constitution and became the 13th state. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN died. JOHN TYLER was born March 29th in Virginia.
- The first Roman Catholic Synod was formed by Bishop CARROLL in Baltimore, Maryland, and established Georgetown University. JOHN WESLEY died March 9th. JAMES BUCHANAN was born April 23rd in Pennsylvania. Vermont was admitted as the 14th state. The Bill of Rights was ratified. NAPOLEON BONAPARTE invaded Europe. The District of Columbia was established.
- 1792 The Baptist Missionary Society was formed to support WILLIAM CAREY who went to India as a missionary. CHARLES G. FINNEY was born in Connecticut. JAMES O'KELLY organized the Republican Methodists. Kentucky was admitted as the 15th state. Republican and Federalist Parties were formed in the United States. FRANZ II became the last ruler of the Holy Roman Empire. A new French Revolutionary calendar eliminated Sundays for 12 years, to 1804.

- 1793 ROBERT HALL published "Apology for the Freedom of the Press" at Cambridge. The American Dutch Reformed Church was formed. The German Reformed created a national church. A Reign of Terror began in France as Roman Catholicism was banned. MARIE ANTOINETTE was executed. Compulsory public education began in France. ELI WHITNEY invented the cotton gin. The cornerstone of the White House was laid.
- 1794 The United States Navy was established. The 11th Amendment to the Constitution passed. Whiskey Rebellion in Pennsylvania. The John Jay Treaty between the United States and Britain was signed.
- 1795 The London Missionary Society was formed. ROBERT MOFFAT was born in Scotland. NAPOLEON put down the insurrection in Paris and freedom of worship was restored. JAMES KNOX POLK was born November 2nd in North Carolina.
- The New York Missionary Society was formed September 21st. The Scottish Missionary Society was founded. ALEXANDER KILHAN formed the Methodist New Connection. The African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church was organized. Episcopal King's Church in Boston became the first Unitarian Church in the U. S. JOHN WILLIAMS, Congregational missionary to the South Pacific islands, was born. Tennessee was admitted as the 16th state. GEORGE WASHINGTON gave his "Farewell Address". JOHN ADAMS was elected the second President with THOMAS JEFFERSON the Vice-President. Smallpox vaccine was introduced by EDWARD JENNER.
- 1797 The English Baptist Home Mission Society was formed.

 JAMES and ROBERT HALDANE founded the Society for Propagating the Gospel at Home. CHARLES HODGE, who taught Bible and Theology at Princeton for 58 years, was born December 27th. The Netherlands Missionary Society was formed. The Glasgow Missionary Society was formed.

 NAPOLEON invaded Austria and Rome. Midland College was

founded by the London Education Society. Our first naval vessel, "United States", was launched in Philadelphia.

- 1798 The Missionary Society of Connecticut was formed by the Congregationalists. The Protestant Union was formed.

 NAPOLEON invaded Italy and defeated Egypt at the Battle of the Pyramids. Pope PIUS VI vacated to France. Mississippi Territory was created.
- JOSEPH HUGHES founded the Religious Tract Society. The Baptist Union of Wales was founded. The Church of England founded the Church Missionary Society in London. PHILIP MELANCHTON, "Scribe of the Reformation", died. The Rosetta Stone was found in Egypt. NAPOLEON took Syria and Turkey and assumed control of all France. GEORGE WASHINGTON died December 14th. AHMED EL JAZZAR, "The Butcher", with British help, defended Acre against NAPOLEON.
- 1800 JOHN NELSON DARBY, founder of Dispensationalism and the Plymouth Brethren, was born. JOHANN G. ONCKEN was born in Germany. PHILIP WILLIAM OTTERBEIN and M. BOEHM formed the United Brethren in Christ. JACOB ALBRIGHT formed the Evangelical Church. PIUS VII became pope. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland was created. U. S. Federal offices were moved from Philadelphia to Washington, D. C. THOMAS JEFFERSON was elected the third President. The Library of Congress was established. Spain sold the Louisiana Territory to France. NAPOLEON conquered Italy. MILLARD FILLMORE was born January 7th in New York.
- 1801 The Separate and Regular Baptists united. The August Cane Ridge Revival in Bourbon County, Kentucky became the "Second Great Awakening" as Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist ministers preached to 25,000 people for a week. The African Episcopal Zion Church was formed in New York. ABNER JONES formed the First Christian Church in New England. PETER CARTWRIGHT was converted to Christ and began preaching. Concordat between NAPOLEON and PIUS VII

- compromised the Roman Church and State in France. ROBERT FULTON produced the first submarine. The Tripolitan War began.
- The Massachusetts Baptist Mission Society was organized.
 TIMOTHY DWIGHT led a Congregational revival at Yale
 University. HORACE BUSHNELL, founder of American
 Religious Liberalism, was born. NAPOLEON declared himself
 First Consul of France.
- 1803 The New Connection Baptists and General Baptists separated over the issue of unitarianism. The Sunday School Union was formed in England. *Ohio was admitted as the 17th state.*Louisiana was purchased by the U. S. from France. ROBERT FULTON invented the steamboat.
- The Maine Baptist Missionary Society was organized.

 JOSEPH HUGHES formed the British and Foreign Bible
 Society. Horton Academy (Rawdon College) was founded by the
 Northern Baptist Education Society in Yorkshire. The 12th
 Amendment to the Constitution. Vice-President AARON BURR
 killed ALEXANDER HAMILTON in a duel. Holy Roman
 Emperor FRANZ II became the Austrian Emperor. Pope PIUS
 VII crowned NAPOLEON Emperor of France. MERIWETHER
 LEWIS and WILLIAM CLARK began an expedition of the
 western United States. FRANKLIN PIERCE was born November
 23rd in New Hampshire.
- 1805 GEORGE RAPP founded the Harmony Society in Pennsylvania. JOSEPH SMITH, founder of Mormonism, was born December 23rd in Vermont. GEORGE MUELLER was born September 7th in Prussia. NAPOLEON was crowned King of Italy and defeated the Austrians and Russians. FWA SERTURNER discovered morphine.
- 1806 The German Roman Empire fell to NAPOLEON. Prussia declared war on France.
- 1807 JACOB ALBRIGHT founded the United States Evangelical Association. The Haystack Prayer Meetings began. JOHN

NEWTON died. NAPOLEON defeated Russia, Prussia and Portugal.

- 1808 The Baptist Church of Christ was founded in Tennessee. HORATIUS BONAR, gospel songwriter and minister, was born December 19th in Scotland. The Abyssinian Baptist Church was founded. THOMPSON translated the "Septuagint" from Greek to English. ANDREW JOHNSON was born December 29th in North Carolina. Andover Theological Seminary was founded by the Congregationalists. NAPOLEON abolished the inquisition in Spain and Italy. Pompeii excavations began. JAMES MADISON was elected the 4th president.
- The International Bible Society was founded in New York City. THOMAS CAMPBELL founded the Christian Association of Washington. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL came to America from Ireland. THOMAS PAYNE died. CHARLES DARWIN was born. ABRAHAM LINCOLN was born February 12th in Kentucky. NAPOLEON divorced JOSEPHINE and was excommunicated by Pope PIUS VII. Illinois Territory was established.
- 1810 LORENZO DOW formed the Primitive Methodist Church. The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Mission was formed. The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was formed February 10th by JAMES McGREADY. Regent's Park College was established. The Mexican Revolution began September 15th, JUAREZ vs. NAPOLEON and MAXIMILIAN. The population of the United States was 7,239,881.
- 1811 THOMAS CAMPBELL and his son ALEXANDER founded the Disciples of Christ (Campbellites) on May 4th in Pennsylvania. *Indians of the Northwest were defeated at the Battle of Tippecanoe*.
- JOHN HERR organized the Reformed Mennonite Church.
 ADONIRAM JUDSON went to Burma as a missionary. The
 Baptist Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in India and
 Other Foreign Parts was formed. The Baptist Education Society
 was formed. The U. S. declared war on Britain and the War of

1812 began. Louisiana was admitted as the 18th state. Jews of Prussia were granted full civil rights. NAPOLEON invaded Russia and entered a burned Moscow. Missouri Territory was organized.

- 1813 ROBERT MURRAY McCHEYNE was born May 21st in Scotland. DAVID LIVINGSTONE was born in Scotland. The East India Company opened India to missions. The Baptist Irish Society was formed. HENRY WARD BEECHER was born in Connecticut. The Third Toleration Act in England included all religions. NAPOLEON was defeated and Mexico declared their independence.
- 1814 The Triennial Convention of Baptists was formed in Philadelphia. The Irish Missionary Society was formed. The African Baptist Mission Society was formed. Washington, D. C. was burned by the British. FRANCIS SCOTT KEY wrote a poem, "Defense of Fort McHenry" which became "The Star-Spangled Banner", our national anthem. The war ended December 24th with the Treaty of Ghent. Norway became independent of Denmark. NAPOLEON was banished to Elba on April 11th. Pope PIUS VII returned to Rome and restored the inquisition, reconstituting the Jesuits.
- 1815 The Basel Missionary Society was founded. The American Education Society was founded. The African Missionary Society was founded. The Americans defeated the British at the Battle of New Orleans. NAPOLEON was defeated at Waterloo and exiled to St. Helena. The Congress of Vienna outlawed slave trade in Europe. Brazil declared independence. In Indonesia, 92,000 died in the Sumbawa volcano eruption. The USS Fulton became the first steam warship.
- The Baptist Home Mission Society for Scotland was formed. The Aged and Infirm Baptist Ministers' Society was formed. The General Baptist Missionary Society was formed. The American Bible Society was formed by ELIAS BOUDINOT. The Female Union for the Promotion of Sabbath Schools was formed by JOANNE BETHUNE. The African Union

Methodist Protestant Church was formed. The African Methodist Episcopal Church was formed by RICHARD ALLEN. FRANCIS ASBURY died March 31st. JOHN CHARLES RYLE was born May 16th in England. WILLIAM B. BRADBURY, the father of popular Sunday School music, was born October 6th in Maine. ROBERT MOFFAT went to Cape Town, South Africa as a missionary. *Indiana was admitted as the 19th state. JAMES MONROE was elected the 5th president.*

- 1817 The Wesleyan Missionary Society was formed. The Lutheran and Reformed Churches in Prussia formed the Evangelical Union. TIMOTHY DWIGHT died. Venezuela declared independence. Mississippi was admitted as the 20th state. Seminole Indian War in Florida. Construction began on the Erie Canal.
- The first Baptist church was organized in St. Louis, Missouri. The Congregational Church was disestablished in Connecticut. The Theological Institution of the Baptist General Convention was formed. Illinois was admitted as the 21st state. Chile declared independence. The border between the United States and Canada was determined at the 49th Parallel.
- The first Baptist church was organized in France. The Congregational Church was disestablished in New Hampshire. The Russian Bible Society was formed. JOHN PHILIP was Superintendent of Congregationalist missions in South Africa. The Reformed Protestant Dutch Church was established. Alabama was admitted as the 22nd state. Florida was purchased from Spain. A 12-hour work day was set for juveniles in England. Egyptian ruler MEHEMET ALI gave Cleopatra's Needles to Britain and the United States. The first American steamship crossed the Atlantic Ocean.
- The Lutheran Church, General Synod, was formed. WILLIAM E. CHANNING formed the Unitarian Church from the Congregationalists. FRANCES JANE (FANNY) CROSBY, blind song writer who wrote approximately 9,000 hymns, was

born March 24th in New York. The Congregational Church was disestablished in Maine. The Brethren in Christ Church was formed in Pennsylvania. The United Secession Church was formed. Maine was admitted as the 24th state. Peru, Guatemala, Panama and San Domingo declared independence from Spain. NAPOLEON BONAPARTE died. U. S. population was 9.6 million.

- 1822 The Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church was formed. The Royal Asiatic Society was formed. *ULYSSES S. GRANT was born April 27th in Ohio. RUTHERFORD B. HAYES was born October 4th in Ohio. Brazil became independent of Portugal.*
- 1823 LEO XII became pope. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL began publishing "The Christian Baptist." The Oxford Union Society was formed. Fire destroyed St. Paul's Without-The-Walls".

 Mexico became a Republic. The Confederation of United Provinces of Central America was formed. The Monroe Doctrine passed. WILLIAM WILBERFORCE formed the Antislavery Association in England.
- The American Sunday School Union was formed by JOANNA BETHUNE. The Baptist General Tract Society was formed. JOSEPH ASPDIN produced Portland cement. The Erie Canal opened. The first Burmese War.
- 1825 The American Tract Society was formed. Newton Theological Institution was founded near Boston. W. E. CHANNING founded the American Unitarian Association Church. The Duck River Associations of Baptists were formed. Queen's College became Rutgers University. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS was inaugurated as the 6th president. Bolivia declared independence from Peru. Uruguay declared independence from Brazil.
- 1826 DANIEL PARKER formed the Two-Seed-in-the-Spirit Predestinarian Baptists in Illinois. The American Society for Promoting Temperance was formed. The American Home Missionary Society was formed. JOHN ADAMS and THOMAS JEFFERSON both died July 4th. The London Zoological Society was formed.

- Baptist mission work was begun in Mexico by JAMES THOMPSON. ELLEN GOULD HARMON WHITE, pioneer leader of the Seventh-Day Adventist Church, was born. The Greek War of Independence was won from Turkey-Egyptian forces on October 20th. Sulfur matches were introduced. The first photograph was made.
- The Nova Scotia Baptist Education Society was formed. The Protestant Methodist Church was formed. The American Peace Society was organized. ANDREW JACKSON, "Old Hickory", was elected the 7th president. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad was first built in the U. S. NOAH WEBSTER published the American Dictionary of the English Language.
- PIUS VIII became pope. WILLIAM BOOTH, founder of the Salvation Army, was born. The Catholic Emancipation Act allowed voting and the filling of public offices in Britain by Catholics. GEORGE MUELLER went to England. The independence of Greece was acknowledged by the Treaty of Adrianople in September. The first typewriter was patented. Slavery was abolished in Mexico. LOUIS BRAILLE published an alphabet for the blind. Russian FRIEDRICH W. PARROT on October 9th became the first person to climb to the summit of Mt. Ararat.
- JOHN N. DARBY of the Church of Ireland organized the Plymouth Brethren in Dublin. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL separated from the Baptists and founded the Disciples of Christ. The London Missionary Society sent JOHN WILLIAMS to Samoa. The Catholic Apostolic Church was formed in England. JOHN WINEBRENNER founded the Churches of God in North America, General Eldership. ABSALOM BACKUS EARLE began his ministry. JOSEPH SMITH organized the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormons) on April 6th. The New Hampshire Confession of Faith was drawn up by the Baptist Convention in New Hampshire. The Christian Church was founded by BARTON W. STONE in Kentucky from the Presbyterians.

JOSEPH SMITH published "The Book of Mormon". The Methodist Protestant Church was formed in Baltimore. WILLIAM IV became king of England. Ecuador became a Republic. CHESTER A. ARTHUR was born October 5th in Vermont.

- 1831 GREGORY XVI became pope. JOHN McKAEG began the first Baptist church in Sydney, Australia. JAMES MONROE died July 4th. JAMES A. GARFIELD was born November 19th in Ohio. Insurrection of slaves in Jamaica. Cholera epidemic in central Europe. Turkish Palestine and Syria were invaded by Egyptians. Chloroform was invented.
- The American Baptist Home Mission Society was formed in New York City on April 27th. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL'S Disciples of Christ, JAMES O'KELLEY'S Republican Methodists, ABNER JONES' Baptists and BARTON STONE'S Presbyterians allied to form The Christian Connection. JAMES HUDSON TAYLOR was born in England. DeWITT TALMAGE was born. Cholera epidemic in America. The New England Antislavery Society was founded in Boston.
- 1833 The Baptist Missionary Convention of Upper Canada was formed. JOHN KEBLE began The Oxford Movement in England. The Congregational Church was disestablished in Massachusetts. Oberlin College was founded in Ohio with CHARLES G. FINNEY as its first president. WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON formed the American Antislavery Society. Slavery was abolished in the British Empire. Haverford was founded by the Quakers. The Whig Party began in America. A peace treaty was signed between Egypt and Syria. BENJAMIN HARRISON was born August 20th in Ohio.
- 1834 LUDWIG INGWER NOMMENSEN, pioneer missionary to Indonesia under the Rhenish Missionary Society, was born. CHARLES HADDON SPURGEON was born June 19th at Essex. WILLIAM CAREY died June 9th. PHILIP PHILLIPS, the "Singing Pilgrim" was born in New York. *CYRUS*

- McCORMICK invented the reaper. The Spanish Inquisition was suppressed. Civil war in Spain and Ecuador.
- The Primitive Baptist (Old School or Anti-Mission) were organized in New York by DANIEL PARKER. J. LEWIS SHUCK began Baptist mission work in South China. The Liberty Bell cracked. HALLEY'S comet reappeared. SAMUEL COLT patented his revolver. The second Seminole War in Florida.
- The Ottawa Baptist Association was formed. The first woman was ordained a deaconess in the Lutheran Church in Germany. GEORGE RIPLEY began the religion of Transcendentalism. A. J. GORDON was born in New Hampshire. GEORGE MUELLER'S Bristol orphanage opened. Arkansas was admitted as the 25th state. Texas became a Republic on Texas Independence Day from Mexico March 2nd. 150 Americans were killed at the Alamo. MARTIN VAN BUREN was elected the 8th president. The first iron steamship was launched. JAMES MADISON died June 28th. Wisconsin territory was organized.
- 1837 Baptists organized The American and Foreign Bible Society in Philadelphia. The first Baptist church in Texas was organized in Washington County. DWIGHT L. MOODY was born February 5th in Massachusetts. The Christian Reformed Church was organized. Queen VICTORIA ruled England. Michigan was admitted as the 26th state. England introduced official birth registration. JOHN DEERE made the first steel plow. ISAAC PITMAN developed shorthand. GROVER CLEVELAND was born March 18th in New Jersey.
- 1838 PHILIP P. BLISS, gospel songwriter, was born July 9th in Pennsylvania. Tenri-Kyo, "religion of divine wisdom", was founded in Japan by NAKAYAMA MIKI. CHRISTMAS EVANS died. London Bridge opened. A boundary treaty with Texas was signed.
- The first Danish Baptist Church was organized at Copenhagen. CHARLES SANDERS PEIRCE, founder of Pragmatism, was born in Massachusetts. *The first bicycle was built. The first*

baseball game was played in Cooperstown, New York.

CHARLES GOODYEAR vulcanized rubber. The first Opium
War between Britain and China.

- ALEXANDER MacLAREN was baptized in Australia. The American Baptist Publication and Sunday School Society was formed. The Bible Translation Society was organized in England. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church was formed in Ireland. IRA D. SANKEY was born. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON died April 4th of pneumonia one month after his inauguration. Vice President JOHN TYLER succeeded him as the 10th president. The first wagon crossed the Oregon Trail. Egypt lost sovereignty over Syria. The U.S. population was 17 million.
- The Freewill Baptist Antislavery Society was organized in New Hampshire. The American and Foreign Free Baptist Board of Foreign Missions was formed in Boston. B'nai B'rith was founded in New York. The Wesleyan Methodist Church was begun from the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Free Methodist Church was formed. This was the year Adventist WILLIAM MILLER had set for the return of Christ in 1835. The Sunday School Institute was formed in England. THOMAS CHALMERS led 470 Scottish ministers to form the United Free Church of Scotland. A. B. SIMPSON was born December 15th. ROBERT MURRAY McCHEYNE died on March 25th. The Old Order Brethren (Yorkers) was established. The Missionary Baptists (Baptist Churches of Christ) were formed. WILLIAM McKINLEY was born January 29th in Ohio.
- 1844 GEORGE WILLIAMS founded the Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA) in England. ASAHEL NETTLETON died May 16th. Babism (Baha'i) began in Persia (Iran) by MIRZA ALI MUHAMMAD. The Baptist Union of Scotland was formed. BRENTON translated the Septuagint into English. Dissenters were allowed to hold title to church property in England. The Methodist Episcopal Church split over the issue of slavery and became Northern and Southern. The Sinaitic

Manuscript was recovered at Mt. Sinai. JOHN THOMAS organized the Christadelphians. KARL MARK met FRIEDRICH ENGELS in Paris. JAMES K. POLK was elected the 11th president. SAMUEL F. B. MORSE'S telegraph was used between Baltimore and Washington.

- The New London Strict Association was formed. The Triennial Convention was renamed The American Baptist Missionary Union. The Southern Baptist Convention separated from the General Convention. The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, was organized. WILLIAM MILLER founded the Adventist Association. JAMES WHITE founded the Seventh-Day Adventists. ANDREW JACKSON DAVIS founded Spiritualism. Florida was admitted as the 29th state. Texas was admitted as the 28th state. General ZACHARY TAYLOR led the War with Mexico. The U.S. Naval Academy was established at Annapolis, Maryland. ANDREW JACKSON died June 8th.
- The Maritime Baptist Convention was organized in Nova Scotia. The Armenian Evangelical Church was formed in Istambul. The Evangelical Alliance of Great Britain was founded in London. BRIGHAM YOUNG led the Mormons to Utah. PIUS IX became pope in Rome. *Iowa was admitted as the 29th state. ELIAS HOWE invented the sewing machine. Famine in Ireland. The U.S. declared war on Mexico.*
- BRIGHAM YOUNG succeeded JOSEPH SMITH as head of the Mormon Church. SAM JONES was born October 16th. BENEDICT WEYENETH organized the Apostolic Christian Church of America. The Lutheran Church, Missouri Synod, was formed. The Relief Church and the United Secession Church merged into the United Presbyterian Church. THOMAS CHALMERS died May 30th. 147 Mormons founded Salt Lake City. Gold was discovered in California. The U.S. captured Mexico City and the Mexican War ended. Chloroform was first used as an anesthetic.
- 1848 F. O. NILSON organized the first Baptist church in Sweden. The first Baptist church on the Pacific Coast was organized at

Oregon City by HEZEKIAH JOHNSON. The Oneida Community was founded by JOHN HUMPHREY NOYES in New York. GEORGE PATTON founded the Church of God (New Dunkards). JOHN WALSO organized The Life and Advent Union. In New York, Spiritualism became an organized religion. ZACHARY TAYLOR was elected the 12th president. KARL MARX and FRIEDRICH ENGELS published "The Communist Manifesto". Wisconsin was admitted as the 30th state. California became American territory. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS died February 23rd.

- The Union of the Associated Churches of Baptized Christians in Germany and Denmark was formed. The first Baptist church was organized in Hungary. The American Christian Missionary Society was formed. JAMES HUDSON TAYLOR was converted to Christ. WALTER HUNT invented the safety pin. The California gold rush was on. The speed of light was measured. JAMES K. POLK died June 15th.
- The American Bible Union was formed. CHARLES H. SPURGEON was converted to Christ on January 6th. DeWITT TALMAGE was converted to Christ and joined the Dutch Reformed Church. ADONIRAM JUDSON died. S. H. FROEHLICH organized the Apostolic Christian Church. President TAYLOR died of sunstroke on July 9th and Vicepresident MILLARD FILLMORE became the 13th president. California was admitted as the 31st state. The name "Renaissance" was first used for that period between 1350 and 1650. U.S. population was 23 million, with 3.2 million slaves.
- 1851 CHARLES H. SPURGEON was baptized May 3rd. The Regular Baptist Missionary Convention of Canada, West, was formed. The Adventist Church of God in Christ was founded. Cuba declared independence. The Louisiana Purchase was opened for settlement. Maine and Illinois introduced prohibition. ISAAC SINGER patented the sewing machine.
- The Congregational Methodist Church was formed in Georgia.
 JONATHAN CUMMINGS formed the Advent Christian

Church. The Baptist General Conference was formed.
CHARLES H. SPURGEON began pastoring. WILLIAM
BOOTH began his ministry in the Methodist Church. The first
Plenary Council of American Roman Catholics was held at
Baltimore. Wells Fargo Co. was founded. FRANKLIN PIERCE
was elected the 14th president. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE
published "Uncle Tom's Cabin". The Burials Act allowed
dissenters to be buried in town cemeteries.

- 1853 ANTOINETTE BROWN, pastor of a Congregational church, became the first woman officially ordained in the U.S. *Washington Territory was formed*.
- The first Baptist church in New Zealand was formed. The Immaculate Conception of Mary was made Roman dogma by Pope PIUS IX on December 8th. HUDSON TAYLOR went to China under the China Evangelization Society as a missionary. JOHN G. PATON went as a missionary to the New Hebrides Islands in the South Pacific. The first use of individual communion cups was in the North Baptist Church of Rochester, New York. The Republican Party was formed in the U.S. Congress organized the Kansas and Nebraska Territories. A Reform Bill in England opened Oxford and Cambridge Universities to non-Church of Englanders. The Crimean War began. The Gadsden purchase of territory from Mexico.
- 1855 The Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) was formed in England. The United Zion's Children (Brinsers) was formed.
- 1856 REUBEN A. TORREY was born. ROBERT DICK WILSON was born in Pennsylvania. Spurgeon's College was founded in London. The Purgatorian Society was formed by Roman Catholics. DWIGHT L. MOODY was converted to Christ and baptized at Mount Vernon Congregational Church May 3rd.

 JAMES BUCHANAN was elected the 15th president. Freestaters, led by JOHN BROWN, massacred five slavers at Potawatomie Creek, Kansas. WOODROW WILSON was born December 28th in Virginia.

- In Great Britain, the United Free Church was formed by a merger of the Protestant Methodists, Wesleyan Methodist Association, Armenian Methodists and Welsh Independent Methodists. H. C. MORRISON was born. The Christian Reformed Church was formed. CHARLES M. SHELDON, author of "In His Steps", was born February 26th. The Comstock Lode was discovered in Nevada. A transatlantic cable was laid. DRED SCOTT decision by the Supreme Court. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT was born September 15th in Ohio.
- 1858 BERNADETTE of Lourdes had her 18 "visions" of the Virgin Mary. ISAAC THOMAS HECKER founded The Society of Paulist Fathers in New York City. The United Presbyterian Church of North America was formed. LIONEL de ROTHSCHILD became the first Jewish member of the British Parliament. The Suez Canal Company was formed. China opened to missionaries. Minnesota was admitted as the 32nd state. The Atlantic cable was completed. THEODORE ROOSEVELT was born October 27th in New York. NATHANIEL TAYLOR died.
- 1859 JONATHAN GOFORTH, missionary to China and Korea, was born. J. WILBUR CHAPMAN was born in Indiana. The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary was started at Greenville, South Carolina by JAMES P. BOYCE, JOHN A. BROADUS, BASIL MANLY, JR., and WILLIAM WILLIAMS. The Amana Society (Community of True Inspiration, Inc.) was founded in Iowa. The "Gospel Mission" controversy in the Southern Baptist Convention led to the Landmarkists' (led by JAMES R. GRAVES and J. M. PENDLETON) establishing their own missions. JOHN HOLDEMAN formed the Church of God in Christ (Mennonite). EDMUND HUSSERL, exponent of the philosophy Phenomenology, was born. KAWATE BUNJIRO founded the Konko Kyo religion in Japan. The Universities' Mission to Central Africa was formed. The first oil well was drilled at Titusville, Pennsylvania. Work on the Suez Canal began. CHARLES DARWIN published "Origin of the Species."

Oregon was admitted as the 33rd state. JOHN BROWN raided Harper's Ferry on October 16th.

- 1860 FREDERICK L. RYMKER organized the first Baptist church in Norway. J. L. HOLMES began a Baptist mission work in North China. C. T. STUDD was born in England. REUBEN (UNCLE BUD) ROBINSON was born in Tennessee. GYPSY SMITH was born March 31st in England. The English Church Union was formed. D. L. MOODY began full-time work for Christ. B. T. ROBERTS formed the Free Methodist Church of North America. The Seventh-Day Adventist Church was organized. The Mennonite Brethren Church of North America was organized. ABRAHAM LINCOLN was elected the 16th president. The Pony Express began in April. The first oil well in Kansas was drilled. South Carolina seceded from the Union. THEODOR HERZL, Austrian Jewish founder of political Zionism, was born in Budapest.
- 1861 CHARLES H. SPURGEON built the Metropolitan Tabernacle in London. The Advent Christian Church was formed. W. B. RILEY was born in Indiana. WILLIAM BOOTH began his independent evangelistic work. VICTOR EMMANUEL unified Italy. Russian serfs were emancipated. The first telegram to California was sent October 24th. Kansas was admitted as the 34th state. U.S. population was 32 million. The Confederate States of America was organized with Mississippi, Florida, Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Texas, Virginia, Arkansas, North Carolina and Tennessee seceding from the Union. JEFFERSON DAVIS was inaugurated as President of the Confederacy in February. The Civil War began April 12th at Fort Sumter, South Carolina.
- 1862 T. T. MARTIN was born in Mississippi. BILLY SUNDAY was born November 19th in Iowa *The Emancipation Proclamation, effective January 1, 1863, was made on September 22nd. RICHARD GATLING invented the machine gun. Battles of Shiloh, Bull Run, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville and Antietim. Admiral FARRAGUT captured*

New Orleans. The first paper money was issued in the U.S. Bangor College was established in Wales. MARTIN VAN BUREN died July 24th. JOHN TYLER died January 18th.

- A. T. ROBERTSON was born in Virginia. G. CAMPBELL MORGAN was born in England. A. J. GORDON began his ministry in Boston. The Southern Australia Baptist Association was formed. The Baptist Sunday School Board was formed. The Brethren in Christ was formed. LYMAN BEECHER died. BAHA'U'LLAH formed Baha'ism, an offshoot of Islam, in Persia. Arizona and Idaho were organized as U.S. Territories. HENRY FORD was born. West Virginia broke from Virginia to form the 35th state. Congress established free city mail delivery. President LINCOLN delivered his "Gettysburg Address." The French captured Mexico City and made MAXIMILIAN Emperor of Mexico.
- The Presbyterian Church in the United States was formed. The Christian Union was organized. The New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission was formed. Pope PIUS IX issued the papal bull, "The Immaculate Conception", on December 8th. General SHERMAN'S march to the sea. Nevada was admitted as the 36th state. ABRAHAM LINCOLN was reelected president. The Territory of Montana was organized. The Geneva Convention established the neutrality of battlefield facilities. The Knights of Pythias was founded. The words "In God We Trust" first appeared on U.S. coins. LOUIS PASTEUR invented pasteurization. The International Red Cross was founded.
- 1865 The Bible Translation Society and the Irish Missionary Society joined to form The British and Irish Baptist Home Mission Society. Rhode Island College was established for American Baptists. JAMES HUDSON TAYLOR founded The China Inland Mission. CHARLES H. SPURGEON began publication of "The Sword and Trowel". A. B. SIMPSON was ordained to the ministry. WILLIAM BOOTH organized The Christian Revival Association in London. JOHN "PRAYING" HYDE was born. The North American Baptist General Conference was

formed. HENRY EGLY founded the Defenseless Mennonite Church. Confederate surrender at Appomatox Court House on April 9th. The Civil War officially ended May 26th. The 13th Amendment to the Constitution abolished slavery. The Ku Klux Klan was founded in Pulaski, Tennessee. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, assassinated on April 14th by JOHN WILKES BOOTH, died April 15th and Vice-president ANDREW JOHNSON became the 17th president. WARREN G. HARDING was born November 2nd in Ohio.

- 1866 Bethel Seminary was founded in Sweden by the Baptists. The National Camp Meeting Association for the Promotion of Christian Holiness was formed. The Adventist Church of God split from the Seventh-Day Adventist. The Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions was formed. D. L. MOODY became President of the Chicago YMCA. B. H. CARROLL was ordained to the ministry. The American Evangelical Alliance was founded. LEO TOLSTOY published "War and Peace". "Black Friday" on the London Stock Exchange. Oil was discovered in Texas. The Chisholm Trail from Texas to Kansas was opened. JESSE and FRANK JAMES began their outlaw career.
- The Baptist Union of Wales was formed. WILLIAM E. BIEDERWOLF was born. GEORGE W. TRUETT was born May 6th in North Carolina. DAVID LIVINGSTONE explored the Congo. The Reformed Church in America was formed. The Social Brethren were organized. Alaska was purchased for \$7.2 million. Nebraska was admitted as the 37th state. Gold was discovered in Wyoming. ALFRED NOBEL patented dynamite.
- WILLIAM R. NEWELL was born. Arabs in Transjordan unearthed the Moabite Stone. The 14th Amendment to the Constitution established the rights of citizens. The Samurai were abolished in Japan by the Meiji. ULYSSES S. GRANT was elected the 18th president. JAMES BUCHANAN died June 1st.
- The Baptist Union of Scotland was formed. The first Baptist church was organized in Finland. The Zion Union Apostolic

Church was formed in Virginia. DeWITT TALMAGE pastored the Central Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn. The Suez Canal opened. The East and West were united by rail on May 10th as the Union Pacific and Central Pacific linked in Utah. The Cincinnati Red Stockings became the first professional baseball team. The U.S. National Prohibition Party was formed in Chicago. FRANKLIN PIERCE died October 8th.

- The First Vatican Council declared the Assumption of Mary and Papal Infallibility. They declared "The Pope is Christ in office, Christ in jurisdiction and power." General Baptist formed a General Association. TIMOTHY RICHARD began missionary work in China. The Colored Methodist Episcopal Church was formed. German theologian ALBRECHT RITSCHL developed a constructive theology called "Ritschlianism". L. R. SCARBOROUGH was born in Louisiana. MEL TROTTER was born in Illinois. GEORGE MUELLER had 2,100 orphans in 5 homes. The 15th Amendment passed allowing the Negro vote. Texas and Mississippi were readmitted to the Union. The Italian army took Rome from France. FORSTER'S Education Bill established public schools in England.
- 1871 IGNATZ VON DOLLINGER, excommunicated over the "Papal Infallibility" issue, formed the Old Catholic Church. LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER was born February 27th in Ohio. HENRY STANLEY met DAVID LIVINGSTONE in Africa. CHARLES TAZE RUSSELL began his Jehovah's Witnesses teaching. Uniform Sunday School lessons were adopted. Baptist mission work began in Italy under WILLIAM N. COTE. CHARLES DARWIN wrote "The Descent of Man". A new German Empire was proclaimed by Iron Chancellor OTTO VON BISMARCK. A fire destroyed Chicago. Dallas was incorporated as a city. The U.S. population was 39 million.
- 1872 JERRY MacAULEY opened the Water Street Mission in New York. JACOB WISLER founded the Old Order Mennonite Church. The Bulgarian Church won its freedom. PETER

CARTRIGHT died. Manchester College was established to train ministers. CHARLES TAZE RUSSELL organized the International Bible Readers Association, which became The Millennial Dawn, and Jehovah's Witnesses. Brooklyn Bridge opened. Yellowstone National Park was established. The General Amnesty Act was passed by Congress. Jesuits were expelled from Germany. CALVIN COOLIDGE was born July 4th in Vermont.

- 1873 DAVID LIVINGSTONE was found dead by his bed on his knees. T. T. SHIELDS was born. The Reformed Episcopal Church was formed. The Union of American Hebrew Congregations was formed by ISAAC MAYER WISE in Ohio. D. L. MOODY and IRA DAVID SANKEY began their ministry in England. JOSEPH F. GLIDDEN invented barbed wire. The Germans evacuated France. Famine in Bengal. Silver was discovered in Nevada.
- 1874 FRANCES WILLARD formed the Women's Christian Temperance Union in Ohio. Harvard played McGill in the first football game. Madison Square Garden opened. Iceland became independent of Denmark. MILLARD FILLMORE died March 8th. HERBERT HOOVER was born August 10th in Iowa.
- The Church of Scotland and the Free Presbyterian Church joined to form the Presbyterian Church of Canada. The Didache (Teaching of the Twelve Apostles) was found in Istanbul. The World Alliance of Reformed Churches was formed. ELENA PETROVNA BLAVATSKY founded the Theosophical Society in New York City. CHARLES G. FINNEY died. Religious orders were abolished in Prussia. Britain bought control of the Suez Canal. MATTHEW WEBB became the first person to swim the English Channel. The first Kentucky Derby. ANDREW JOHNSON died July 31st.
- 1876 The Presbyterian Church of England was formed. PHILIP P. BLISS died December 30th in a railroad accident. HARRY A. IRONSIDE was born in Canada. LEWIS ENTZMINGER was born. MARY BAKER EDDY formed the Christian Scientists

Association. FELIX ADLER formed the American Ethical Union. RUTHERFORD B. HAYES was elected the 19th president. Colorado was admitted as the 38th state.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL patented the telephone. General CUSTER was killed at the Battle of Little Bighorn by the Sioux Indians. The United States National Baseball League was formed.

- J. FRANK NORRIS was born September 18th in Alabama. GYPSY SMITH began his ministry. MORDECAI HAM was born April 2nd in Kentucky. GEORGE W. HOFFMAN organized the United Christian Church. Federal troops withdrew from the South. The Blue Cross was founded. THOMAS A. EDISON invented the phonograph.
- 1878 The Nova Scotia Free Baptist Home Mission Society was formed. M. C. MASON and E. G. PHILLIPS began Baptist mission work in the Assam province of India. EVAN ROBERTS was born. R. A. TORREY was ordained a Congregational minister. Methodist WILLIAM BOOTH developed The Christian Mission into The Salvation Army. LEO XIII became pope. BILLY the Kid became involved in the Lincoln County War in New Mexico Territory. DAVID HUGHES invented the microphone. The first bicycle in America appeared.
- 1879 Baptist mission work began in Spain. D. L. MOODY returned to England for revival work. MARY BAKER EDDY organized the Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston. F. W. WOOLWORTH opened his first store. The Zulu War began in South Africa. THOMAS A. EDISON invented the incandescent electric lamp.
- W. B. BAGBY began Baptist mission work in Brazil. HOMER RODEHEAVER, song leader for evangelists BILLY SUNDAY and W. E. BIEDERWOLF, was born. The Disciples of Christ Church began ordaining women ministers. UNCLE BUD ROBINSON was saved and began preaching. ROBERT SHULER was born in Virginia. DANIEL S. WARNER organized the Church of God at Anderson, Indiana. *JAMES A*.

GARFIELD was elected the 20th president. VANDERBILT brought the Memphis obelisk from Egypt to Central Park in New York City. Population of New York City went over 1 million.

- Methodist Church was formed in Georgia. A. B. SIMPSON founded the Christian and Missionary Alliance Church. The Old German Baptist Brethren Church was organized. The World Methodist Council was organized. FRANCIS E. CLARK organized the Christian Endeavor Society in Portland, Maine. J. GRESHAM MACHEN was born July 28th in Maryland. The English Revised Version of the Bible was published. President GARFIELD was shot July 2nd by CHARLES J. GUITEAU and died September 19th. Vice-president CHESTER A. ARTHUR became the 21st president. WYATT EARP shoot-out at the O.K. Corral on October 26th. 300,000 people were killed in Indo-China by a tidal wave. The American Red Cross was organized by CLARA BARTON.
- The Baptist Union of New Zealand was formed. CHARLES DARWIN, founder of Darwinism, the Theory of Evolution, died April 19th. The Society for Psychical Research (Extrasensory Perception) was founded in London. A. B. SIMPSON founded Nyack Missionary College. The Brethren Church was formed. "Judge" ROY BEAN was appointed Justice of the Peace at Langtry, Texas. JESSIE JAMES was shot. JOHN L. SULLIVAN defeated PADDY RYAN for the boxing championship. The Knights of Columbus were chartered in Connecticut by MICHAEL J. McGIVNEY. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT was born January 30th in New York.
- In Canada, the Methodist Episcopal, the Primitive Methodist and the Bible Christian Churches merged to form The Methodist Church. BOB JONES was born in Alabama. Missionary ROBERT MOFFAT died. C. I. SCOFIELD was ordained and began his ministry in First Congregational Church in Dallas, Texas. The first 10-story "skyscraper" was built in Chicago. "BUFFALO BILL" CODY opened his Wild West

show. Krakatau volcano exploded, killing 36,000 in the Dutch East Indies. Brooklyn Bridge opened.

- CHARLES TAZE RUSSELL formed The Millennial Dawn. The Evangelical Free Church of America was formed. The Women's Baptist Missionary Union was formed August 14th. HENRY RICHARDS began Baptist mission work in the Congo. JERRY MacAULEY died. E. HOWARD CADLE was born. JOHANN G. ONCKEN died. GROVER CLEVELAND was elected the 22nd president. The Statue of Liberty was presented to the U.S. by France. Territorial government in Alaska was established. HARRY S. TRUMAN was born May 8th in Missouri.
- Swedish Baptist Mission began work in Valencia. The Baltimore Catechism for Roman Catholic children was written. C. T. STUDD went as a missionary to China. The Swedish Evangelical Mission Covenant was formed. The Reformed Methodist Union Episcopal Church was formed. The Mormons split into polygamous and monogamous groups. Khartoum fell and General GORDON was slain. WILLIAM BURROUGHS invented the adding machine. LOUIS PASTEUR discovered rabies vaccine. GOTTLIEB DAIMLER developed an internal combustion gasoline engine. KARL BENZ produced a 3-wheeled automobile. The first electric street railway in Baltimore, Maryland. ULYSSES S. GRANT died July 23rd. The Washington Monument was dedicated.
- P. J. KAUFMAN founded The Church of God as Organized by Christ from the German Brethren in Pennsylvania. The Evangelist Missionary Church was formed in Ohio. RICHARD G. SPURLING began the Christian Union. The American National Baptist Convention was founded. D. L. MOODY began the Student Volunteer Movement. BILLY SUNDAY was converted to Christ. G. CAMPBELL MORGAN began his ministry. R. G. LEE was born November 11th. The Statue of Liberty was dedicated by President CLEVELAND. GERONIMO surrendered to General MILES. 60 people died in a Charleston,

South Carolina earthquake. CHESTER A. ARTHUR died November 18th.

- 1887 CHARLES H. SPURGEON withdrew from the Baptist Union over liberalism. CHARLES and MYRTLE FILLMORE founded the Unity School of Christianity in Kansas City. The Christian Congregation was formed. CHARLES E. FULLER was born April 25th. Noah's Ark was "discovered". The international language, "Esperanto", was devised. The Turkish Sultan gave Amman, Jordan to the Circassians from Russia.
- 1888 The American Baptist Educational Society was organized at Washington, D.C. The Churches of God in Jesus Christ were formed. JOHN RALEIGH MOTT began his 30-year chairmanship of the Student Volunteer Movement. The Swedish Evangelical Free Church was formed. ALVA J. McCLAIN was born April 11th in Iowa. BISSELL revised the King James Apocrypha. BENJAMIN HARRISON was elected the 23rd president. GEORGE EASTMAN developed roll film for the Kodak camera. JOHN BOYD DUNLOP developed a pneumatic tire. JACK THE RIPPER murdered 6 women in London.
- The Armenian Apostolic Church was founded in Massachusetts. Southern Baptists began mission work in Japan. THOMAS HUXLEY coined the word "Agnostic". WILLIAM CHRISTIAN founded the Churches of the Living God. D. L. MOODY founded the Chicago (Moody) Bible Institute. The Missionary Church Association was formed. The United Brethren in Christ (Old Constitution) Church was formed. Oklahoma Territory opened for settlement April 22nd. The last bare-knuckle bout was fought. The Eiffel Tower in Paris was completed. North Dakota was admitted as the 39th state. South Dakota was admitted as the 40th state. Montana was admitted as the 41st state. Washington was admitted as the 42nd state.
- 1890 The New Connection General Baptists united with the London Baptist Association. C. I. SCOFIELD established the Central American Mission. The Fire Baptized Holiness Church (Wesleyan) was formed. H. C. MORRISON began evangelistic

work. HARRY A. IRONSIDE was converted and began preaching. GEORGE W. TRUETT was ordained and pastored the First Baptist Church of Dallas, Texas for 47 years. HARRY RIMMER was born. The first moving picture show in New York. SITTING BULL was killed. The Daughters of the American Revolution was founded. Idaho was admitted as the 43rd state. Wyoming was admitted as the 44th state. A global influenza epidemic. DWIGHT DAVID EISENHOWER was born October 14th in Texas.

- 1891 The General Baptist New Connexion joined with the Particular Baptists. The Baptist Young People's Union of America was formed. M. R. DeHAAN was born March 23rd in Michigan. The International Congregational Council was formed. Wireless telegraphy was first used. Famine in Russia. 10,000 were killed in a Japan earthquake.
- Went to India as a missionary. The National Council of Free Evangelical Churches in England was formed. GEORGE A. BUTTRICK, author of "The Interpreter's Bible", was born. The Student Christian Movement began at Cambridge. The Student Volunteer Missionary Union in Britain was formed. BAHA'U'LLAH, founder of the Baha'i faith, died and was buried at Haifa. GROVER CLEVELAND was elected for a second term as the 24th president. First concrete pavement. First Ford automobile. First automatic telephone switchboard. "GENTLEMAN JIM" CORBETT defeated JOHN L. SULLIVAN.
- The Free Presbyterian Church of Scotland was formed. The Foreign Missions Conference of North America was founded. KATHERINE LEE BATES wrote "America the Beautiful" from the summit of Pike's Peak, Colorado. Hawaii was annexed. The Anti-Saloon League was formed. The Chicago World's Fair opened. RUTHERFORD B. HAYES died January 17th. The longest boxing fight (110 rounds in 7 hours, 4 minutes).

- The United Evangelical Church was formed. C. P. JONES formed the Church of Christ (Holiness) U.S.A. Swami VIVEKANANDA founded the Vedanta Society in the U.S. JAMES STRONG'S Concordance was first printed.
- A. J. GORDON died February 2nd. JOHN R. RICE was born December 11th in Texas. AMY CARMICHAEL went to India as a missionary under the Keswick Missionary Committee. The Church of the Nazarene began in Los Angeles. FULTON JOHN SHEEN, a Roman Catholic archbishop, was born in Illinois. The Christian Nation Church was formed. MARCONI invented wireless telegraphy. RONTGEN detected X-rays. KING GILLETTE invented the safety razor. The first pro-football game. SIGMUND FREUD began the Psychoanalysis movement. WARREN FELT EVANS formed the Metaphysical Club in Boston.
- The National Council of the Evangelical Free Churches was formed in England. JOHN A. DOUIE formed the Christian Catholic Church. THOMAS J. COX formed the Church of God (Apostolic). WILLIAM S. CROWDY formed the Church of God and Saints of Christ. BALLINGTON and MAUD BOOTH founded the Volunteers of America from the Salvation Army. WILLIAM McKINLEY was elected the 25th president. Utah was admitted as the 45th state. The first modern Olympics was held in Athens. Rural free mail delivery was established. The Klondike gold rush began. The American Rescue Workers was organized. A tidal wave killed 22,000 in Japan.
- The South India Strict Baptist Mission was founded. The Christian Alliance and the Evangelical Missionary Alliance merged to form the Christian and Missionary Alliance. The Association of Pentecostal Church of America was formed. WILLIAM BIEDERWOLF was ordained. C. H. MASON and C. P. JONES formed the Church of God in Christ. W. B. RILEY began a 50-year ministry with the First Baptist Church of Minneapolis, Minnesota. The Polish National Catholic Church

of America was formed. A. W. TOZER was born April 21st. THEODOR HERZL organized the Zionist movement in Switzerland. Cardiff College was founded in Wales. Famine in India. The first Frontier Days festival was held in Cheyenne, Wyoming. The STANLEY brothers invented the Stanley Steamer.

- 1898 GEORGE MUELLER died March 10th. BOB JONES was ordained. The Divine Science Church was formed in Denver by NONA LOVELL BROOKS. NORMAN VINCENT PEALE, preacher of Positive Thinking, was born in Ohio. The Pentecostal Holiness Church was formed. The Modern Churchmen's Union was formed. ZEPPELIN built an airship. The Spanish-American War over Cuba began and was ended by the Treaty of Paris. The Battleship MAINE was blown up in Havana. Hawaii was acquired by the U.S.
- J. FRANK NORRIS was ordained to the ministry. D. L. MOODY died December 22nd. The Gideon Society was founded. CHRISTIAN KEYSSER became a Lutheran missionary to New Guinea. The International Metaphysical League was formed. Britain declared war on the Boers on October 12th. The first magnetic recording of sound was made. Guam, Puerto Rico, Samoa and the Philippines were acquired by the U.S.
- T. T. MARTIN began evangelistic work. LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER was ordained. The Holiness Methodist Church was formed. Shintoism was reinstated in Japan. The Free Church and the United Presbyterian Church merged to form the United Free Church. L. R. SCARBOROUGH began his ministry. JOHN CHARLES RYLE died. The American Revised Version of the Bible was published. BOOKER T. WASHINGTON founded the National Negro Business League. The American School of Oriental Research was founded. The Boxer Rebellion began in China. The Commonwealth of Australia was created. Hawaii became a territory of the U.S. A hurricane in Galveston, Texas killed 6,000 people.

- 1901 Baptist mission work began in the Philippines. "The Twentieth Century New Testament" was produced. ALMA WHITE founded the Pentecostal Union Church. G. B. VICK was born February 5th in Kentucky. B. R. LAKIN was born June 5th in West Virginia. The United Free Will Baptist Church (Colored) was organized. President McKINLEY was shot September 6th by LEON CZOLGOSZ and died September 14th. Vice-president THEODORE ROOSEVELT became the 26th president. Queen VICTORIA died and EDWARD VII became king of England. The spindletop oil field was discovered in Texas. J. P. MORGAN organized U.S. Steel Corporation. Oil drilling began in Persia. The Social Revolutionary Party was formed in Russia. Basic blood types were discovered. LEO TOLSTOY was excommunicated from the Russian Orthodox Church. BENJAMIN HARRISON died March 13th.
- 1902 W. B. RILEY founded Northwestern School. DeWITT TALMAGE died in April. E. D. SMITH founded Triumph The Church and Kingdom of God in Christ. The U.S. acquired control of the Panama Canal. The Boers surrendered to the British. The Aswan Dam opened. The Papyrus of Nash was discovered at Fayum, Egypt. 38,000 were killed in the Martinique volcano eruption.
- 1903 RICHARD F. WEYMOUTH produced "The New Testament in Modern Speech." The Sunday School Institute of 1843 became the National Sunday School Union. BENJAMIN PURNELL founded the House of David. BILLY SUNDAY was ordained to the ministry. DALLAS BILLINGTON was born January 23rd in Kentucky. DAVID OTIS FULLER was born. PIUS X became pope. First auto crossing of the U.S. in 65 days. HENRY FORD founded Ford Motor Company. The first airplane flight at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina on December 17th by ORVILLE and WILBUR WRIGHT.
- 1904 ROCCO SANTAMORIA organized the Italian Pentecostal Assemblies of God. Christ's Sanctified Holy Church (Colored Church South) was formed. EVAN ROBERTS began the Welsh

Revival. Church and state separation in France. *The Russo-Japanese War began. The U.S. began work on the Panama Canal. Iced tea was invented.*

- 1905 E. D. BROWN formed the Free Christian Zion Church of Christ. The Baptist World Alliance was formed in London. The Baptist General Association was formed March 22nd. HUDSON TAYLOR died in China. The first Buddhist Temple in the U.S. was built in San Francisco. Revolution in Russia.
- The United Baptist Women's Missionary Union was formed. Free Will and Particular Baptists united to form the United Baptist Convention of Canada. RICHARD J. SPURLING, SR. founded the Church of God (Cleveland). SAM JONES died October 15th. The Laymen's Missionary Movement was founded. The first radio broadcast. The San Francisco earthquake killed 700 on April 18th.
- 1907 The Association of Pentecostal Churches of America joined the Church of the Nazarene in Chicago. E. STANLEY JONES became a missionary to India from the Methodist Episcopal Church. The United Methodist Free Church, the Methodist New Connection and Bible Christians merged to form the United Methodist Church, FLORENCE CRAWFORD organized the Apostolic Faith Mission. The Northern Baptist Convention was organized in Washington, D.C. The National Primitive Baptist Convention was founded. LOUIS FRANCESCON founded the Italian Christian Churches of North America. G. V. CORDINGLEY founded the Progressive Spiritual Church. The Boy Scout movement was founded by ROBERT BADEN-POWELL. Mother's Day was established. Oklahoma was admitted as the 46th state. 1,000 died in an earthquake at Kingston, Jamaica. American battleships departed for a "Round-the-World" cruise.
- 1908 The First Congress of European Baptists met at Berlin.
 Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary was founded. The
 Holiness Church of Christ merged with the Church of the

Nazarene. The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America was founded. WALTER RAUSCHENBUSCH introduced the Social Gospel movement. R. SWINBURNE CLYMER founded the Church of Illumination. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT was elected the 27th president. General Motors Corporation was formed. HENRY FORD produced the first Model "T". An earthquake in Sicily killed 150,000 people; 80,000 in Messina, Italy. GROVER CLEVELAND died June 24th. LYNDON B. JOHNSON was born August 27th in Texas.

- W. H. HOOPLE and P. F. BRESSE founded the Church of the Nazarene. LEE ROBERSON was born November 24th. W. A. CRISWELL was born on December 19th. J. FRANK NORRIS began a 43-year ministry with First Baptist Church of Fort Worth, Texas. The Churches of Christ in Christian Union was formed. CYRUS INGERSOL SCOFIELD produced the Scofield Reference Bible. "LITTLE" GEORGE HENSLEY introduced the practice of snake handling in the Church of God. The invention of Bakelite by LEO H. BAEKELAND marked the beginning of the Plastic Age. Deganiah, "The Cornflower", the first Jewish collective settlement, was founded. ROBERT E. PEARY reached the North Pole. Gin Rummy game was introduced.
- 1910 T. T. SHIELDS began a 45-year ministry with Jarvis Street Baptist Church in Toronto, Canada. The Norwegian Baptist Theological Seminary was founded at Christiana.

 ALEXANDER MacLAREN died. The Faith and Order movement began in Edinburgh. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. adopted "The Fundamentals". The World Missionary Conference was formed. The Cambridge Inter-Collegiate Christian Union was formed. The American Baptist Missionary Union became the American Baptist Foreign Missionary Society. The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace was founded. Father's Day was first observed. GEORGE V became king of England. Tel Aviv became the first all-Jewish city. A Republic was formed out of a revolution in Portugal.

- 1911 The Pentecostal Fire-Baptized Holiness Church was formed. Freewill Baptists united with the Northern Baptist Convention. ROALD AMUNDSEN, the Norwegian polar explorer, reached the South Pole. The last imperial dynasty in China fell and a Republic was formed after the revolution. War between Italy and Turkey. RONALD REAGAN was born February 6th in Illinois.
- WILLIAM BOOTH died. JOHN HYDE died in India. C. T. STUDD went to Africa as a missionary. FRANCIS A. SCHAEFFER was born January 30th. F. W. WOOLWORTH Company was formed. WOODROW WILSON was elected the 28th president. New Mexico was admitted as the 47th state. Arizona was admitted as the 48th state. The Girls Scouts were formed. The "Titanic" sank on April 19th; 1,513 perished.
- 1913 G. TABOR THOMPSON founded the National Spiritual Alliance of the U.S.A. LOUIS ENTZMINGER began his work with the First Baptist Church of Fort Worth, Texas. The Balkan War. The 16th Amendment to the Constitution established a permanent Income Tax. The Jewish Anti-Defamation League was formed by B'nai B'rith over LEO FRANK. Parcel Post service began. The Federal Reserve Act passed. RICHARD M. NIXON was born January 9th in California. GERALD R. FORD was born July 14th in Nebraska.
- The Assemblies of God General Council was formed. The Church of God by Faith was formed. K. H. BURRUSS founded the Churches of God, Holiness. The Pentecostal Assemblies of the World was formed. The Pentecostal Church of Christ was founded by JOHN STROUP. The Pillar of Fire Church was formed. BENEDICT XV became pope. B. H. CARROLL died. CHARLES E. FULLER was converted to Christ. World War I began as Austria attacked Serbia. Germany declared war on Russia and France, and invaded Belgium. Turkey joined Germany in the war. Britain declared war on Germany. The Panama Canal opened August 15th.
- 1915 OLIVER B. GREENE was born February 14th in South Carolina. The Jacobite Apostolic Church was organized. There

were 142,000 Baptists in Russian territory. GEORGE BAKER founded the Peace Mission Movement and adopted the name "FATHER DIVINE". The International New Thought Alliance was formed. The National Baptist Convention of America was founded and the National Baptist Convention, U.S.A., Inc. was formed in a split from the Foreign Mission Baptist Convention of 1880. The Germans sank the "Lusitania". The U.S. Coast Guard was formed. Italy joined France and Britain in the war. The Panama Canal was dedicated July 12th. HENRY FORD produced his one-millionth car.

- 1916 W. T. PHILLIPS founded the Apostolic Overcoming Holy Church of God. J. A. SANDER founded the Reformed New Congregational Methodist Church. Judge JOSEPH FRANKLIN RUTHERFORD became president of the Jehovah's Witnesses.

 DOROTEO ARANGO, better known as FRANCISCO

 "PANCHO" VILLA raided New Mexico and killed 17 people.

 The Battle of Verdun. The U.S. purchased the Virgin Islands from Denmark. Daylight Savings Time was introduced in Britain.
- 1917 The American Friends Service Committee was founded by the American Quakers. Communists seized power in Russia in the Russian Bolshevik Revolution. The U.S. entered World War I on April 6th. General JOHN J. PERSHING landed in France on June 26th. The Jewish Legion of the British Army landed in Palestine. The Balfour Declaration was published. Field Marshal EDMUND HENRY HYNMAN ALLENBY received the surrender of Jerusalem from the Turks in September. "Our Lady of Fatima" appeared to three children in Portugal on May 13th. JOHN F. KENNEDY was born May 29th in Massachusetts.
- J. WILBUR CHAPMAN died. The United Holy Church of America was founded. The Metropolitan Church Association was chartered. The United Lutheran Church was established. The kingdom of Egypt passed into British hands. World War I ended, the Armistice was signed November 11th. 320,710 U.S.

casualties. Then 21,640,000 people died of influenza in 8 months, worldwide..

- 1919 The French Baptist Union was formed. GEORGE A.

 McGUIRE founded the African Orthodox Church. R. C.

 LAWSON founded the Church of our Lord Jesus Christ of the
 Apostolic Faith. The Bible Standard Churches were founded.

 The Pentecostal Church of God of America was founded. The
 National and International Pentecostal Union was formed. A. B.

 SIMPSON died. The 18th Amendment to the Constitution
 (Prohibition) was adopted. The National Socialists (NAZI) Party
 was formed in Germany. The League of Nations met in Paris. A
 Soviet government was formed in Budapest. Church and state
 separated in Germany. The Grand Canyon was made a
 National Park. THEODORE ROOSEVELT died January 6th.
- 1920 The Fundamental Fellowship of the Northern Baptist Convention was formed by J. C. MASSEE, W. B. RILEY, T. T. SHIELDS, I. M. HALDEMAN, JOHN ROACH STRATON and CURTIS LEE LAWS. The National Baptist Evangelical Life and Soul Saving Assembly of the U.S.A. was formed. FRANK NATHAN DANIEL BUCHMAN organized the Oxford Group. WILLIAM BIEDERWOLF founded a leper home in Korea. BOB SHULER began a 45-year ministry with Trinity Methodist Church of Los Angeles, California. WARREN G. HARDING was elected the 29th president. The Republic of Lebanon was formed. The League of Nations allotted the mandate over Palestine and Iraq to Great Britain. The Russian Civil War ended. The 19th Amendment to the Constitution allowed women to vote. The first Radio Broadcasting Station was built. The Tommy Gun was patented. U.S. population was 107.8 million. An earthquake killed 200,000 in China.
- A. E. KNOCH produced the Concordant Bible for Jehovah's Witnesses. The International Missionary Council was formed in Edinburgh. SIMON KIMBANGU founded the Church of Jesus Christ on Earth in Zaire. The Congregational Holiness Church was formed. C. I. SCOFIELD died. The Association of

Pentecostal Assemblies was formed. ADOLPH HITLER'S Storm Troopers began to terrorize citizens in Germany. Rebellion in Ireland. First continental airmail flight. Mongolia turned Communist.

- 1922 The Fire-Baptized Holiness Church was formed. The Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of North and South America was formed. PIUS XI became pope. The first radio broadcast was made August 22nd. BENITO MUSSOLINI formed a Fascist government in Italy. The six Soviet states formed the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.) with JOSEF STALIN the first Secretary-general of the Communist Party in Russia. REBECCA L. FELTON (Georgia) became the first female Senator.
- King's College was established in Kensington, Australia. The Baptist Bible Union was formed by J. FRANK NORRIS, T. T. SHIELDS and W. B. RILEY. The Lutheran World Convention was organized in Germany. H. C. MORRISON founded Asbury Theological Seminary. The Tomlinson Church of God was formed. AIMEE SEMPLE McPHERSON founded the International Church of the Four-Square Gospel. President HARDING died August 2nd and Vice-president CALVIN COOLIDGE became the 30th president. An earthquake killed 140,000 in Japan. ELLA MAE NOLA (California) became the first female member of Congress.
- The American Baptist Convention was formed from the Northern Baptist Convention. The Pentecostal Church, Inc. was formed. The Hungarian Reformed Church in America was formed. HELEN BARRETT MONTGOMERY produced "The New Testament in Modern Speech." The first Christian radio broadcasts were made. HENRY FORD produced his 10-millionth car. J. EDGAR HOOVER was appointed Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). Turkmenia and Uzbekistan became Soviet Republics. The "Teapot Dome" oil scandal in Washington. VLADIMIR LENIN died in Russia. WOODROW

WILSON died February 3rd. JAMES EARL CARTER was born October 1st.

- 1925 JAMES MOFFATT published the Moffatt Bible. CHARLES E. FULLER began his radio ministry. The United Church of Canada was formed by a merger of the Congregational, Methodist, Presbyterian and Evangelical United Brethren churches. The JOHN T. SCOPES trial in Tennessee with WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN and CLARENCE DARROW over the teaching of DARWIN'S Theory of Evolution. The Militant Atheists League was founded in Russia. ADOLPH HITLER reorganized the Nazi Party and published "Mein Kampf." The Hebrew University was founded on Mt. Scopus in Jerusalem. Chrysler Corporation was founded. A tornado killed 689 people in the U.S.
- The Protestant Reformed Church of America was formed. BOB JONES founded Bob Jones University. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR. built the Riverside Church in New York for HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK. PAUL JOSEPH GOEBBELS became the Nazi Gauleiter of Berlin. LEON TROTSKY was expelled from Moscow. HIROHITO became Emperor of Japan. Civil War in China. CHIANG KAI-SHEK established a provisional government in Hankow. Television was demonstrated in London. U.S. population was 115 million. A liquid-fueled rocket was flown.
- The Toronto Baptist Seminary was founded by T. T. SHIELDS. HERBERT W. ARMSTRONG began "The World Tomorrow". Bishop AFTIMOS founded the Eastern Orthodox Catholic Church in America. The World Conference of Faith and Order was held at Lausanne.

The German economic system collapsed. JOSEF STALIN gained political control in Russia. The Holland Tunnel opened. The Moffat Tunnel opened. CHARLES A. LINDBERG'S solo flight across the Atlantic on May 21st took 33.5 hours. BABE RUTH hit 60 home runs. Color television was demonstrated in London.

- The Association of Baptists for World Evangelism, Inc. was founded in Philadelphia. The National Conference of Christians and Jews was founded in New York City. R. A. TORREY died. Islam ceased to be the state religion of Turkey. The "Opus Dei" was organized in the Catholic Church. CHIANG KAI-SHEK became president of China. HERBERT HOOVER was elected the 31st president. AMELIA EARHART flew across the Atlantic. The first color motion picture. Penicillin was discovered. Representatives of 65 countries signed the Kellogg-Briand Pact denouncing war.
- 1929 The United Free Church and the Church of Scotland merged to form the Kirk of Scotland. FRANK R. KILLINGSWORTH founded the Kodesh Church of Immanuel. The Rumanian Orthodox Episcopate of America was formed. The American Ministerial Association was organized. Westminster Seminary was founded in Philadelphia. MUSSOLINI allowed PIUS XI to set up the Vatican State under the Lateran Treaty. 1,400 churches were closed in Russia. The Stock Exchange collapsed and the Great Depression began in the U.S. in October. The Arabs attacked the Jews in Palestine. HITLER appointed HEINRICH HIMMLER head of the SS. The Cascade Tunnel was completed. St. Valentine's Day Massacre. Tadzhikistan became a Soviet Republic.
- The Spanish Baptist Convention was organized in Barcelona. The World Fundamental Baptist Missionary Fellowship was formed by J. FRANK NORRIS. ROBERT C. CABOT founded the Council for Clinical Training. ANTON T. BOISEN founded the Institute of Pastoral Care. The Rastafari Movement advocating that blacks are the true heirs of biblical Israel, began in Jamaica. The Japanese religion, Seicho No Ie, was begun by MASAHARU TANIGUCHI. The Black Muslim movement was founded by W. D. FARD. ROBERT DICK WILSON died. The Independent Fundamental Church of America was formed. AL CAPONE was jailed. U.S. population was 122 million. The Great Depression worsened. HAILE SELASSIE became

- emperor of Ethiopia. AMY JOHNSON flew solo from London to Australia. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT died March 8th.
- 1931 The Congregational Christian Church was formed. The International Bible Students Association adopted the name "Jehovah's Witnesses" in Columbus, Ohio. The Calvary Pentecostal Church was founded. C. T. STUDD died. "The Star-Spangled Banner" was designated the National Anthem by Congress. Britain and Japan abolished the gold standard. The Empire State Building opened May 1st.
- The Elim Ministerial Fellowship was formed. Methodist Churches in England reunified. DAVID WILLIAM SHORT founded the National David Spiritual Temple of Christ Church Union. The Open Bible Evangelistic Association was formed. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT was elected the 32nd president. Famine in the USSR. Work began on the Golden Gate Bridge. LINDBERG'S baby was kidnaped. Worst drought in U.S. history began, lasting to 1934. Iraq was admitted to the League of Nations.
- 1933 The General Association of Regular Baptist Churches was formed. The Independent Board for Presbyterian Foreign Missions was founded by J. GRESHAM MACHEN. All protestant Churches in Germany formed the German Evangelical Church. Russia sold the Sinaitic Manuscript to Britain for \$500,000. ADOLPH HITLER was appointed German Chancellor, HERMAN GOERING was Prime Minister of Prussia. PAUL JOSEPH GOEBBELS was made Propaganda Minister. The first Nazi concentration camps in Germany. Persecution of Jews began in Germany. Germany and Japan left the League of Nations. The 20th Amendment to the Constitution began the president's term of office on January 20th instead of March 4th. The 21st Amendment to the Constitution repealed the 18th Amendment (Prohibition). The U.S. and Canada abandoned the gold standard. WILEY POST made the first solo flight around the world in 7 days, 18 hours, 49 minutes. JOHN DEWEY issued "The Humanist Manifesto" promoting

Humanism. CALVIN COOLIDGE died January 5th. The TVA, CCC, NRA and PWA were created.

- ELIJAH POOLE became leader of the Black Muslims. The Evangelical and Reformed Church was formed. The Radio Church of God, which became the Worldwide Church of God, was founded in Oregon by HERBERT W. ARMSTRONG. The Christian Unity Baptist Association was formed. BILLY GRAHAM was converted to Christ. A. T. ROBERTSON died September 24th. The Wycliffe Bible Translators was founded. The DIONNE Quintuplets were born in Canada. JOHN DILLINGER was killed. ADOLPH HITLER became Fuhrer in Germany. Blood bath in Germany. The USSR joined the League of Nations. KARL BARTH presented the Barmen Declaration in Germany.
- A remnant of the 1780 New Hampshire Free Will Baptists joined the 1727 North Carolina Free Will Baptists and formed the National Association of Free Will Baptists. MORDECAI M. KAPLAN began the Jewish Reconstructionist Movement in America. The General Conference of the Evangelical Baptist Church was formed. H. B. SANDINE formed the Conservative Congregational Christian Conference. M. M. SHAHEEN formed the Antiochian Orthodox Archdiocese. The Open Bible Standard Churches were organized. BILLY SUNDAY died November 6th. Alcoholics Anonymous was organized. The U.S. Social Security Act passed. REZA SHAH changed Persia to Iran. The Nuremberg Laws deprived Jews of citizens' rights in Germany. MUSSOLINI invaded Ethiopia. The WPA was organized.
- 1936 Missionary JONATHAN GOFORTH died. JOHN GRESHAM MACHEN formed the Orthodox Presbyterian Church. The International General Assembly of Spiritualists was formed. Kazakhstan and Kirgizia became Soviet Republics. The Hoover Dam was built. The Spanish Civil War began. China declared war on Japan. German troops occupied Rhineland. The Johnstown, Pennsylvania floods. U.S. population

reached 127 million. Public television service began in Britain. EDWARD VIII, King of England, abdicated and was succeeded by GEORGE VI. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was elected president for a second term.

- 1937 The third edition of GERHARD KITTEL'S "Biblia Hebraica" was published. The Soka Kyoiku Gakkai, :"Value Creation Society", was founded in Japan by TSUNESABURO MAKIGUCHI. J. GRESHAM MACHEN died January 1st.

 AMELIA EARHART was lost while flying the Pacific Ocean. The Hindenburg airship exploded. The Golden Gate Bridge opened. The Lincoln Tunnel was built. Bonneville Dam was built. Civil War in Spain. Italy withdrew from the League of Nations.
- 1938 All Baptist Churches were closed in Rumania on December 15th by the Fascists. M. R. DeHAAN began his Radio Bible Class. CARL McINTIRE founded the Bible Presbyterian Church. The Oxford Group became the Moral Rearmament. LSD (Lysergic Acid Diethylamide) was discovered by ALBERT HOFMANN in Switzerland. ADOLPH HITLER appointed himself War Minister and assumed command of Germany's armed forces. Germany mobilized and invaded Austria. The ball point pen was invented. A national minimum wage was enacted.
- 1939 The Bible Baptist Institute was founded in Fort Worth, Texas by J. FRANK NORRIS and LOUIS ENTZMINGER. The Intervarsity Christian Fellowship was begun by C. STACEY WOODS. The Bible Protestant Church was formed. The National Fellowship of Brethren Churches was formed. The Watch Tower Bible and Tract Society was formed in New York. The Methodist Episcopal Church, the Methodist Episcopal Church, South and the Methodist Protestant Church merged to form The Methodist Church. T. T. MARTIN died. WILLIAM BIEDERWOLF died. PIUS XII became pope. Germany invaded Poland and World War II began September 1st. Spain left the League of Nations. "Gone With The Wind" was released. The first commercial television broadcast. The New York's

World Fair opened. An earthquake in Turkey killed 45,000 people.

- 1940 The Laymen's National Bible Committee was organized in New York City. MEL TROTTER died in April. First helicopter flight in the U.S. The Selective Service Act was passed.

 FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was elected to a third term as president. WINSTON CHURCHILL became British Prime Minister. U.S. population reached 132 million. First Christian TV broadcasts. Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Moldavia became Soviet Republics.
- The Baptist Youth Fellowship of the Northern Baptist
 Convention was formed. The Confraternity New Testament
 was published by the Catholics. CLIVE STAPLES LEWIS
 began writing "The Screwtape Letters". The American Council
 of Christian Churches was formed. The Lend-Lease Bill passed
 Congress on March 11th. Axis assets in U.S. frozen on June
 14th. Japanese assets frozen in U.S. on June 26th. Gen. Hideki
 Tojo became prime minister of Japan. The Japanese attacked
 Pearl Harbor at 7:55 AM on December 7th and Tokyo declared
 war on the U.S. and Britain. The United States entered World
 War II on December 8th with one dissenting vote in Congress.
 On Dec. 10, Philippine airfields were destroyed as Japanese
 landed on Bataan island. Japanese invaded Guam. HITLER
 invaded the Soviet Union.
- 1942 Wycliffe Bible Translators, Inc. was formed by L. L. LEGTERS and W. CAMERON TOWNSEND. The British Council of Churches was formed. The National Association of Evangelicals was founded in St. Louis. The Independent Fundamental Methodist Church was organized. H. C. MORRISON died. "UNCLE" BUD ROBINSON died. E. HOWARD CADLE died. Japanese enter Manila on Jan. 2nd. British Gen. Arthur E. Percival surrendered Singapore to Gen. Yamashita. 70,000 prisoners taken on Feb. 15th. Allied fleet destroyed in Battle of the Java Sea. British evacuated Rangoon in Burma on Mar. 7th. Java surrendered to Japanese on Mar. 10th. Gen. MacArthur

left the Philippines on Mar. 11th. Gen. Wainwright retreated to Corregidor. The Bataan Death March began on Apr. 9th for 12,000 Americans and 60,000 Filipinos; 10,000 died. Allies first offensive action in the Pacific on August 7th. Sugar and gas were rationed. Battles of Coral Sea and Midway on May 7-8th. USS Lexington sunk. Battle of Midway, June 3-6th. USS Yorktown sunk. Marines landed on Guadalcanal on Aug. 7th.

- 1943 The Conservative Baptist Foreign Mission Society was organized in Chicago December 15th. Jehovah's Witnesses were exempted from saluting the flag by the Supreme Court. Japan abandoned Guadalcanal on Feb. 9th. U.S. forces landed on Attu Mar. 11th. Marines landed on Bougainville on Nov. 11th, and on Tarawa and Makin on Nov. 20-24. Italy surrendered. Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin met in Teheran Nov. 28-Dec. 1st. Infantile paralysis epidemic in the U.S. Rationing of shoes, meat, etc. Income Tax Withholding began. The Germans massacred Jews in Warsaw.
- The Baptist Federation of Canada was formed December 7th. The Northern Baptist Assembly was formed in Wisconsin. GEORGE W. TRUETT died July 7th. U.S. captured Kwajalein Feb. 6th. U.S. lands at Hollandia in New Guinea on Apr. 22nd. Battle of the Philippine Sea, June 19-23rd. Saipan taken on July 9th. Guam taken on Aug. 10th. D-Day, Allied invasion of Western Europe on June 6th. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was elected to his fourth term as president. U.S. enters Leyte Gulf on Oct. 20th and Gen. MacArthur says, "I have returned." Battle of Leyte Gulf, Oct. 23-26th, the greatest naval engagement in history. U.S. bombers bomb Tokyo on Nov. 24th.
- 1945 Nichiren Shoshu, a sect of Buddhism, began in Japan. The Intervarsity Christian Fellowship united with the Student Foreign Missions Fellowship. Youth for Christ International was formed. The Nag Hammadi manuscripts of the Gnostics were found in Egypt. The United Pentecostal Church, Inc. was formed. Shintoism was abolished in Japan. L. R. SCARBOROUGH died. G. CAMPBELL MORGAN died

May 16th. U.S. forces land on Luzon Jan. 9th. Burma Road opened Jan. 28th. Manila liberated on Feb. 3rd. Yalta Conference held by Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin on Feb. 4-11th. Marines landed on Iwo Jima on Feb. 19th. Flag raised on Mt. Suribachi. Okinawa invaded Apr. 1st. Baron Kantaro Suzuki became prime minister of Japan Apr. 5th. President ROOSEVELT died and Vice-president HARRY S. TRUMAN became the 33rd president on Apr. 12th. MUSSOLINI was killed April 28th. ADOLPH HITLER committed suicide Apr. 30th. Germany surrendered May 7th. VE Day, May 8th. Philippines liberated on July 4th. Potsdam Conference opened in Germany on July 17th with Truman, Churchill and Stalin, called for Japan's unconditional surrender, rejected by Japanese. The atomic bomb, born July 16th at Alamogordo, New Mexico, was dropped on Hiroshima on Aug. 6th from Enola Gay and on Nagasaki on Aug. 9th. Japan surrendered on Aug. 15th. VJ Day, Sept. 2nd, as surrender terms are signed on battleship Missouri in Tokyo Bay. The Nuremberg trials began. The United Nations Organization was chartered on Oct. 24th. War dead: 45 million. Poland and Yugoslavia turned The "Cold War" began.

- 1946 The Church World Service was formed. MIKI TOKUCHIKA formed a new Japanese religion, Pl Kyodan, "Perfect Liberty Church". Sixty-four national Bible Societies merged to form the United Bible Societies. The Evangelical Methodist Church was organized. Segregation was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Syria and Lebanon became independent. The Philippines became a Republic. Albania and Bulgaria turned Communist. U.S. population, 140 million.
- 1947 The Fundamental Fellowship became the Conservative Baptist Association of America in May. The Lutheran World Federation was organized in Sweden. GYPSY SMITH died. W. B. RILEY died. The Dead Sea Scrolls were discovered in the Qumran caves of Jordan. HENRY FORD died. The Laws of HAMMURABI were reconstructed by FRANCIS STEELE from Nippur excavations. Romania turned Communist.

- The Conservative Baptist Home Mission Society was formed. The European Baptist Union was formed. The ORAL ROBERTS Evangelistic Association was formed. The World Council of Churches was formed in Amsterdam. The International Council of Christian Churches was formed. The British withdrew, and on May 15th, the State of Israel was proclaimed. DAVID BEN GURION became the first Prime Minister. The Berlin blockade by Russia. MOHANDES K. GANDHI was assassinated in India. The Arab-Israeli War began. The transistor was invented. North Korea and Czechoslovakia turned Communist.
- 1949 The European Baptist Federation was formed in Switzerland. "The Basic English Bible" was produced. Evangelist BILLY GRAHAM came into national prominence with a Los Angeles crusade. Israel was admitted to the United Nations. Jerusalem was declared the capital of Israel. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) was signed April 4th. The Communist People's Republic was organized under MAO TSE-TUNG in China and seized control. Siam became Thailand. Hungary and East Germany turned Communist.
- 1950 The Baptist Bible Fellowship was formed by G. B. VICK. The World Fundamental Baptist Missionary Fellowship became the World Baptist Fellowship. The Baptist Bible College was founded in Springfield, Missouri. The International Council of Community Churches was formed. The National Council of the Churches of Christ in the United States of America was formed. The Bodily Ascension of Mary into heaven was proclaimed Roman dogma by Pope PIUS XII. World Vision, Inc. was formed by ROBERT WILLARD PIERCE. The North American Baptist Association was formed. The Northern Baptist Convention changed its name to American Baptist Convention. EVAN ROBERTS died. The Baptist Missionary Association of America was formed. The Church of Scientology was formed. "MOTHER" TERESA founded Missionaries of Charity. The U.S. entered the Korean War. Earthquake in Assam. U.S.

- population: 150,697,999. Missionaries were forced to leave China. 5,591 ordained women ministers in the U.S.
- 1951 DEMOS CHAKARIAN and ORAL ROBERTS founded the Full Gospel. Businessmen's Fellowship International was formed in Los Angeles. HARRY A. IRONSIDE died in New Zealand January 15th. The 22nd Amendment to the Constitution set two terms for president. Color television in the U.S. Iran's oil industry was nationalized. Electricity was produced by atomic energy in the U.S.
- The Reformed Methodist Church merged with the Churches of Christ in Christian Union. The Revised Standard Version of the Bible was produced and copyrighted by the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U.S.A. J. FRANK NORRIS died August 20th in Florida. LEWIS SPERRY CHAFER died August 22nd. The Confraternity Old Testament was published.

 **DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER was elected the 34th president. The first U.S. hydrogen bomb was exploded November 6th. Jericho was excavated. ELIZABETH II became Queen of England. Puerto Rico became a U.S. commonwealth.
- 1953 The Church of God of Prophecy was organized. Egypt became a Republic. EDMUND HILLARY climbed Tenzing and Mt. Everest, the world's highest mountain. JOSIP TITO became the first president of Yugoslavia. JOSEF STALIN died in Russia, succeeded by NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV. The Korean War ended.
- SUN MYUNG MOON founded the Unification Church in Korea. L. RON HUBBARD founded the Church of Scientology. The Conservative Mennonite Conference was formed. Occupation of West Germany ended. JONAS SAUK developed an anti-polio serum. The Southeast Asia Treaty Organization was formed. Floods in Britain and the Netherlands claimed over 2,000 lives. Vietnam turned Communist.
- 1955 The National Association of Congregational Christian Churches was formed. T. T. SHIELDS died. *South Vietnam was proclaimed a Republic. The AFL-CIO merged.*

- The Central Baptist Association was formed. DAVID ELTON TRUEBLOOD formed the Earlham School of Religion in Indiana. The Methodist and Presbyterian churches began ordaining women ministers. W. R. NEWELL died. Sudan and Pakistan became Republics. Israeli troops invaded the Sinai Peninsula. Soviet troops took Hungary. GAMAL ABDAL NASSER became president of Egypt and seized the Suez Canal. The rock and roll dance originated.
- 1957 The Syrian Orthodox Church of Antioch was formed. The Bible Way Church of our Lord Jesus Christ World-Wide, Inc. was formed. GEORGE M. LAMSA translated the Aramaic Peshitta text of the Bible into English. The Congregational Church, the Christian Church, the Evangelical Synod and the Reformed Church merged to form the United Church of Christ in America. The "Space Age" began. The thermonuclear bomb was exploded. Israel withdrew from Sinai.
- J. B. PHILLIPS published "The New Testament in Modern English". The United Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. was formed. The Armenian Apostolic Church of America was formed. JOHN XXIII became pope. LOUIS ENTZMINGER died. The United Arab Republic (UAR) was formed by Egypt, Syria and Yemen. The beatnik movement originated. The first U.S. satellite, Explorer I, was launched February 1st. U.S. unemployment reached 5 million. NASA was established.
- 1959 GERRIT VERKUYL produced "The Berkeley Version of the Bible in Modern English". MORDECAI HAM died. The Pentecostal Free Will Baptist Church, Inc. was formed. Pope JOHN XXIII called an Ecumenical Council. The Chinese occupied Tibet. Alaska was admitted as the 49th state. Hawaii was admitted as the 50th state. FIDEL CASTRO seized power in Cuba and Cuba turned Communist. CHARLES DeGAULLE became president of France. A Russian spaceship reached the moon. The U.S. auto accident toll reached 1.25 million.
- 1960 The American Lutheran Church was formed by a merger of the American Lutheran Church, the Evangelical Lutheran Church

and the United Evangelical Lutheran Church. The Charismatic Movement began in many churches. The "Death of God" theology was advanced by GABRIEL VAHANIAN. JOHN F. KENNEDY was elected the 35th president, the first Catholic president. The European Free Trade Association was formed. A U.S. submarine circumnavigated the globe under water. An earthquake in Morocco killed 12,000. U.S. population: 179,323,000.

- 1961 The American Unitarian Association (1825) and the Universalist Church of America (1793) merged to form the Unitarian Universalist Association. The Church of the Lutheran Confession was formed. The Progressive National Baptist Association, Inc. was formed from the National Baptist Convention, U.S.A., Inc. The "New English Bible" was produced. The Berlin Wall was constructed. Jewish synagogues were closed in Moscow. The Young American Peace Corps was formed. ALAN SHEPARD manned the first U.S. space flight. Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba.
- 1962 The Lutheran Church in America was formed by a merger of the United Lutheran Church in America (1918), the Augustana Evangelical Lutheran Church (1860), the American Evangelical Lutheran Church (1872) and the Finnish Evangelical Lutheran Church (1890). The Association of Free Lutheran Congregations was formed. The Evangelical Unity of the Czech-Moravian Brethren in North America took the name of Unity of the Brethren. The Full Gospel Fellowship of Churches and Ministers, International, was formed. The Jewish Publication Society published "The Torah", a translation of the Holy Scriptures according to the Masoretic Text. A Second Vatican Council met in Rome. The U.S. established a military command in South Vietnam. World population reached 3.1 billion. Earthquake in Iran killed 12,000. Avalanche in Peru killed 3,000. JOHN GLENN orbited the earth three times. The Supreme Court ruled public school prayers unconstitutional.

- 1963 The Anglican Orthodox Church was founded by JAMES PARKER DEES from the Protestant Episcopal Church. A. W. TOZER died May 12th. PAUL VI became pope. ORAL ROBERTS began his University in Tulsa, Oklahoma. MARTIN LUTHER KING made his march on Washington and gave his "I Have A Dream" speech on August 28th. Major religions: 579.5 million Catholics, 418 million Protestants, 589 million Muslim, 478 million Hindus, 255 million Buddhists, 14.3 million Jews. President KENNEDY was assassinated November 22nd by LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Dallas, Texas. Vice-president LYNDON B. JOHNSON became the 36th president. U.S. astronaut COOPER completed 22 orbits of the earth. Kenya became a Republic. Earthquakes killed 2,000 in Yugoslavia. Hurricanes killed 22,000 in East Pakistan and 4,000 in Cuba.
- 1964 FRANCES E. SIEWERT produced "The Amplified Bible".

 "The Anchor Bible" was produced in 38 volumes. An
 earthquake killed 114 in Alaska. The 24th Amendment to the
 Constitution abolished the poll tax. The Vietnam War began. The
 Equal Opportunity Act passed. China exploded their first nuclear
 bomb. HERBERT HOOVER died October 20th. Antipoverty
 legislation was signed. LEONID BREZHNEV became leader of
 the USSR.
- 1965 The Evangelical Friends Alliance was formed. The Friends
 United Meeting was formed. The Reformed Presbyterian
 Church merged with the Evangelical Presbyterian Church to
 form the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Evangelical Synod.
 Swami ABHAY CHARAN DE BHAKTIVEDANTI founded
 the International Society for Krishna Consciousness in America.
 The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts
 united with the Universities Mission to Central Africa to form
 the United Society for Promoting the Gospel. BOB SHULER
 died. M. R. DeHAAN died December 13th. Pope PAUL VI
 exonerated the Jews of blame for the death of Jesus Christ. First
 flight around the world over both poles. Race riots in Watts.
 Earthquake in Chile. Tornadoes in the U.S. Cyclones and floods

killed 12,700 in Pakistan. American troops arrived in Vietnam. Medicare Bill passed.

- "The Jerusalem Bible" was published in English for Roman Catholics. The National Conference of Catholic Bishops was formed. Catholic Pentecostalism began at Duquesne University in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. The National Sunday School Union of 1903 became the National Christian Education Council. The ban on eating meat on Fridays was lifted for U.S. Catholics. "Surveyor I" landed on the moon. Floods in Italy. Earthquake in Turkey killed 2,400. First artificial heart transplant. Chinese Cultural Revolution began. U.S. population reached 195,827,000.
- Missionary and Alliance minister DAVID BRANDT BERG (MOSES DAVID) founded the cult "The Children of God" from "The Jesus People". The Council for Clinical Training and the Institute of Pastoral Care merged to form the Association for Clinical Pastoral Education. The "Right to Life" movements began. Dr. CHRISTIAN BARNARD performed the world's first human heart transplant. Israel and Syria went to war. The Six-Day War. China exploded their first hydrogen bomb. The 25th Amendment to the Constitution was ratified.
- 1968 TROY D. PERRY formed the Universal Fellowship of Metropolitan Community Churches (Homosexual). The North American Baptist Association changed its name to Baptist Missionary Association. The Evangelical Church of North America was formed in Oregon in June. VICTOR PAUL WIERWILLE founded The Way International in Ohio. The Wesleyan Methodist Church merged with the Pilgrim Holiness Church to form the Wesleyan Church. The Methodist Church and the Evangelical United Brethren Church united to form the United Methodist Church. HERBERT W. ARMSTRONG incorporated the Worldwide Church of God. CHARLES E. FULLER died March 18th. BOB JONES died. ALVA J. McCLAIN died. MARTIN LUTHER KING was killed by

JAMES EARL RAY. Pope PAUL VI condemned all forms of artificial contraception. The Medellin Conference advanced liberation theology. "Surveyor 7" landed on the moon. "Apollo 8" with 3 astronauts orbited the moon. Senator ROBERT KENNEDY was killed in Los Angeles by SIRHAN SIRHAN. RICHARD M. NIXON was elected the 37th president. France exploded their first hydrogen bomb. Russia invaded Czechoslovakia. Earthquake in Iran killed 12,000. The USS Pueblo was seized by North Korea.

- The Missionary Church Association and the United Missionary Church merged to form the Missionary Church. The Church of God in Christ International was formed. "Apollo 11" with NEIL ARMSTRONG, EDWIN ALDRIN and MICHAEL COLLINS landed on the moon July 20th. "Apollo 12" with CONRAD and BEAN landed on the moon. The CHARLES MANSON murders in Los Angeles. The U.S. withdrew from Vietnam. Oil was discovered in Alaska. GOLDA MIER became Prime Minister of Israel. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER died March 29th. South Yemen turned Communist. World population reached 3.5 billion.
- CHARLES H. DODD produced "The New English Bible". The Catholic Biblical Association of America published "The New American Bible". The Lutheran Church began ordaining women as ministers. The American Baptist Fellowship was formed. SADAT succeeded NASSER in Egypt. Five students were killed at Kent State University by the National Guard. Earthquake in Peru killed 50,000. Cyclones and tidal waves killed 500,000 in East Pakistan. Congo and Chile turned Communist. U.S. population: 205 million.
- JAY P. GREEN published: "The King James II Version of the Bible." The Jesus Movement became a religion in America. The Lockman Foundation produced "The New American Standard Bible." "Apollo 15" landed on the moon. The 26th Amendment to the Constitution allowed 18-year olds to vote. The Indo-China War spread to Laos and Cambodia. Civil War in Bangladesh and Pakistan. Congo was renamed Zaire. Earthquakes killed 60

in Los Angeles; 1,000 in Turkey. Cyclones and tidal waves killed 15,000 in Bengal. 20 million Chinese died in a 3-year famine.

- 1972 DALLAS BILLINGTON died August 26th. Episcopals ordained eleven women as priests. The first female Rabbi was ordained in the U.S. in Reform Judaism. England, Ireland, Norway and Denmark joined the European Common Market. President NIXON visited China and the USSR. "Apollo 16" with WATTS and DUKE and "Apollo 17" with CERNAN and SCHMITT landed on the moon. Soviet "Venus 8" landed on Venus. Bangladesh was established as a sovereign state. Ceylon was renamed Sri Lanka. The Watergate affair in Washington. GEORGE WALLACE was shot by ARTHUR BREMER. Eleven Israeli athletes were killed at the Munich Olympics. HARRY S. TRUMAN died December 26th. Floods killed 122 in the U.S. Earthquakes killed 12,000 in Nicaragua; 5,000 in Iran.
- 1973 The National Presbyterian Church and the Presbyterian Church in America were formed. The U.S. Supreme Court legalized abortion. The Vietnam War cease-fire was signed. Mt. Asama volcano erupted in Japan. Earthquake in Western Mexico. The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) was formed. Energy (oil) crisis came as Libya took control of U.S. oil interests. The Watergate trials were held. Vice-president SPIRO AGNEW resigned and GERALD R. FORD was appointed Vice-president. Egypt and Syria invaded Israel. LYNDON B. JOHNSON died January 22nd. Chile overthrew the Communists.
- The Lausanne Conference on World Evangelization was held.

 The Sears Tower in Chicago, 110 stories high, became the tallest building in the world. Soviet space probe landed on Mars.

 A jet plane flew from New York to London in 1 hour and 55 minutes. Gasoline shortages. President NIXON resigned August 9th and Vice-president GERALD R. FORD became the 38th president. The homosexuals won a discrimination suit against AT&T. Emperor HAILE SELASSIE was deposed in Ethiopia and Ethiopia turned Communist. World population reached 3.782

billion. Tornadoes killed 300 in the U.S. Hurricane killed 8,000 in Honduras. Smallpox epidemic killed 20,000 in India. Earthquake killed 5,000 in Pakistan.

- The Antiochian Orthodox Christian Archdiocese of All North America was formed. The Antiochian Orthodox Christian Archdiocese of New York and All North America merged with the Antiochian Archdiocese of Toledo, Ohio and Dependencies in North America to form the Antiochian Orthodox Christian Archdiocese of North America. G. B. VICK died September 29th. "The New American Sunday Missal" was published for Roman Catholics. Astronomers found a galaxy ten times larger than our Milky Way, 8 billion light years from earth. Civil War in Ethiopia. U.S. troops were evacuated from Vietnam. Earthquake in Burma; 2,312 killed in Turkey. Volcano erupted in Hawaii. Alaskan oil pipeline construction began. Cambodia, Mozambique, Angola and Laos turned Communist.
- 1976 The Lutherans formed the Association of Evangelical Lutheran Churches. The International Pentecostal Assemblies and the Pentecostal Church of Christ merged to form the International Pentecostal Church of Christ. Six women were ordained as priests in the Anglican Church. ROBERT G. BRATCHER produced "The Good News Bible" (Today's English Version). OLIVER B. GREENE died July 26th. A break occurred among the Lutherans over interpretation of the Bible. Chairman MAO TSE-TUNG of China died in September. JAMES EARL CARTER was elected the 39th president. The U.S. celebrated its Bicentennial. The U.S. landed "Viking 1" on Mars. North and South Vietnam united. Riots in Capetown, South Africa. 155 women were admitted to the U.S. Air Force Academy. Earthquakes killed 655,000 in China, 22,000 in Guatemala, 4,000 in Turkey.
- 1977 The Light of the Way Open Door Church merged with the Independent Holiness Church to form the Congregational Bible Holiness Church. The Temple Scroll (from the Dead Seas Scrolls) was published in Israel. 19 million Americans are

involved in spiritualism. 10,470 women are now ordained in the ministry. The U.S. tested the neutron bomb. U.S. population: 216 million. The Alaska pipeline was completed. The U.S. gave the Panama Canal to Panama. More riots and violence in South Africa. Cyclones killed over 20,000 in India. Earthquakes killed 589 in Iran; 1,541 in Romania.

- The Shroud of Turin was discovered. Female American Episcopal Priest MARY SIMPSON preached at Westminster Abbey. The International Bible Society produced "The New International Version of the Bible". The World Vision International was formed. R. G. LEE died July 20th. Pope PAUL VI died. Pope JOHN PAUL I died. Polish pope JOHN PAUL II ruled the Catholic Church. 913 people belonging to JIM JONES' People's Temple cult committed suicide at Jonestown, Guyana. Test-tube baby LOUISE BROWN was born in England. Afghanistan turned Communist. World population estimated at 4.4 billion. Earthquakes in Greece, Japan, Mexico and Europe. Earthquake killed 25,000 in Iran.
- 1979 Shi'ite Islam became the state religion in Iran. Russia invaded Afghanistan. Prime Minister BEGIN of Israel signed a peace treaty with Egypt. AYATOLLAH KOHOMEINI proclaimed an Islamic Republic in Iran. Panama took possession of the Panama Canal. A "Black Hole" was discovered in the Milky Way. JERRY FALWELL organized the Moral Majority in Virginia. Pope PAUL II visited Poland. Nicaragua turned Communist. A Caribbean storm killed 1,100. A Java volcano killed 175.
- 1980 JOHN R. RICE died December 29th. Mt. Saint Helens erupted and killed 66 in Washington state. Iran and Iraq went to war. RONALD REAGAN was elected the 40th president. 125,000 Cuban refugees were taken into the U.S. U.S. population is 226,550,000. Gold prices reached \$835.00 per ounce. The capital of Israel was moved from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem.

- 1981 President REAGAN was shot and wounded by JOHN W. HINCKLEY, JR. Israel invaded Iraq and annexed Golan Heights.
- 1982 The Presbyterian Church in America and the Reformed Presbyterian Church in America, Evangelical Synod, merged to form the Reformed Presbyterian Church. *The Falkland Island War between Britain and Argentina. Israel invaded Lebanon.*YURI ANDROPOV became leader of the USSR.
- The American Lutheran Church, the Lutheran Church in America and the Association of Evangelical Lutheran Churches merged into the 5.3 million member Evangelical Lutheran Church in America. The United Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. North and the Presbyterian Church in the U.S. South merged to form the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A. *The U.S. Marines were assigned to Lebanon. U.S. troops invaded Grenada.*
- 1984 FRANCIS A. SCHAEFFER died May 15th. B. R. LAKIN died March 15th. RAYMOND BARBER withdrew from the World Baptist Fellowship and formed the Independent Baptist Fellowship International May 10th and began the Norris Bible Baptist Institute. The Metropolitan Community Churches (Homosexual) were denied membership in the National Council of Churches. KONSTANTIN CHERNENKO became leader of the USSR.
- The number of Islam followers reached one billion. AMY EILBERG became the first ordained female Rabbi in Conservative Judaism. Scientists announced the "clay life" theory, that "an accumulation of chemical mistakes in clay led to life on earth." MIKHAIL GORBACHEV became leader of the USSR.
- The world's population passed the 5-billion mark on July 7th. The U.S. population of 242,651,000 was composed of 66% Protestant, 26% Catholic and 3% Jewish.
- Homosexual and lesbian ordination was endorsed by 1,000 members of the Methodist Clergywomen's meeting in New

Jersey. The Council of Bible Believing Churches International was formed October 29th. *One-fourth of all American children born this year were born out of wedlock.* 300,000 homosexuals marched on Washington D.C. demanding legal recognition of lesbian and gay relationships. 2,000 homosexual couples exchanged vows at "The Wedding" on October 10th.

1988 The Episcopal Healing Ministry Foundation opened in Cincinnati, Ohio. Islam became the 8th largest religious denomination in the U.S. with 3 million followers. DAVID OTIS FULLER, pastor of Wealth Street Baptist Church in Grand Rapids, Michigan for 40 years, died February 28th. The United Missionary Fellowship and World Evangelism Fellowship merged to form Biblical Ministries Worldwide. The Christian Reformed Church reports a membership of over 300,000 in 920 congregations. The Orthodox Presbyterian Church withdrew from the Reformed Episcopal Synod. The United Church of Christ with 1.7 million members and the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ) with 1.1 million members, announced a plan to merge in 1989. The Mormons report a membership of 6.44 million with 34,750 missionaries. The Presbyterian Church in America reports a membership of 160,000. DAVID BARNETT, a world missions expert, estimates an average of 330,000 Christians around the world are martyred for their faith each year. GEORGE HERBERT WALKER BUSH was elected the 41st president. The third worst drought in U.S. history killed 10,000 people and cost \$30 billion. 250,000 died of starvation in Sudan.

1989 Azerbaijan withdrew from the USSR September 23rd.

1990 The Independent Baptist Fellowship was organized by a group of churches from the General Association of Regular Baptist Churches. There are now 20,730 ordained women in the ministry. Iraq invaded Kuwait August 2nd. The following USSR republics withdrew from the USSR: Lithuania March 11th, Uzbekistan June 20th, Ukraine July 16th, Byelorussia July 27th,

Turkmenia August 22, Armenia August 23rd and Tadzhikistan August 25th.

- 1991 The Cooperative Baptist Fellowship was organized by DANIEL G. VESTAL and JOHN H. HEWETT from the "moderates" in the Southern Baptist Convention at Atlanta, Georgia in May. War with Iraq started January 16th, cease fire on February 28th. The following USSR republics withdrew from the USSR on August 27th: Estonia, Georgia and Moldavia. The Soviet Union was officially dissolved on December 8th after 70 years. A Commonwealth of Independent States was created by Russia, Byelorussia and Ukraine.
- The Universal Fellowship of Metropolitan Community Churches (Homosexuals) organized in 1968 has grown to a 27,000 member denomination of 265 congregations. MARIA JEPSEN was elected the first female bishop of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America. *The population of Israel is 5.09 million on their 44th anniversary. Riots in Los Angeles.*